HIST	TORIC, RESOURCES INVENTORY LOING AND STRUCTURES OO1 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY TORIC, RESOURCES INVENTORY
	CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION 59 SOUTH PROSPECT STREET, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106 (203) 566-3005 Town No.: Site No.: UTM / 18 6 8 0 6 9 0 4 6 0 9 9 9 0 QUAD: DISTRICT IF NR, SPECIFY S NR Actual Potential
	1. BUILDING NAME (Common) (Historic) Luman Andrews House
ATION	Southington Southington, CT 06489 Hartford 3. STREET AND NUMBER (and/or location) 469. Androved Ct. (man 112 named 17) 1 84 acres
IDENTIFICATION	469 Andrews St. (map 113, parcel 17) 1.84 acres 4. owner(s) Kopec, Mark A. & Elizabeth C. (vol. 308, p. 516) 5. USE (Present) Residential 6. ACCESSIBILITY EXTERIOR VISIBLE FROM PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES, EXPLAIN TO DUBLIC IN TO THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES, EXPLAIN TO DUBLIC IN THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES, EXPLAIN TO DUBLIC IN THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES, EXPLAIN TO DUBLIC IN THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES, EXPLAIN TO DUBLIC IN THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES, EXPLAIN ACCESSIBILITY IN THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES, EXPLAIN TO DUBLIC IN THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IN THE PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ROAD INTER
	TO PUBLIC: X Yes No Yes X No N.A. 7. STYLE OF BUILDING Colonial/Greek Revival 8. MATERIAL(S) (Indicate use or location when appropriate)
:	Clapboard Asbestos Siding Brick Other (Specify) Wood Shingle Asphalt Siding Fieldstone Board & Batten Stucco Cobblestone Cut stone
(X Siding Type:
DESCRIPTION	October Combrel Comb
	11. NUMBER OF STORIES APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS 2
(kiln to north Carriage
	The house faces west set well back from the road.

	17. OTHER NOTABLE FEATURES OF BUILDING OR SITE (interior and/or exterior)								
DESCRIPTION (Continued)	The 5-bay house has central doorway flanked by plain pilasters that support a plain entablature. The central chimney is small. Windows have several glazing patterns. Wooden clapboards are in place under the vinyl siding. Side elevation gable ends are treated as pediments. There is a 2-story added ell. The former quarry site is now covered with vegetation.								
	18. ARCHITECT BUILDER								
	19. HISTORICAL OR ARCHITECTURAL IMPORTANCE								
SIGNIFICANCE	The house is significant architecturally because it is fine example of a 4-bay colonial design that has been enlarged and embellished. The fifth (north) bay was added c. 1795 and the Greek Revival style trim in the second quarter of the 19th century.								
	The historic significance of the house relates to it early date, making it one of the first in Southington, and its importance as the scene of the manufacture of hydraulic cement. The volcanic rock quarried on the place was discovered to be right for this purpose and was so used in the 1830s and 1840s, until the supply ran out. The Seventh U.S. Census of Industry, 1850, records the investment of \$1000 in the enterprise by Gad and Bennet Andrews with annual production of cement valued at \$7500.								
	(continued)								
Timlow, Herman R., Sketches of Southington, Conn., Hartford: Case, Lockwood & Brainard Co., 1875, 1976 reprint, pp. 424, xi. U.S. Seventh Cenus of Industry, 1850.									
	1988 field visit by Gregory E. Andrews & Elizabeth Kopec (continued)								
PHOTO	David Ransom 2/86 VIEW Northeast 0-1								
BY	NAME								
ED B	Elizabeth C. Kopek ORGANIZATION								
COMPIL									
CO	ADDRESS 469 Andrews St. Southington, CT 06489								
20. 5	SUBSEQUENT FIELD EVALUATIONS 10/88: intact original								
features include 3 fireplaces, wide board									
	floors, some kitchen paneling. New 12/12 windows throughout; vinyl siding removed & deteriorated clapboards replaced.								
	Rear ell porches removed & new clapboard siding.								
	THREATS TO BUILDING OR SITE None known Highways Vandalism Developers Other								
	Renewal Private Deterioration Zoning Explanation								

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CONTINUATI	ON SHEET	
Item number:	Date:	

Luman Andrews House 469 Andrews St.

The house was built in 1745 by Nathaniel Messenger who owned it until September 24, 1779, when he sold to Dan Bradley. Three years later, in 1782, Bradley conveyed the property to Eunice Judd Root (1755-1832), daughter of Nathaniel Judd who kept a tavern on Andrews St. at the time of the Revolutionary War. Eunice Judd Root was the wife of Jonathan Root, Jr. (see 140-142 N. Main St.), whom she later diviorced. In 1806 she deeded the house to her son, Capt. Nathaniel Judd Root (1785-1820) upon the occasion of his marriage to Sarah Dunham. On April 7, 1818, Root sold the house and 100 acres of land to Luman Andrews (1776-1839), the son of the Revolutionary War soldier "One-Armed" Samuel Andrews (see 116-118 N. Main St.)

In June 1825 Andrews, with his friends and neighbors Anson Merriman and Sheldon Moore, discovered an outcrop of blue limestone in the ravine below the Andrews barn. They took their discovery to Professor Benjamin Sillman of Yale, who had recently published an article in The American Jounnal of Science on the discovery of blue limestone, the key ingredient of Portland cement, in western New York State. Prior to this time the source of Portland cement was England. Sillman confirmed that the Southington blue limestone was indeed the rock needed to make Portland cement. The Andrews farm quickly became a quarry, and kilns and a mill were established in the area. (See map attached.)

When Luman Andrews died in 1839, the house and business passed to his son Bennet (1806-1860) who continued in partnership with the Moore family until his death in 1860 by which time most of the local blue limestone was exhausted, stone had been discovered elsewhere, and newer mills were more efficient. Cement production in Southington came to end, after having supplied cement to help build the Farmington Canal, the Shuttle Meadow dam, the Main St. bridge in Hartford over the Park River, and many other projects as far away as the Carribean.

Upon Bennet Andrews' death, the house passed to his daughter Emma Andrews Gridley and in 1873 was sold to Charles Moore, grandson of Sheldon Moore. The Moore family continued to live in the house until they sold it to the present owners in 1980.

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S NR: ACTUAL
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QUAD:

DISTRICT:

S NR: ACTUAL

S NR: ACTUAL POTENTIAL

Luman Andrews House 469 Andrews St.

Sources

Andrews, Bennet, will.

Andrews, Frank, <u>History of the Discovery of Water-Limestone and Early Manufacture of Cement at Southington, Conn.</u>, 1924.

Farmington Land Records
Southington Land Records

Timlow, Heman R., <u>Sketches of Southington</u>, <u>Conn.</u> Hartford: Case, Lockwood & Brainard Co., 1875, pp. x, xxviii, cxiv, ccxx.

Wiley, Charles, The Forty-Ninth Annual Report of the Portland Cement Association. 1936.

Atwater, Francis, comp., The History of Southington, Conn. Meriden: The Journal Press, 1924, pp. 40-50.

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Item number: Date:

Luman Andrews House, 469 Andrews St.

Wiley, Charles, The Forty-Ninth Annual Report of the Portland Cement Association, $1\overline{936}$.

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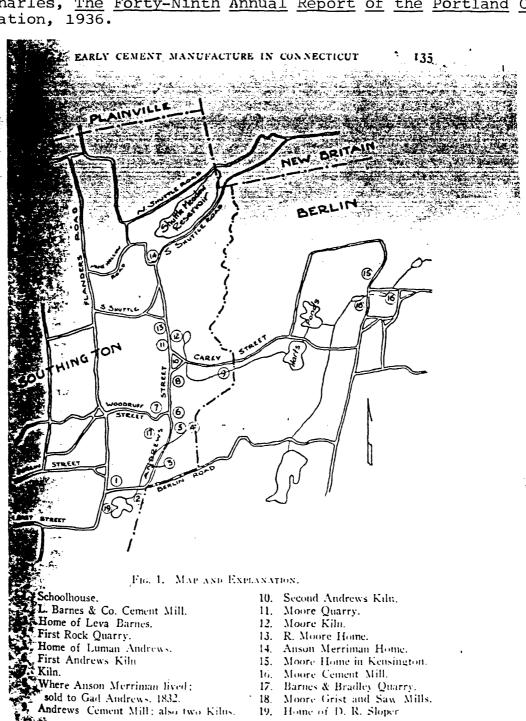
SITE NO.:

ACTUAL POTENTIAL

TOWN NO .:

UTM: 18/_

DISTRICT:



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