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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS 1 NAME

HISTORIC

PATEE HOUSE

AND/OR COMMON Patee House Museum

2 LOCATION

	•			
STREET & NUMBER	12th and Penn Street	q		
			NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN St.	Joseph	VICINITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTR 006 (sixth)	ICT
STATE	······································	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Mis	souri 29		Buchanan	021
3 CLASSIFIC	CATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	XMUSEUM
EUILDING(S)			COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	
	-BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
STREET & NUMBER 331 CITY. TOWN St.	N OF LEGAL DESCR	VICINITY OF IPTION	ess Historical Associ STATE Missouri 64505	ation
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN	St. Joseph		STATE Missouri	
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXISTI	NG SURVEYS	3	
	toric Sites Survey			
DATE 1960)	X.FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Historic Sites Survey	, 1100 L Street	N.W.	
CITY, TOWN	Washington	, DUICEL,	D.C.	

7' DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK	DNE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED		SITE
GOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

In 1856 John Patee began construction of the Patee House, a huge hotel at the foot of a bluff on Penn Street at 12th in St. Joseph, Missouri. The Patee House was an imposing structure of red brick, four stories tall and built in the shape of a "U". A two-story center section was enclosed on three sides. The block-size structure featured several balconies, front steps running the length of the building and an ornate cupola. The dining room was well equipped with steam tables and the floors were covered throughout with thick, red carpeting.

The Patee House was completed in 1858 and was very profitable until the outbreak of the Civil War. Its conversion into a shirt factory in 1885 led to massive interior alterations. The building was vacated in 1957 and stood empty for five years. During that time, the interior was continuously vandalized. In 1963 the Pony Express Historical Association was formed, and through their efforts the building was saved from demolition.

In 1975 the Patee House was partially restored. The cupola was replaced but balconies and the steps which ran the length of the west side of the hotel have not yet been reconstructed. The interior has been largely altered through the years but retains the second-floor ballroom, several original hotel rooms and a staircase. These will be restored as funds permit. Several areas have been renovated for use as museum space. One such area, the "Transportation Hall," contains antique cars, wagons, buggies, fire trucks, sleighs, and the 90-foot Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad steam locomotive and mail car. The museum has been open free to the public since its inception.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X-1800-1899 1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE ARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE &COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY INVENTION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1860	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Patee House in St. Joseph, Missouri was the headquarters for Russell, Majors, and Waddell, the owners of the Pony Express. The cannon which inaugurated the opening of the Express was fired in front of this building on April 3, 1860. Arthur Chapman describes the Patee House as follows in The Pony Express:

In keeping with its dignity as the chief way-point between East and West, St. Joseph had provided itself with a hotel which was one of the marvels of the time. John Patee, in 1856, began the construction of what was to be the finest hotel in the West. The Patee House cost \$200,000, but, unfortunately for its promoter, its location was such that the project could not be made to pay. Stage coaches ran special excursions when the hotel was opened. Guests came from Liberty, and Weston and all the way from Hannibal. The long hitching rack in front of the hotel was lined with the "rigs" of the young bloods from St. Joseph and vicinity. But the railroad terminal, instead of being located on Penn Street, as Patee had been assured, was built several blocks away, at Eighth and Olive streets, and St. Joseph's marvel among hotels was a financial failure from the start.

Many distinguished guests of stage-coach days put up at the Patee House, notwithstanding. For the east-bound it afforded the first glorious plunge into the luxuries which the "States" possessed and the frontier lacked. For those bound west, it afforded a farewell revelry in such luxuries. William H. Russell and Alexander Majors were familiar figures about the Patee House when they were establishing their stage line and later the Pony Express. Richard F. Burton, keen to penetrate the mysteries of Mormondom; Horace Greeley and the correspondent Albert D. Richardson, intent on "writing up" the Colorado gold camps; adventurers headed for the distant excitements of Washoe; sportsmen who wanted to shoot buffaloes and perhaps have a not-too-dangerous brush with Indians--such figures gave the corridors of the Patee House something more than local swank. *******

Upwards of thirty riders, a large proportion of those selected to ride the eastern half of the trail, had been quartered at the Patee House, at company expense. The boys found that nothing in St. Joe was too good for them. Dances were given at the big hotel, and the "Pony " riders were privileged to dance in the costumes which they were to wear in the saddle, even spurs being permitted.

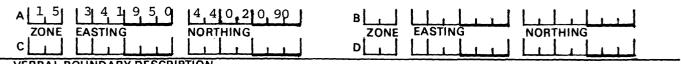
(continued)

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Chapman, Arthur, <u>The Pony Express</u>, 1932. Chilcote, Gary, "Patee House History," unpublished ms., HSS files, 1974. Mattison, Ray, "Patee House," Historic Sites Survey Report, 1960. Work Projects Administration, <u>Missouri: A Guide to the "Show Me" State</u>, 1941.

10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY less than one acre UTM REFERENCES



VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

ANATICNAL TANANA

The Patee House boundaries are described by the rectangular plot owned by the Ponéy Express Historical Association at the corner of 12th and Penn Streets in St. Joseph. The plot contains the Patee House and its industrial additions.

LIST ALL STATES AND COU	JNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING STAT	TE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
FORM PREPARED BY	<u> </u>	يورونونون المائين ، يم يامين ، يسابل البيسمين ، المائيسي	
NAME / TITLE			
Stephen Lissand	drello, Histori	an, Landmarks Revi	iew Project
ORGANIZATION			DATE
	Survey, Nation	al Park Service	12/23/75
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE
1100 L Street		Ę	523-5464
CITY OR TOWN			STATE
Washington			D.C.
NATIONAL		F THIS PROPERTY WITHIN TE	LOCAL
-	usion in the National	Register and certify that it	tion Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I t has been evaluated according to the
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER	R SIGNATURE	·····	
TITLE			DATE
R NPS USE ONLY			
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PRO	PERTY IS INCLUDED	IN THE NATIONAL REGIS	
	mit	to	DATE 12379
TEST: DU LOLANIE	GY AND HISTORIE	RESERVATION	DATE 1/15/20
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGIS	TER (N	ATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)	·/···

GPO 892-453

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CONTINUATION SHEET Patee House ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 2

On April 3, 1860, the Pony Express began operations between St. Joseph, Missouri, and Sacramento, California. The ceremonies were held in front of the Patee House, culminating with the cannon shot which signalled the first Express rider, at the stables two blocks west, to gallop full-tilt through town and into Kansas.

Patee House was a hotel three times, a women's college twice, and a shirt and overall factory for almost 80 years, before it became a museum. During the Civil War, the provost marshall's office was located in the building, as well as the Union Army recruiting office. In 1865, when the war left the hotel in a failing financial condition, John Patee held a lottery, selling tickets throughout the U.S. for \$2 each. When the Winning ticket was drawn April 28, 1865, Patee won back his own hotel.

Patee House was a hotel from 1858 to 1865, a Methodist women's college from 1865 to 1869, a hotel again from 1869 to 1874, and a Baptist women's college from 1875 to 1881. It was called World's Hotel in 1881, with Dr. S. A. Richmond's epileptic sanitarium located on the top floor. During this period, Jesse James was killed April 3, 1882, on the hill just a block north of Patee House at 1318 Lafayette street. His widow was interviewed at the hotel the next morning.

The building became a shirt factory in 1885. During World Wars I and II millions of army uniforms were made here. Patee House was vacated in 1957, and stood empty for five years while vandals ruined the interior. The Patee House is now owned by the Patee House Historical Association with a museum in operation since 1965.