United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS us	se only			
received	AUG 2	: 3	198	5
date ente	^{red} SE	P	9	1985

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic	Grand Hòtel			
and or common	Grand Hotel			
2. Loca	ation	· ·		
street & number	139 McLeod Stree	t		N/A not for publication
city, town	Big Timber	N/A vicinity of		
state Mon	tana code	030 county	Sweetgrass	code 097
3. Clas	sification			
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status occupied _X unoccupied _X work in progress Accessible _X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper			
name street & number	Mrs. Penelope P. Rd. 3, Box 73	Wilson		
city, town	Malvern	N∠A_ vicinity of	state	PA 19355
5. Loca	ation of Lega	I Descriptio	on	<u></u>
	stry of deeds, etc.	County Courthouse	- Sweetgrass Cou	nty
street & number				
city, town	Big Timber		state	Montana
<u>6. Rep</u>	resentation i	n Existing S	Surveys	
title	N/A	has this pro	perty been determined e	eligible?yes \underline{X} no
date			federal st	ate county local
depository for su	irvey records			
city, town			state	

7. Description

Condition excellent good fair	<pre> deteriorated ruins unexposed</pre>	Check one unaltered _X altered	Check one _X_ original site moved dateN/A
G +			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The two story, masonry Grand Hotel is prominently located at the corner of 2nd Avenue and McLeod Street in the center of Big Timber's commercial district. Built in 1890, the rectangular-shaped building exhibits elements typical of late 19th century commercial architecture found in railroad towns in many Western states. Uncoursed sandstone foundation walls extend to the second floor level of the original portion of the structure along 2nd Avenue, part of the rear of the building, and along the north wall. Brick is used for the primary facade, the entire second story, and the rear additions. The symmetrically arranged facade is pierced at regular intervals on the second floor by 1/1 double hung sash windows with flat stone lintels and sills. Originally the main entrance to the hotel dining room and office was set in the clipped corner at a 45 degree angle while the entrance to the main stairway to the second floor hotel rooms was located at the center of the primary facade on McLeod St. The right half of the first floor has been modified so that the former McLeod St. entrance was replaced by a centrally-located doorway flanked by two large plate glass picture windows and the former office entrance at the southeast corner of the building was permanently closed at an undetermined date. Recessed brick panels are found between the first and second floors, and above each second story window on the main facade. Parapet corbeling provides a visually appealing pattern at the cornice. A number of painted signs are visible on the building, the most prominent being the "Grand Hotel" at the top of the north wall's west corner. Below this, a "Levi Strauss" advertisement is still visible beneath more recent advertising additions.

The Grand Hotel has undergone a number of minor alterations since its construction. Originally built in a rectangular form with a small "L"-shaped rear addition for the kitchen, the building was enlarged between 1896 and 1907 when the rear ell was infilled. Two cast iron columns were added between 1907-1914 to the north half of the McLeod Street facade to create an open storefront for the tavern and billiard room. The rear kitchen, also completed to its present form between 1907-1914, is of brick construction with little detail for the full two story height.

The overall interior function and room arrangement of the Grand Hotel have changed only slightly over time. Between 1907 and 1914 the central stairway to the second floor was relocated. The present lobby staircase, with large wooden newels and turned wood balusters, is located adjacent to the original central staircase. Remodeling on the first floor has eliminated some of the other original interior details. A limited number of doors and windows still retain original wood frames and original wall finishes are visible in one small lower level room. All hotel doors on the back portion of the second level still have original trim, transoms, and hardware, but do not match details in the front of the hotel.

Although the first floor McLeod Street facade has been changed, the Grand Hotel possesses sufficient integrity of design, materials and detailing to successfully evoke the historic period of the building's construction.

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—C	heck and justify below		
prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	archeology-prehistoric	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	Iandscape architecture Iaw Iiterature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)

Specific dates 1890-91

Builder/Architect

Jacob Halverson, Builder Architect, Unknown

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Built in 1890, the Grand Hotel is of local historical significance because for ninety-five years this building has served as an important center for social and commercial activity in Big Timber, Montana. The building pays tribute to a time when its owner and the community envisioned Big Timber's rapid growth and development. The Northern Pacific Railway established a depot at Big Timber in 1883 and within ten years the community became the "natural business center for a large scope of country, [drawing] trade from great distances"1. Only four years prior to the construction of the Grand Hotel, Big Timber still had the appearance of a frontier town, with sod-roofed log structures and a few false-fronted frame buildings built along its rocky main street fronting the rail line. During the late 1880's and early 1890's Big Timber's stock and trade as a shipping point for the rapidly expanding wool industry and an outfitting center for the Boulder River drainage mining fields occasioned a rapid increase in population and new, masonry construction to replace the earlier, less permanent buildings. The Livingston Enterprise reported in December, 1891 that "[D]uring the past year closing the growth of Big Timber has been marvelous, fully \$150,000 having been spent during that time in the way of buildings and improvements"2. McLeod St., which runs perpendicular to the rail line, became the primary commercial street during this expansion. The Grand Hotel was one of the many new, masonry buildings constructed between 1890-1893 along McLeod and one of the very few early commercial structures to survive the extensive fire of 1908. Built to serve as one of the most comfortable and best equipped hotels, the Grand provided overnight accomodations, a place to meet, socialize, and discuss business for the sheep ranchers bringing their wagon trains of raw wool to the rail head from up to fifty miles away during the summer months, for the area miners scattered in the Sweet Grass hills and the Crazy Mountain camps, and for the expanding in-town population. The Grand Hotel is an early landmark in the community, located on a prominent corner in the center of the business district, and has served as an essential place to gather, hear news, and do business in this small Montana trade center for almost 100 years.

The opening of the Grand Hotel was a major event, signifying prosperity and a greater degree of permanence for the community of approximately 265 residents. At the dedication of the building in 1891, the residents of Big Timber expressed their gratitude to Jacob Halverson, the Sweet Grass County sheep rancher who financed the hotel's construction, by giving him a gold watch with the inscription, "From your friends in Big Timber." Built at a cost of 20,000, the hotel originally contained a spacious bar and billiards room, barber shop, baggage room, dining room with 60 seat capacity, and "Chinese laundry" in the basement. In 1897, the building was remodeled to "more conveniently arrange every department." Guest rooms "have all been recarpeted and repapered and each of them looks as fresh and inviting as one could desire. New carpets also adorn the halls and there is an air of cleanliness and comfort about the 40 sleeping apartments the house affords, which is most alluring. The rates at the Grand are \$2 and \$2.50 per day and no house in the state furnishes better returns for the money." Although not enjoying a monopoly on the trade, the Grand claimed a position as the premier hotel in Big Timber.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Big Timber Express (Montana), Holiday Edition, 1897; and Fire Edition, 1908. Illustrated History of the Yellowstone Valley. Spokane: Western Historical Pub. Co., 1907 The Pioneer Society of Sweet Grass County Montana. Pioneer Memories. Big Timber, MT: Pioneer Publishing Company, 1960. **Geographical Data** 10. Acreage of nominated property Less than one acre Quadrangle scale 1:24000 Quadrangle name Big Timber, MT **UTM References** В 5 8 1 2 5 1.2 נ_ו 7, 9, 5, 7, 0, 5] Northing Zone Zone Easting Easting Northing С D F G Verbal boundary description and justification Lots 11 & 12 Block 14, Original Townsite Sweetgrass County, Big Timber, Montana List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state N/A code county code code county state code Form Prepared By 1 Michael F. O'Leary, AIA; Christopher M. Schiltz, AIA name/title Schiltz & O'Leary Architects March 20, 1985 date organization (406) 245-5199 2906 1st Avenue N, Suite 302 street & number telephone Billings MT state city or town **State Historic Preservation Officer Certification** 2 The evaluated significance of this property within the state is: X__ local _ national ___ state As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. Jama Buck State Historic Preservation Officer signature & Koushatin August 14, 1985 SHPO Surry Deputy date title For NPS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register date Keeper of the National Register date Attest:

Chief of Registration

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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OMB No. 1024-0018 Expires 10-31-87

Continuation sheet	Item number 8	8 Page 1	
By the time of the construction of the Gr a significant wool exporting community alo hospital, 100-barrel roller mill, bank, three buted to a sense of permanency in Big Tim shipped to Midwestern markets from Big Timber in 1902. In 1908, however, a fire swept t of the residential and commercial building While nearly all of the businesses along M blaze, the Grand Hotel survived intact.	ng the Norther e hotels and a ber. In 1900 and a local wo hrough the com s resulting in	rn Pacific railroad line. A new a court house built in 1897 contri- 0, 4,500,000 pounds of wool wer ool processing mill was established mmunity destroying over one third n more than \$400,000 in damages.	new ci- ere ned ird 5.4

- 1. Illustrated History of the Yellowstone Valley, Spokane, Wa.: Western Historical Publishing Company, 1908, p. 218.
- 2. Ibid., p. 220
- 3. Big Timber Express, Holiday Edition, 1897, n.p.
- Big Timber Pioneer, 13 March 1908, p. 1. 4.