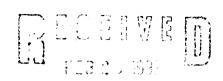
## United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 18). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

. Name of Pr	operty						
storic name	Top	sham	Fairq	rounds Grandstand			
her names/site	number						
Location							
reet & number			de of	Elm Street		√A not for publication	
y, town	Topshar	n			N ∠⊿ vicinity		
ate	Maine	code	ME	county Sagadahoc	code 02	23 <b>zip code</b> 0408	
Classification	on						
vnership of Pro	perty		Catego	y of Property	Number of Res	ources within Property	
] private			D build	ding(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing	
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State/Feder	al Agency (	Certifics	ıtlon				
Signature of central Maine Hist	tifying official	•	en con			Date	
State or Federa			OII COIII	11551011			
In my opinion,	the property	mee	ts 🔲 doe	s not meet the National Region	ster criteria. See	continuation sheet.	
Signature of co	mmenting or o	ther officia	ıl			Date	
State or Federa	l agency and b	ureau					
National Pa	rk Service	Certifica	ation		*ntered	in the	
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6. Function or Use				
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)			
Recreation & Culture/Fair	Recreation & Culture/Fair			
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)			
	foundation Stone/Granite			
Other: Grandstand	wallsWood			
	<u>Other</u>			
	roof Asphalt			
	other Board and Batten Siding			

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Topsham Fairgrounds Grandstand is a long, narrow wooden structure with a gable roof sheltering an open-air seating area. Its exterior walls are sheathed in board-and-batten siding. The grandstand is located near the southeastern corner of the fairgrounds and adjacent to the oval race track.

Facing north, the structure's principal elevation is symmetrically divided into eighteen bays, each of which is defined by square posts that rise to triangular spandrels and a narrow wall. Slightly less than one-half of the lower portion of these posts extend through a high wall, behind which Centrally located along the elevation is the is the seating area. announcer's booth. Added in the 1940s, this rectangular element is suspended below the eaves of the roof, but a pair of associated dormers breaks the expansive roof line. On both gable ends, intermediary posts extend from the wall surface below the seating area up to the triangular wall under the gable. In both lower walls a large door is located at the southern corner, thereby providing access to the area below the seating. The rear elevation features fifteen six-over-six windows on the main level as well as two doors. This fenestration pattern is relatively symmetrical, but not precisely. A corresponding number of narrow, rectangular openings are located below the eaves. Also evident on this side of the building are the stone blocks and partial stone foundation that support the grandstand.

Below the seating area is a wide corridor that extends the length of the structure. It has a wooden floor and an open structural system which is of frame construction. There is evidence in this area to support the local tradition that the grandstand as it exists today may have been built in three stages. Inspection of the framing and finish, although practically the same throughout the structure, suggests that the middle third was built first. Detailing of the gable ends suggests that the western third might have been the next segment with the eastern section being the last. This is a tentative conclusion, however, which can be confirmed or modified only with further documentary evidence which as of yet remains undiscovered.

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8. Statement of Significance				ŕ		
Certifying official has considered the		nce of t		perty in relation statewide	to other properties:	
Applicable National Register Criteria	XA	□в	XC	D		
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	A	□в	С	_D _E	∏F ∏G	
Areas of Significance (enter categorie Architecture Entertainment/Recrea	nstruction	ons)	Period a. 18	of Significance 863-1941	Significant Dates c. 1863-77 c. 1900	
	***		Cultura N/A	al Affiliation		
Significant Person N/A				Archite Unkno	ct/Builder own	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

Initially constructed sometime between 1863 and 1877 and seemingly enlarged twice thereafter, the Topsham Fairgrounds Grandstand is a distinctive type of structure represented by few examples in the State. In fact, it is one of only three known extant grandstands built by a nineteenth century county agricultural society. The structure is significant under criterion A for its association with historic patterns of entertainment and recreation, and under criterion C for its representation of a very specialized type of architecture.

The Sagadahoc Agricultural and Horticultural Society was incorporated on April 14, 1854, and held its first meeting at Bath in July. As reported in the October 17, 1862, edition of the <u>Brunswick Telegraph</u>, the Society's first fair was held in October of 1855 near the grounds on which the present grandstand sits. Like similar fairs held throughout Maine in this period (and today), a wide range of exhibits and livestock were on display with premiums awarded to the best representatives. These annual events were designed to promote the use of improved methods of agriculture, the tangible results of which could be readily observed at the fair. Clearly, they also served an important social and recreational function representing, in many rural areas, the most significant organized gathering of the citizenry. Their popularity, if not necessarily their ultimate success, can be judged by the fact that in 1860 twenty-six county agricultural societies (there were two or more in some of the larger counties) held fairs and received stipends from the state, a dramatic increase from the two or three which existed in 1820.

Documenting the precise construction history of the Topsham grandstand has proved to be, as yet, impossible. There are, however, a number of parameters in which to narrow the period. The first of these is a reference in the 1863 edition of the <u>Maine Agricultural Report</u> in which the report from the Sagadahoc society states that:

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## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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We have been laboring under quite a disadvantage by the small trotting course; but since the Fair [October, 1862], the Society has purchased sufficient land adjoining to make a good half mile course, which at this time is nearly completed.

It is reasonable to assume that a major reconfiguration of the racetrack would be accompanied by the subsequent construction of the present grandstand. Furthermore, the 1858 Wall Map of Sagadahoc County shows the outline of only a small structure in the center of the circular track then in existence, quite likely an observation post rather than a grandstand. By this date an exhibition hall had also been erected, but it does not survive. The second graphic representation of the fairgrounds is an 1877 birds-eyeview. This clearly shows the oval race course and a grandstand (although without a roof) located on the present site. Also evident is a three-stage observation tower (perhaps the one presumably shown in 1858) near the grandstand, as well as the exhibition hall at the entrance on Elm Street. Finally, a postcard (with a 1914 postmark) of the exhibition hall and grandstand shows that the latter structure had achieved its present configuration by this date.

As noted above, the Topsham grandstand is one of only three extant historic structures of the type associated with county fairgrounds. The others are located in Fryeburg, Oxford County and in Farmington, Franklin County. Both of these structures share similar characteristics to the one in Topsham including their great length, narrow width, and the sheltering gable roofs with semi-exposed gable ends. However, only Topsham's makes use of a board-and-batten sheathing pattern. The others date, respectively, to about 1885 and 1887, thereby making the structure in Topsham perhaps the oldest of the three.

9. Major Bibliographical References	
Day, Clarence Albert. A <u>History of Maine</u> Press. 1954.	Agriculture: 1604-1860. Orono, Maine: University
Maine Historic Preservation Commission Sur Fairgrounds and the West Oxford Agricu Preservation Commission, Augusta.	rvey Forms for the Franklin County Agricultural ultural Society Fairgrounds. Maine Historic
Wheeler, George Augustus and Wheeler, Henr Harpswell, Maine. Boston: Alfred Mudo	ry Warren. <u>History of Brunswick, Topsham, and</u> ge & Sons, Printers. 1878.
•	Con continuation about
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	See continuation sheet
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested	Primary location of additional data:
previously listed in the National Register	<ul><li>State historic preservation office</li><li>Other State agency</li></ul>
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	University Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of propertyLess_than_1 acre	
UTM References	
A 119 412 3 4 18 10 4 18 6 14 0 10 10	B [ , ] [ ] , ] , , ] [ , ] , ]
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
	See continuation sheet
Verbai Boundary Description	
The boundary embraces the dimensi	ons of the grandstand as it presently exists.
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
	s the physical limits of the grandstand only. Th
balance of the fairground property doe	s not retain its historic integrity.
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Kirk F Mohney, Architectural H	
organization Maine Historic Preservation Com	
street & number 55 Capitol Street, Station #65 city or townAugusta	telephone _207/289-2132 state zip code _04333-006

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PROPERTY MAP

TOPSHAM, MAINE

APRIL 1, 1981