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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

NATIONAL PARK SE

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT

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DATE ENTERED

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC

First United Methodist Church

AND/OR COMMON

LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

	618 Wallace Avenu	e	NOT FOR PUBLICA	ION
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL	DISTRICT
	Coeur d'Alene	VICINITY OF	First	
STATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
	Idaho	16	Kootenai	055 🛶

CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENTUSE
DISTRICT X_BUILDING(S) STRUCTURE SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC X_PRIVATE BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION IN PROCESS BEING CONSIDERED	XOCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED WORK IN PROGRESS ACCESSIBLE XYES: RESTRICTED YES: UNRESTRICTED NO	AGRICULTURE COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	MUSEUM PARK PRIVATE RESIDENCE X.RELIGIOUS SCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATION OTHER:

	NAME		
		First United Methodist Church	
	STREET & NUMBER	R	
		618 Wallace Avenue	
	CITY, TOWN		STATE
		Coeur d'Alene VICINITY OF	Idaho
	LOCATIO	ON OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION	
	COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEI	DS,ETC. Kootenai County Courthouse	
· ·	STREET & NUMBER		
	CITY, TOWN		STATE
		Coeur d'Alene	Idaho
6	REPRESE	INTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS	3
	TITLE		
		Idaho State Historic Sites Inventory	
	DATE		17
		1972FEDERAL	X STATECOUNTYLOCAL
	DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Idaho State Historical Society	
	CITY, TOWN		STATE
		Boise	Idaho

7⁻ DESCRIPTION

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cc	NDITION	CHECK ONE	СНЕСК С	DNE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	X_ORIGINAL	SITE
	RUINS	XALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The First United Methodist Church, a white pressed brick building, is distinguished by its stepped gabled facade and combination of a low and high tower. The towers have mock battlements, and the taller tower terminates with a spire, while the lower has a hipped roof with a finial. The building has a cruciform plan with the shallow transepts also having stepped gables.

Window arches, all of terra cotta, are varied. All first story windows have segmental arches, but the short tower's windows have flat arches, the taller tower's ventilators have Tudor arches and the transepts' and facade's major window has a Gothic arch. All the windows are stained glass and have tracery. The Coeur d'Alene <u>Journal</u> of February 26, 1909, claimed the north end window depicting an Easter scene was "easily the finest window of its kind in this part of the country."

The building remains unaltered except for the Education building which was added to the right rear in 1957.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 X1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE XARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1906-1908	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT George Willia	ums

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The First United Methodist Church is architecturally significant for a stepped gabled facade which is unique in Idaho church buildings. It has a visually tight design with a major and a minor tower, characteristic of many Methodist churches of this period. Its stained glass windows are also noteworthy.

Voluntary labor constructed most of this church which was designed by George Williams, Coeur d'Alene's foremost architect of the time. Williams did very few churches in Idaho.

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DHR ATTEST

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0 forkeeper of the NATIONAL REGISTER

February 26,	<u>nal</u> , December 14, 1909, p. 1, c. 3-4. <u>ts and Oddfellows</u> ,			
OGEOGRAPHICAL ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROF UTM REFERENCES	DATA PERTY_less than one	acre.		
A 1 1 5 1 7 0 8 0 ZONE EASTING C 1 1 1 1 1 VERBAL BOUNDARY DESC	0 5,28,01,4,5 NORTHING	B ZONE EA D L		
Wallace Avenue.	udes the real estat	e owned by the	Methodist church	at 618
1993 - 1995 - 1905 - 19	:		an star the construction	
LIST ALL STATES AN	D COUNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING S	TATE OR COUNTY BOL	NDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	······································	CODE
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ORGANIZATION	ical Society		DATE 18 Fan	78
Idaho State Histor:			TELEPHONE	
STREET & NUMBER			384-2120	
	vis Drive		STATE	
STREET & NUMBER 610 North Julia Day	vis Drive		state Idaho	
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STREET & NUMBER 610 North Julia Dav CITY OR TOWN Boise 2 STATE HISTORIC THE EVA	C PRESERVATIO LUATED SIGNIFICANCE O STA Preservation Officer for the or inclusion in the National by the National Park Service	FTHIS PROPERTY WIT TE X National Historic Prese Register and certify th	Idaho ERTIFICATIO HIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL rvation Act of 1966 (Pub at it has been evaluated	lic Law 89-665), I
STREET & NUMBER 610 North Julia Day CITY OR TOWN Boise 2 STATE HISTORIC THE EVA NATIONAL As the designated State Historic hereby nominate this property for	C PRESERVATIO LUATED SIGNIFICANCE O STA Preservation Officer for the or inclusion in the National by the National Park Service	FTHIS PROPERTY WIT TE X National Historic Prese Register and certify th	Idaho ERTIFICATIO HIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL rvation Act of 1966 (Pub at it has been evaluated	lic Law 89-665), I

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 1

The 1957 addition in no way relates to the original design. It is one-story in height, of red-brick construction and contemporary utilitarian design. However, attached as it is to the right rear corner of the church, it does not seriously compromise the visual impact of the original. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 1

The Coeur d'Alene Methodist Church is significant architecturally as an eclectic example of a transitional type of ecclesiastic building which tended to occur in Idaho in the first decade of the 20th century, designed by one of Coeur d'Alene and North Idaho's foremost architects of the period.

The church relates in scale and material to a number of contemporary Protestant structures in the smaller Idaho cities whose congregations were prepared at this time to build substantial buildings; it is comparable in this regard to the Baptist church in Blackfoot, the no-longer-extant Presbyterian Church in Twin Falls, or the Presbyterian Church in Coeur d'Alene itself. Such structures are often of brick and are intermediate in size between the frame structures in which most Idaho churches began their congregational lives, and the more massive structures, often of stone, which were built by major congregations ready to make such an investment in the 'teens and 'twenties: e.g. the Methodists in Idaho Falls, Twin Falls, Lewiston. Stylistically, the church with its dominant left tower and consequently picturesque, assymetrical profile is related to other Methodist churches of the period (Blackfoot and Moscow Methodist are examples) and to contemporary churches of other denominations: e.g. the splendid St. Thomas Catholic in Coeur d'Alene. It is stvlistically a precursor of the more monumental and symmetrical stone structures the Methodist congregations mentioned above would build in the 'teens.

The special significance of Coeur d'Alene Methodist is its vigorous eclecticism. which appears to be a function of its design by an architect of substantial energy and originality who was not, however, much experienced in church design. George Williams, a native of Iowa who had practiced for 12 years in Eastern Oregon, settled in Coeur d'Alene in 1903. He designed many of the finest buildings in the city, among them the City Hall, Masonic Temple, Nixon and other business blocks, and a number of large residences. Even more regularly, he designed school buildings. Twenty Idaho and eastern Washington examples are mentioned in the Coeur d'Alene papers during the period 1905-1911. During this same period only two churches are mentioned, the no longer extant Lady of the Lakes, 1905, and the 1906 Coeur d'Alene Methodist. The design of the latter dates from early in Williams' Idaho career, and seems to represent a rare type within it. And it was provided to a congregation sufficiently unaffluent as to build its own church primarily with donated labor and hold the cost to \$10,000. The church may possibly be seen therefore as somewhat experimental, novitiate work. Its exuberant eclecticism stands in favor of this argument: the use, for example, of four different kinds of arch--segmental, flat, pointed and Tudor--on the same facade. And the picturesque stepped gable is to our present knowledge unique in Idaho.

CONTINUATION SHEET

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 1

This nomination includes the First United Methodist Church in Coeur d'Alene and the property on which it stands at 618 Wallace Avenue: lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, block 27, Coeur d'Alene and Kings Addition.