National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property				
	st Office			
other names/site number same				
		·		
2. Location				
street & number 205 S.E. Se	cond Street	N/A	not for publication	
city, town Rugby		N/A		
state North Dakota code	ND county Pierce	code 0	69 zip code 58368	
3. Classification	Ostanamu of Deserve	Number of Do-		
Ownership of Property	Category of Property		ources within Property	
private	L building(s)	Contributing 1	Noncontributing	
		<u> </u>	buildings	
public-State	site		sites	
X public-Federal			structures	
	object	<u> </u>	objects	
			1Total	
Name of related multiple property listing U. S. Post Offices in North	$\frac{1}{1000}$		ributing resources previously	
5. 5. TOST OTTICES IN NOTEN	Dakola, 1900-1940	listed in the Na	tional Register <u>none</u>	
4. State/Federal Agency Certificat	lion			
As the designated authority under the nomination request for determ National Register of Historic Places a In my opinion, the property meets Signature of certifying official State or Federal agency and bureau	anation of eligibility meets the docu and meets the procedural and profe does not meet the National Re	mentation standards for essional requirements	or registering properties in the set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.	
In my opinion, the property a meets does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet. Signature of commenting or other official James E. Sperry. Date State Historic Preservation Officer (North Dakota) State or Federal agency and bureau				
5. National Park Service Certification	tion			
I, hereby, certify that this property is:				
dentered in the National Register.		1 \		
See continuation sheet.	Tanua x	nouus	11/1/89	
determined eligible for the National				
Register. See continuation sheet.				
determined not eligible for the				
National Register.				
-				
removed from the National Register.				
other, (explain:)				

Signature of the Keeper

OMB No. 1024-0018

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INY 8

6. Function or Use		
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) post office	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions post office	
	- <u>-</u>	
7. Description		
Architectural Classification enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)	
them. Starred Slagginian	foundation	poured concrete
other: Starved Classicism	walls	brick
	roof	copper
	other	

See attached continuation sheets.

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Multiple Property: U.S. Post Offices in North Dakota, 1900-1940

RUGBY, DESCRIPTION:

The Rugby Post Office is located at 205 Southeast Second Street, at the northeast corner of the junction of Second Avenue Southeast and Second Street Southeast. The facility faces south. It is located one block east of Main Street, the main business thoroughfare of the town. To the west of the building toward Main, there are businesses along both sides of Second Street. To the east of the building is the beginning of a residential neighborhood. To the north is the Burlington Northern tracks. Second Avenue Southeast does not have a crossing. To the south is a supermarket.

The Rugby Post Office is in excellent condition. It is clean and well-kept. Except for new entry doors and some tuckpointing, the exterior appears as built in 1940. The workroom skylight has been filled, and the flat roof over the workroom was replaced with a membrane in the 1980s. The boilers were upgraded in 1987, and the lobby partitioned in 1980. The service window area of the lobby was changed in 1982. The front doors were changed in 1979. The mural was refurbished in 1988 at a cost of \$8,000.00 by Ellen Kennedy of Houston, TX, phone number 713/520-1808. The new boiler is of pulse type and requires no flue of the traditional type. It was, however, vented into the existing chimney, and the moisture being vented has begun to damage the chimney. The postmaster plans to have the vent re-routed soon. The landscaping around the facility is well-groomed, and the shrubs and trees are well-tended.

The foundation is poured concrete. Large poured concrete window wells with metal railings extend out from the basement to admit light. The exterior walls are light tan matte finish brick laid in American bond. The windows are triple-hung wood, each sash of which is three lights wide times two lights high. They are covered with matching wood storm windows. One window in the west wall is bricked up to protect the back of the vault. The window sills are limestone in the shape of a molding. Below each sill a panel of tan limestone extends down to grade. At the lintel line a band of gray limestone approximately 30" in height extends up to the coping line. The top of the walls have a limestone coping in the shape of a molding which projects slightly. The roof has two shapes: a copper hip roof over the lobby and service window areas and a flat composition roof over the workroom. Atop the hip roof is a metal cupola in a faintly Moderne style. The cupola is too large to be in scale for the building. The copper roof is in excellent condition but has weathered to a dull gray. The front steps are granite. They are original. The

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Multiple Property: U.S. Post Offices in North Dakota, 1900-1940 Rugby P.O.

light standards and railings around the front entry are also original. The entry doors are replacements, glass and metal. Above the front entry is an eagle motif in a circular background executed in aluminum bar stock, which is the same as New Rockford's except that this one is backed by a clear light rather than the glass brick that has been used at New Rockford.

The lobby has a gray terrazzo floor in 18" square panels with brass dividing strips. At the edges of the floor, an 8" border in darker gray terrozzo leads to an 8" high gray marble mopboard. Above the mopboard is a 4' gray marble wainscot. The lobby has been partitioned, so that there is a box area on the east that is open around the clock and a secured service window area on the west. The mural is in the secured area. The east side of the lobby has had boxes and a stamp kiosk added. The mural is about the theme of Rugby being the geographical center of North America (the town's main claim to fame). It features a collage of activities from the area: agriculture, aviation, outdoor recreation, etc. It was painted by Kenneth Callahan in ca. 1941-43 and refurbished in 1988 (see above).

The building is foursquare in plan with an L-shaped lobby running along the south (front) and east walls. The east leg of the L runs about halfway along the east wall. The south leg runs about two-thirds of the way along the front wall. The postmaster's office occupies the southwest corner. The mural is above the door to the postmaster's office. North of the postmaster's office along the west wall are the vault, restrooms, and swing rooms. The workroom occupies the rest of the main floor. The dock extends from the north wall. It is rectangular, with the long axis running north-south. Access to the dock is from the west. The basement has a boiler room, former coal room, storage, and former rented space.

perty in relation to other properties:	
C D	
D E F G N/A	
Period of Significance	Significant Dates
Cultural Affiliation	
Architect/Builder _OSA/ Louis A. Simon, Act	ing Supervising
	hitect
B: Minecke-Johnson Compar	y, Fargo, ND
	statewide locally D D D E F G N/A Period of Significance 1940 Cultural Affiliation N/A Architect/Builder OSA/ Louis A. Simon, Act

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

See continuation sheets.

See attached continuation sheet.

city or town _____

	X See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested previously listed in the National Register	State historic preservation office
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	
Survey #	X Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	State Historical Society of N.D., Bismarck
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property less than one acre	
Acreage of property does that one dere	
UTM References	
A 1 4 4 2 6 4 0 0 5 3 5 7 6 7 0	B└╷╷┘└╎╷╷┝╻╷╷┙
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
	N/A See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
Lots 9, 10, 11, 12, & 13, Block 8, Origina	1 Townsite, Rugby, ND.
	,
	N/A See continuation sheet
Deve days to the test	
Boundary Justification	
The boundary includes all city lots whic	h have been historically associated with
the property.	a shire seen alsoorloully associated with
	N/A See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Dr. Norene Roberts, President	ويستعرك بريبي مستعا البرياسية والبري مستغري سيمت بالاختصار والمعاري والمعادي والمعادية والمعادية
organization Historical Research, Inc.	date July, 1989
street & number 7800 Tessman Drive	telephone (612) 560-4348
city or townMinneapolis	state MN zip code 55445

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Multiple Property: U.S. Post Offices in North Dakota, 1900-1940

RUGBY, SIGNIFICANCE:

The Rugby Post Office is significant under Criteria A and C on a state and local level as one of a small group of 20 extant federally-built post offices in North Dakota constructed between 1900-1940. Under Criterion A, this post office is associated with various federal policies in post office funding, design, and method of construction in the early 20th century. Under Criterion C, this facility shares the distinctive characteristics of federally-funded post offices as a property type built in North Dakota before the Second World War. The major areas of significance are Politics/Government, Architecture, Economics, Community Planning and Art. The Rugby Post Office is the last of the nine post offices in the state built between 1932-1940. It meets criteria for exceptional significance as one of only three post offices in the state with a New Deal mural in the lobby. Architecturally, it is also one of only six North Dakota facilities built in the "Starved Classicism" style before World War II from standard designs by the Treasury Department.

By July 1939, these designs were emanating from the Public Buildings Administration in cookie-cutter fashion. The Rugby Post Office was one of these late-built facilities. Rugby and Lisbon were the last two pre-WW II facilities built in North Dakota under funding by the 1938 Federal Buildings Appropriations Act. Rugby is also one of only three North Dakota post offices with a New Deal mural, along with New Rockford and Langdon. The mural in the Rugby lobby was painted by Kenneth Callahan and completed in 1943 under financing from the Fine Arts Section.

The history of the new post office at Rugby followed the standard procedures in effect during the 1930s when most postal facilities in the United States were constructed. However, an unusual situation developed with title to the site chosen and this delayed construction for some 15 months, causing the Rugby Post Office to be the last facility completed before WW II.

The <u>Pierce County Tribune</u> (hereafter <u>PCT</u>) noted that local businessmen had been requesting a new post office for some time with the help of Senators Nye and Frazier when postmistress Leah Huffman wrote to the Post Office Department in Washington in behalf of a new facility in February, 1937 (November, 21, 1940, p. 1). Normally, requests for a new post office depended on a rise in postal receipts, growth in the city, unemployment in the area, or lack of space in an existing facility. It is not clear why Rugby was granted a new facility, but once built, this building served an

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Multiple Property: U.S. Post Offices in North Dakota, 1900-1940 Rugby P.O.

area of approximately half of Pierce County and the western portion of Benson County with two rural routes, two star routes, and 530 lock boxes. After 1947, the city of Rugby started daily home delivery of mail (<u>A</u> <u>Century of Area History: Pierce County and Rugby, North Dakota, 1886-1986</u>, p. 333).

The first mention of the new post office appeared in the local paper in July, 1938 when it was announced that Rugby and Lisbon were two of 280 federal projects (including courthouses, annexes, and remodellings) funded under a \$60 million appropriation to the Treasury and post Office departments. Rugby and Lisbon were allotted \$85,000 each for the new facilities (PCT, July 7, 1938, p. 1). Bids for a site were advertised in the paper a week later with four bids received by August 3, 1938 (PCT, July 21, 1938, p. 1; Aug. 4, 1938, p. 1). The four parcels were rejected as not meeting the needs of the Post Office Department and a search was conducted to find a better location. On December 21, 1938, the postmistress was informed that the present site on the northeast corner of Second Street and Foster Avenue was approved by Washington. Two property owners were involved and one did not have clear title. The Post Office department set about to clear the title and, according to local reports, "It took from January, 1939 until well into 1940 before the government was satisfied with the title (PCT, Nov. 21, 1940, p. 1)." The beginning of construction was delayed until May, 1940. The dedication was November 28 and the building, although not completely finished was occupied in early December, 1940 (Ibid.)

The Rugby Post Office was designed in the "Starved Classicism" style along with five others in North Dakota, all built after 1932 when plans were standardized: Oakes, Langdon, Hettinger, New Rockford, and Lisbon. In the case of Rugby, contemporary accounts described the building as "a contemporary expression of the Colonial (PCT, Nov. 21, 1940, p. 1)." It has a concrete base, brick walls, symmetrical front facade with central entrance, long low multi-paned windows, and a metal and glass cupola atop the hipped metal roof. In massing and form, the structure is basically Colonial/ Classical, but details are largely limited to entrance, windows, and cupola. Wall surfaces are flat and there is no cornice. The building contractor was Minecke-Johnson Company of Fargo, who came in considerably below the allotted \$85,000 cost with a low bid of \$55,377 (PCT, May 9, 1940, p. 1).

Rugby is also one of only three North Dakota Post Offices with a mural done under the Fine Arts Section. The mural in Rugby's post office is

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located over the postmaster's door in the lobby. The artist was Kenneth Callahan, whose \$850 commission was completed in 1943. It measures 12' 1 1/2" by 4' 2" and is entitled "Rugby, the Geographical Center of North America." It depicts a sketchy map with Rugby at the center and is flanked on the left with a tall figure holding a shock of wheat and on the right by another man standing next to a cow. A check of a partial list of New Deal art and artists compiled by the General Services Administration does not yield other post office murals done by the artist, Kenneth Callahan (Roberts, "A Phase I Study of Post Offices in North Dakota," Historical Research, Inc., 1989, p. 65). The completion of this mural in 1943 escaped the notice of the local newspaper as well. However, Callahan was one of a handful of artists who predicted a renaissance in mural painting in the United States in 1932 when he was art critic for The Seattle Town Crier (Karal Ann Marling, Wall to Wall America, University of Minnesota Press, 1982, p. 73, note 12.)

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RUGBY, BIBLIOGRAPHY:

A Century of Area History: Pierce County and Rugby, North Dakota, 1886-1986.

Karal Ann Marling, <u>Wall to Wall America</u>, University of Minnesota Press, 1982, p. 73, note 12.

The Pierce County Tribune, July 7, 1938

The Pierce County Tribune, July 21, 1938.

The Pierce County Tribune, August 4, 1938.

The Pierce County Tribune, May 9, 1940.

The Pierce County Tribune, November, 21, 1940.

Norene Roberts, "A Phase I Study of Post Offices in North Dakota," Historical Research, Inc., 1989, p. 65. On file: Division of Archeology and Historic Preservation, State Historical Society of North Dakota, Bismarck.