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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

APR 1 8 1988

REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for *Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property	/					
historic name	Dungene	ess School				
other names/site number	er n/a					
2. Location				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
street & number	657 Towne Road					for publication
city, town	Dungeness		• • • • •			
state Washington	code WA	county	Clallam	code	009	zip code 9838
3. Classification		<u> </u>				
Ownership of Property	Cateor	ory of Property		Number of F	Resources w	ithin Property
x private				Contributing Noncontributing		
public-local		trict		1		buildings
public-State	cisi			<u>+</u>		sites
public-Federal		, ucture			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	structures
		eci		1		objects Total
Name of related multiple	o proporti listing					
Name of related multiple Rural Public Sch	ools in Washingt	on		Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register0		
						gistor
National Register of In my opinion, the pr Signature of certifying of Offlice of State or Federal agency	Archaeology & His	ets the proced es not meet th storic Pre	ural and profes e National Reg servation	sional requiremen ister criteria.	nts set forth See continuat	in 36 CFR Part 60. ition sheet. 3-30-88
Signature of commenting or other official				Date		
State or Federal agency	and bureau				······································	·····
5. National Park Ser	vice Certification		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······		
I, hereby, certify that thi	s property is:	+				
entered in the Natior	nal Register.	- 1 -		Rutarel In		
See continuation st	- /	Xlllore	4 Ber	Tational R	egister	5-197
determined eligible f		posse			<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Register. See con						
	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
determined not eligit						

removed from the National Register. other, (explain:)

National Register.

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)			
Education: school	Social: clubhouse			
7. Description				
Architectural Classification enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)			
	foundationconcrete			
Other: schoolhouse vernacular	walls weatherboard: clapboard			
	wood shingles			
	roof composition			
	roof <u>composition</u>			

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

Located at a rural crossroads near the Dungeness River (less than a mile south of the shores of Dungeness Bay and one-half mile southwest of the village), the Dungeness School is a two-story frame structure clad in drop siding and characterized by banks of doublehung windows and a picturesque belfry atop the gable roof. The schoolhouse sits on a small lawn, with cedar trees and flowering shrubs, surrounded by farmland. Since its construction in 1892, it has been the most imposing structure on the landscape.

The school is built on a L-shaped plan formed by the original rectangular schoolhouse and a complementary perpendicular west wing built in 1921. The original school has a gable roof (running north-south) and measures 36 feet 6 inches across the front (south) and rear gable ends and 48 feet 6 inches across the sides.

The side gabled wing is recessed 12 feet from the facade and measures 25 feet 3 inches across the north and south elevations and 36 feet 3 inches across the side gable end. A gable roof porch (12 feet square) shelters the main entry at the juncture of the wings.

The frame school rests on a poured concrete foundation, the walls are sheathed with drop siding (trimmed with corner boards), and the gable ends are clad with cedar shingles. In 1987, the school's roof was resurfaced with composition shingles. (The original cedar shingles had been replaced much earlier.)

The eaves of the roof are boxed and the gable ends are treated like pediments with projecting cornices underscored by plain frieze boards. The horizontal divisions of the school are articulated by belt courses between the first and second stories and above the foundation.

Double hung, wood frame windows (generally with six-over six lights) cover much of the wall surface. On the front (south) and rear gable ends, the windows are grouped in banks of five and six respectively, while elsewhere windows are disposed singly or in pairs. Windows on the first story feature three-light transoms. A group of three one-over-one windows with arched heads are placed in the attic wall of the front gable end. All the windows are framed with simple surrounds and have projecting hood mouldings.

The main entry is located in the side wing at the juncture with the original schoolhouse. The double-leaf door has a glazed upper panel, a transom, and sidelights. The porch, reached by a flight of six concrete steps, has a concrete platform, with a balustrade, paired columns, a gable roof (with open eaves and exposed rafters), and an ornamental spindle frieze. United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Perhaps the most distinctive feature of the facade is the belfry which rises above the clipped end of the front gable. The belfry is composed of a balustrade, wood posts with decorative brackets, and a bell-shaped roof. A wooden flag pole is placed at the apex of the belfry.

The interior of the school retains the historic plan and many original features. The panelled double door leads to a broad hall (12 feet wide) which runs the depth of the school. To the east of the hall are the two original classrooms, well lighted by bands of wood frame windows. Each classroom measures about 36 feet 6 inches by 24 feet 3 inches. The south classroom has been modified but the north classroom features the original blackboard, cloak room, wainscoting, and wood mouldings. West of the hall are two restrooms (converted from classrooms) and against the west side of the hall is the stairway leading to the second floor. The hall and stairway feature painted wainscoting.

The second floor includes a large auditorium on the east side above the original classrooms. The auditorium measures 47 feet by 35 feet and includes a stage and cloak rooms. East of the hall are two former classrooms converted to kitchens after the school became a community center.

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in ationally state		
Applicable National Register Criteria XA B XC D		
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	E F G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions)	Period of Significance <u>1892-1937</u>	Significant Dates 1892, 1921
Architecture		
	Cultural Affiliation n/a	
Significant Person n/a	Architect/Builder Not known	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above. Constructed at the turn of the century and expanded in the 1920s, the Dungeness School is historically significant for its association with education in Clallam County. The two story preserved schoolhouse was the largest and most expensive built in the rural areas of the county during the period and was the only rural school to offer classes from first grade through high school. After consolidation in the 1920s, the upper class students were sent elsewhere, but grammar school was conducted until 1955. Today, the well preserved school is the most important surviving structure associated with the community life of the Dungeness area and one of the finest examples of school design in Clallam County.

Historical Background:

Public education in Clallam County dates to June 11, 1859 when county commissioners first levied a two mill tax for the support of a common school system. But the organization of districts and construction of schools awaited the growth of settlement.

By April 16, 1892, School District 29, serving students in the Dungeness area, was established with William Ward, Thomas Evans, and Robert Woods as directors. The directors held their first meeting on May 10, 1892, at Evans' home and voted "that it was necessary to build a good and sufficient school house and furnish same." That summer and fall, the two-story frame school was built at a rural crossroads near the village of Dungeness.

The school opened in February of the following year and in his first report to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, county superintendent A.B. Dorsey reported that the new structure served 64 students, employed one teacher (at \$75 per month) and held classes for four and one-half months. According to Dorsey's report, the two room school enrolled 21 students in the "first reader"; 9 in the second; 11 each in the third, fourth, and fifth; and one student in an "advanced course." The \$3000 school property was the most valuable of the 23 frame and 4 log schools in the county at the time.

The following year, the district expanded its school year to eight months and enrolled students in sixth, seventh, eighth, and ninth grades. The Dungeness School offered the most extensive curriculum of any rural school in Clallam County and was one of the few exceptions to Dorsey's complaint that "few [Clallam County] students stayed past fifth grade."¹

9. Major Bibliographical References

Annual Report of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction (State Archives: Olympia
1893-1925).
Deeds, #5819, Clallam Counlty, WAshington, Volume 37, Page 207, William Bishop, Jr. to
School District #29, Dungeness, Washington, August 25, 1892.
Records of Clallam County, Washington, Deeds, #69880, Deeds, Volume 96, Page 200, Annie
Davis and George H. Davis, and School District #29, August 18, 1915.
"History of Dungeness Valley Schools, Clallam County, Washington" by Mrs. Livona Moore
Lotzgesell, 1961, from her manuscript.
Records of Clallam County Superintendent of Schools, Clallam County, Washington.

	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Eederal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of propertyless than one	
Quadrangle Name: Dungeness Quadrangle So	cale: 1:24,000
UTM References	
A 1 0 4 9 0 5 4 0 5 3 3 1 9 7 0 Zone Easting Northing	$B \bigsqcup_{1} \bigsqcup_{1}$
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
The nominated property includes the Dungeness	s Schoolhouse and adjacent lawn and can be
described thusly: beginning at the northwest	
Drive and Towne Road, proceed west along the	
250 feet, proceed northerly to Marine Drive,	÷ ,
Marine Drive to point of beginning.	F===== = ====== = = = = = = = = = = = =
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The nominated parcel includes the entire prop	perty historically associated with the
Dungeness School.	
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	

name/titleLeonard T. Garfield, with research assistance	
organizationOffice of Archaeology & Historic Pres.	date February 1, 1988
street & number 111 West 21st Avenue	telephone _206/586-2901
city or town	state Washington zip code 98504

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By the early 20th century, the Dungeness School held classes for grades one through 12 and employed three teachers (one for high school students). Of more than 40 rural schools in the county, only the Dungeness School offered a full high school curriculum. In 1921, a new classroom wing was added, the value of the school property jumped to \$10,000, and a fourth teacher was hired.

Despite the new wing, high school classes at Dungeness School were never accredited and in 1923, high school students were transferred to the Sequim School. From 1923 until 1940 the Dungeness School held classes through eighth grade. But in 1940, junior high students were transferred to Sequim and in 1955, the remaining elementary school was closed when the entire district was consolidated with Sequim School District No. 323.

After the school closed, the building was leased by the newly organized Dungeness Community Club, whose stated mission was to "promote the civic and social welfare" of the community. (Interestingly, the district stipulated in the lease that the school building should "remain intact and available for school purposes should future emergency require.") In 1967, the club purchased the building outright; in the ensuing years, the club has used the structure as the site for a wide variety of civic activities. Recently, a successful campaign to refurbish the school has resulted in exterior painting, re-roofing, and other repairs, helping to insure the preservation of this significant landmark.

The Dungeness School was listed in the Washington State Register of Historic Places in 1971 in recognition of its historical significance. In 1987, the property was evaluated for listing in the National Register applying the registration requirements established in the Rural Public Schools of Washington Multiple Property Documentation Form. The Dungeness School meets the requirements because of its historical associations and its integrity of form, fabric, fenestration, and setting. Architecturally the school is the finest extant example of a two story frame schoolhouse in the county, and reflects the considerable skills of local builders. The two story structure is distinguished by its size and form, and by its belfrey, banded windows, and classical trim.