United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory-Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Name

historic Villa Julita Villa Julita and or common Location 2. $\underline{N/A}$ not for publication 401 San José Ave. street & number N/A vicinity of city, town Aibonito code 0060 Aibonito state Puerto Rico code 072 county 3. Classification Category Ownership Status **Present Use** $\frac{1}{X}$ public $\frac{1}{X}$ private district _X_ occupied ___ agriculture museum \underline{X} building(s) _ unoccupied _ commercial _ park both structure work in progress X educational X private residence **Public Acquisition** Accessible _ site entertainment _ religious _ object _ in process X yes: restricted government _ scientific being considered ____ yes: unrestricted __ industrial _ transportation no military N/A other: **Owner of Property** Δ_ name Mr. Carlos Juan Rivera Rivera street & number 401 East San José Avenue state Puerto Rico N/Avicinity of city, town Aibonito **Location of Legal Description** 5. Barranquitas, Registry of Deeds courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Muñoz Rivera Ave. street & number Puerto Rico Barranquitas state **Representation in Existing Surveys** __ yes X_ no titie N/A has this property been determined eligible? N/A date federal _ state county local N/A depository for survey records

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received NONEC219986 date entered

city, town

6.

N/A city, town

N/A state

7. Description

Condition		Check one
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered
_X_good	ruins	_X_ altered
fair	unexposed	

Check one X__ original site moved date .

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

This wood and concrete single-story house follows the creole style typical of local plantation and summer residences. The ample balcony, raised floor level, pitched roofs and elegant central stair are all characteristic of the latter. In this example, however, elements of distinctive neoclassic taste were used, as can be seen in the balcony railing and the simplified doric columns. The round porch projecting from one of the main facade's corners shows the influence of Victorian architecture as well as the curved brackets, wood lattices, roof metal shingles and the hexagonal nook in the living room.

The use of concrete is limited to the balcony railing, columns and base walls that support the wood post and beam structure. Wood siding is used for the walls, floors and ceilings (some floors have been covered with vinyl and concrete tiles). The fine exterior windows and doors combine wood louvers and glass panes providing both ventilation and light. Paneled doors were used for the interiors with the traditional transoms made of wood sticks. Good craftmanship is evident in the detailing of mouldings, bases, etc. the kitchen is particularly interesting, with its masonry oven and tile flooring. Pitched and sloped roofs are used throughout the house.

The residence is in qood condition. Modern alterations are limited to the enclosure of the back porch, and minor changes to the interior finishes (vinyl tiles, light fixtures, etc.). These elements are non contribuing but do not affect the structure's integrity.

Birther C. Storett uid p. M.

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—C	heck and justify below		
prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X. architecture art	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry	Iandscape architecture Iaw Iterature Iterature military music philosophy politics/government	science sculpture social/ humanitarlan theater transportation
		invention		other (specify)
	······································			

Specific dates 1915

Builder/Architect Alfredo Weichers, Arch. Salvador Landó, Builder

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Villa Julita, a summer residence for the wealthy Vendrell-Suarez family, was designed and built by one of Puerto Rico's most renowed Architects, Alfredo Weichers using a variation of his typical Beaux Arts Style. Weichers, a native of Ponce studied architecture in the Beaux Arts Academy in Paris where he obtained a gold medal for outstanding archievements in 1901. The graduated in 1905 and worked for the famous Barcelonian (Barcelona, Spain) architect Enric Sangier until 1911 when he returned to his native city. Some of his best works, most of them in the city of Ponce, are: The Logia Aurora (Freemasons Lodge), the Bank of Ponce, The Serrallés City Mansion, and his own residence (Villaronga House), included in the NRHP in 08-24-84.

For this Summer Villa Weicher combined the traditional Puerto Rican "Criollo style with the more sophisticated Beaux Arts elements creating a unique structure for its time and a model for similar structures.

In 1917 the property was purchased by the wealthy Ponce family, the Wirshing Serrallés, who sold it to the Ulrich Foundation in 1972. This foundation used the property since 1950, making it a residence for conscientious objectors, to the Korean and Viet Nam Wars. This Menonite foundation used the Villa's land for agricultural education purposes in the Aibonito area. They introduced many modern methods for vegetable and fruit mass production, and were one of the first to bring cattle artificial insemination techniques to the island.

The property was bought in 1974 by its present owner who uses a part of the structure as a Integral Development Center for preschool children, thus introducing modern educational concepts to this rural community.

Villa Julita still preserves its elegant style and stands as a reminder of Aibonito's golden years where many of the Wealthy families of Puerto Rico had their Summer Houses. Today most of these vacation mansions have disappeared, only a few, like Villa Julita, still struggle to survive.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Interview with Mr. Carlos Juan Rivera in November 1985

Register of Deeds, Barranquitas, Vol. 128 P. 34 #108

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property <u>92</u> acres=3938.25m ²	1.20.000
Quadrangle name <u>Barranquitas</u>	Quadrangle scale 1:20,000
UT M References	
A 1 9 7 9 0 1 5 0 2 0 8 1 5 0 Zone Easting Northing	B Zone Easting Northing
c	
Verbal boundary description and justification	
See location plan	
List all states and counties for properties overlapping	g state or county boundaries
state N/A code co	unty code
state N/A code co	unty côde ^
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Félix J. del Canno, State Historia	n and Joaquín Acevedo, State Architect
organization State Historic Preservation Office	date January, 1986
street & number La Fortaleza	telephone 721-3737/2676 (809)
city or town San Juan	state Puerto Rico
12. State Historic Preserv	ation Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is	: •
national state lo	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the	National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-
665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the Nati according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Nati	onal Register and certify that it has been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer signature Mariano G	. Coronas Castro
ittle State Historic Preservation Officer	date January, 1986
For NPS use only	
i hereby certify that this property is included in the Nati	onal Register
Anychlagel	- date 12/19/86
Keeper of the National Register	10/1/00
Attest:	data
Chief of Registration	date

GPO 911-399

