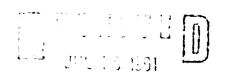
National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guldelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Nan	ne of Property						
historic	name	Robb 1	House and	Spring	House		
other na	ames/site number						
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2. Loc							I and for any blanking
	number			ise Val	ley Rd) D-57		not for publication
city, tov		Bellev					_x vicinity
state	Iowa	code	IÀ	county	Jackson	code 097	zip code 52031
3. Clas	ssification						
Owners	hip of Property		Category of	Property		Number of Resor	urces within Property
X priva	ate		x building			Contributing	Noncontributing
	lic-local		district	(-)		_2	buildings
=:	lic-State		site				sites
	lic-Federal		structure	•			structures
			object				objects
						2	0 Total
Name o	of related multiple prope	erty listin	n•			Number of contri	buting resources previously
	tone Architectu			ounty.	Iowa		onal Register0
4. Sta	te/Federal Agency C	Certifica	tion				
National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet. Signature of certifying official State Historical Society of lowa State or Federal agency and bureau							
In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet.							
Signa	ature of commenting or otl	her official					Date
State	or Federal agency and b	ureau					
5. Nat	5. National Park Service Certification						
I, hereb	5. National Park Service Certification I, hereby, certify that this property is: National Register National Register						
ente dete Reg dete Nati	pred in the National Resource in the National Resource for the dister. See continuation or seemined not eligible for sional Register. Oved from the National Per, (explain:)	gister. National on sheet. the	<i></i>	Xfelo	usBeje	National a	\$\\\\\3\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
				/			
				Ľ.	Signature of the K	eeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)		
DOMESTIC/single dwelling	DOMESTIC/single dwelling		
AGRICULTURE/out building	AGRICULTURE/out building		
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
	foundation Limestone		
Mid-19th century	walls Limestone w/ stucco		
vernacular			
	roof Composition shingle		
	other		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

This two story gable roof rectangular house (approximately 30'x 12') is of limestone construction, with a coat of stucco applied to the exterior. An L-shaped wing (15'x 18') extends to the rear, and a small single story addition is found on the back. The house faces south, with a symmetrical three bay facade on the eave side. Doors and windows have heavy timber lintels rather than stone. Windows throughout originally were 6/6 double hung and many remain. A few have been replaced with 2/2 sash. The front door is narrow, sans sidelights. Cornice returns are found on the gable ends, giving a touch of Greek Revival design.

Immediately west of the house is a small square limestone spring house which has also been covered with stucco. It features a hip roof, and has a single door centered on the south elevation. It had a stone water trough on the interior until recent years. This spring house appears to date to the same period as the house.

Other farm out buildings are located to the north and east of the house. The yard is rather shallow from front to back, with the house located fairly close to the road. It would appear that few alterations have been made to either the site or the house itself.

This farmstead is located on the north side of the Big Mill Creek (Paradise Valley) road, slightly above the roadbed, with hills rising to the north. Few changes appear to have been made to the immediate environment over the years. The road is now graveled, but it continues to be fairly narrow and winding, running along the north side of the valley.

The focus of this survey was the use of limestone as a building material, with emphasis on exteriors. Little information was gathered on interiors.

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in the significance of the significance of the property in the significance of the significance o	perty in relation to other properties: statewide \overline{\times} locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B CC	D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	□D □E □F □G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions)	Period of Significance	Significant Dates
Architecture	c.1855	c.1855
	Cultural Affiliation N.A.	
Significant Person N.A.	Architect/Builder Unknown	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

This limestone house and spring house are significant under Criterion C as good examples of vernacular limestone architecture from c. 1855, and the dwelling is representative of the most common plan used for stone houses in Jackson County.

This two story gable roof house is one of 101 limestone houses recorded in the county. It is representative of the majority of these houses (89), which are rectangular and have a gable roof. It further represents a common plan, with a symmetrical three bay facade. A somewhat unusual feature is seen here, the use of heavy timber rather than stone for the lintels. Also, the front entrance is narrow, without sidelights. The 6/6 windows are typical of those found on houses and buildings from c.1855. Luxembourgian tradition dictates the application of stucco to the exterior of houses and buildings, and this tradition was very strong in this area. The stucco appears to have been applied originally, and in no way impairs the integrity. This house has retained a high level of integrity over the years despite small alterations. The small square spring house is a companion piece, and appears to also date c.1855. Though many have been demolished, stone out buildings were a common feature on farmsteads in this area. These are just as significant historically as the larger buildings and residences.

Jackson County was one of the earliest Iowa counties settled, being part of the Wisconsin Territory originally. From 1834 on there were settlers in the area, with one of the most important being Capt. Elbridge G. Potter. In 1842 Potter settled in what he called "Paradise Valley", the area along Big Mill Creek which stretches northwest from Bellevue. Potter owned 1400 acres in this valley. Limestone houses and buildings are found throughout this valley, including many directly associated with Potter. This particular house is said to have been designed by Potter and built for John Robb and his family c.1855. Robb was associated with Potter in his farming activities.

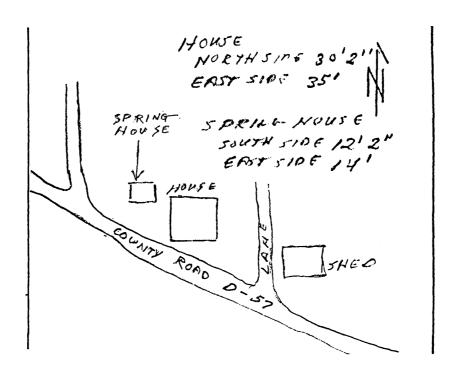
See	continu	uation	sheet
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9. Major Bibliographical References				
Atlas & Plat Book of Jackson County, Iowa. History of Jackson County, Iowa. 1879; 189 Abstract of Title. Information from present owner & wife (Alda of E.G. Potter).	•			
•	See continuation sheet			
Previous documentation on file (NPS):				
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:			
has been requested	State historic preservation office			
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency Federal agency			
previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark	\times Local government			
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University			
Survey #	Other			
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:			
Record #				
10. Geographical Data				
Acreage of property <u>less than one acre.</u>				
UTM References A 115 [7 0 12 6 13 10] [4 16 8 13 7 1 1 10] Zone Easting Northing	B Zone Easting Northing			
C L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	D			
	See continuation sheet			
Verbal Boundary Description				
A parcel of land on the north side of Count T86N R4E Sec 6 SE_4^1 SW_4^1 . This parcel begins road where the right-of-way intersects with of the spring house, then north to a point east to the farm lane, south to the road, 8 allows at least ten feet around the 2 build	s at a point on the north side of the n a point ten feet west of the west wall ten feet north of said spring house, then			
Boundary Justification				
This nomination includes both the house and any other buildings on the farmstead.	d spring house, but does not include			
	Con continuation shoot			
	See continuation sheet			
11. Form Prepared By				
name/title Molly Myers Naumann, Consu				
organization Jackson County H.P.C.	date May 1991			
street & number <u>J.C. Courthouse, 201 W. Platt</u> telephone <u>(319) 652-3181</u> city or town <u>Maguoketa</u> state <u>IA</u> zip code <u>52060</u>				

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

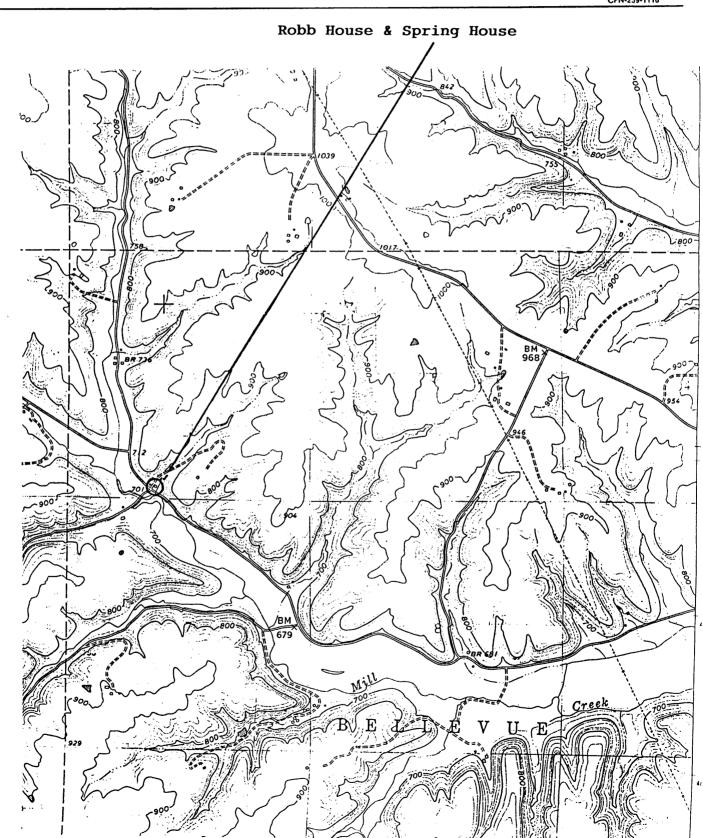
Section number 7 Page 2

CFN-259-1116



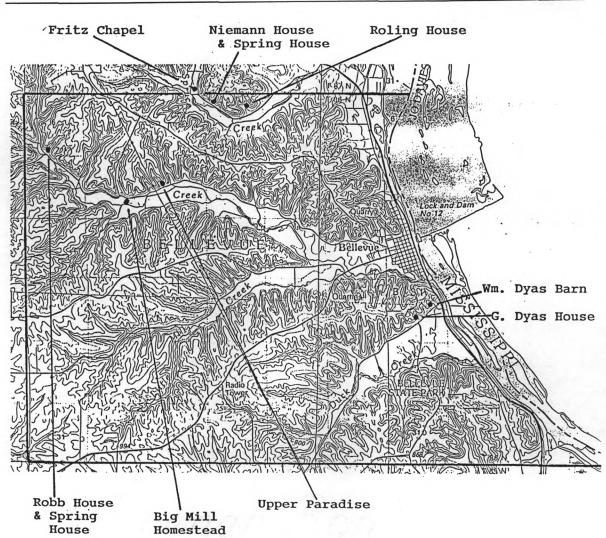
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 3 CFN-259-1116



National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 4 CFN-259-1116



Rural limestone resources being nominated with this submission.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number Photo Page

CFN-259-1116

