United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



OMB No. 1024-0018

131

code

8.9

ACLER

Exp. 10-31-84

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Administration Building/ Girls' Dormitory, Minnesota School for the Deaf

and/or common Tate Hall, Minnesota School for the Deaf

2. Location

street & number Minnesota Highway 299 N/A not for publication

county

Rice

Sec.

17 8 A

25.4.1

and Long

city, town Fa

Faribault

 $\underline{N/A}$ vicinity of

22

code

state Minnesota

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
district	X public	<u> </u>	agriculture	museum
X building(s)	private	unoccupied	commercial	park
structure	both	work in progress	educational	private residence
site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	entertainment	religious
object	in process	<u> </u>	government	scientific
•	N/A being considered	yes: unrestricted	industrial	transportation
	the set of	no	military	other:

4. Owner of Property

name ^M	linnesota	r Dept.: c	f: Educat	ion - Ruth	E. Randal	11, Commis	sioner	• • • • • •		
street & nur	nber 71	2 Capito	ol Square	Building;	550 Cedai	r Street)		
city, town	St. Pa	ul		N/A vicini	ty of	an a	state	Minnesot	a 551	_01
5. Lo	ocatio	on of	Lega	Desc	riptior	1		•		
courthouse	, registry o	i deeds, etc	. Registe	er of Deeds	s- Rice Co	ounty Cour	thouse	•	• ·	
street & nur	mber	N/A		· .		•	· .			
city, town	Faribaul	t.					state	Minnesot	a	
6. Re	epres	enta	tion i	n Exist	ing S	urveys	5			
title ^{State}	-Owned H	Buildings	Survey	ha	s this prope	rty been deter	mined e	ligible?	yes	<u>_x</u> no
date ¹⁹	77–1978					federal	x sta	ate cou	unty	local
			linnesota	State Hist	oric Pres	servation	Office			
depository	for survey	records M	linnesota	Historical	Society-	- Fort Sne	11ing	History C	enter	
S	St. Paul							Minneso		

city, town

state

7. Description

Cond	ition			
e	xcelle	nt		deteriorated
<u>c</u>	ood	1		ruins
f	air	i	8.24 <u>.).</u>	unexposed

Check one <u>X</u> unaltered altered

Chęck one original site moved

N/A date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Minnesota School for the Deaf is located on Faribault's eastern side, high on the limestone bluff overlooking the Straight River and downtown Faribault. Defining the eastern edge of the school commons, Tate Hall is the most prominent building on campus, its monumental portico and steeple providing a strong visual image for the school. The freestanding, two-and-one-half-story (raised basement) building is laid out as a The terminal pavilions, central block flanked by two wings with terminal pavilions. however, have no independent roofs: the low-pitched hipped roof is continuous over the entire length of the building in a manner characteristic of the contemporaneous Prairie School.

The masonry bearing walls are of the same locally-quarried limestone used throughout the campus. Dressed, coursed ashlar is used for the basement story, the same rubbed finish appearing on the portico, window sills and lintels, and door surrounds. In the remaining two stories the stone is rock-faced, uncoursed and roughly squared.

The roof is framed in wood, with steel framing Floors are of concrete slab construction. supporting the steeple. The ends of the wood rafters supporting the broadly overhanging eaves are sawn in an ornamental pattern. The present grey asphalt shingles are the second reroofing since the original slate was replaced, the only significant altera-Single-window dormers with similarly broad hipped roofs penetion to the building. trate the main roof at regular intervals.

The most prominent feature of the building is the Christopher Wren/James Gibbs-derived combination of portico and steeple defining the western edge of the central block. Standing on the basement story and approached by a single flight of stairs, the colossal order hexastyle prostyle portico is Corinthian but quite plain: the columns are unfluted, the frieze is unornamented, and the tympanum, of the same uncoursed stone as the body of the building, is occupied only by a bulls-eye window. The modestly-scaled, threetiered steeple over the crossing recalls Georgian sources, as do the restrained door surrounds at the main entrance and secondary entrances at the midpoints of the two wings. The tripartite window over the main entrance is capped by a semielliptical fanlight.

A single-story, colonnaded porch in wood crosses the end elevation of each end pavilion and constitutes the only ornament or enrichment of these facades. The back (east) elevation is even more severe, being marked only by a single-story wood and stucco portico at the central entry. The attenuated, paired columns and the closely spaced balusters are typical of the "Craftsman" influence in domestic architecture of the period. The east wall of the central block behind this portico is framed in wood and clad in stucco, in preparation for a projected dining wing that was never built. In the entire building, only the ad hoc placement of the stone chimneys departs from absolute symmetry.

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory---Nomination Form Administration Bldg./Girls' Dormitory, MN School for the Deaf

Ownership 4 Continuation sheet 1 Item number Page

Notification copies sent to:

Mr. Wade Karli Academy Administrator State Academies for Deaf and Blind Box 308 Faribault, Minnesota 55021

Sandra J. Hale, Commissioner Department of Administration 200 State Administration Building St. Paul, Minnesota 55155

Colin McAdam Assistant Superintendent State Academies for Deaf and Blind Box 308 Faribault, MN 55021

Ted Suss Department of Education 705 Capitol Square Building 550 Cedar St. St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance-C	heck and justify below		
prehistoric	archeology-prehistoric	community planning	landscape architectur	e religion
1400–1499	archeology-historic	conservation	law	science
1500–1599	agriculture	economics	literature	sculpture
1600–1699	architecture	education	military	social/
1700-1799	art	engineering	music	humanitarian
1800–1899	commerce	exploration/settlement	philosophy	theater
1900–	communications	industry	politics/government	transportation
	· · · ·	invention		other (specify)
			and the second	

Specific dates 1912-1913

Builder/Architect Clarence H. Johnston, Sr., St. Paul, Minnesota

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Minnesota School for the Deaf, the second public institution established by the state, was authorized by the 1858 legislature as a "deaf and dumb asylum," and opened in 1863. The major nineteenth-century buildings have been demolished. The centerpiece of the present campus, Tate Hall is a well-preserved example of the solid monumental architecture built around the turn of this century for the state's social institutions. Many of these buildings are the work of the same architect, Clarence H. Johnston, Sr., who served as State Architect during the century's first three decades. Another of Johnston's major buildings, the School for the Deaf's Noyes Hall, is already listed on the National Register.

Tate Hall's symmetrical Palladian plan and Georgian-inspired details are contrasted with reminders of the building's specific time and place-- rustic masonry and the single, broadly overhanging, low-pitched hipped roof--in a unified and serene composition. Derived from the work of Chirstopher Wren and James Gibbs, the central combination of a monumental, simply-detailed Corinthian portico with a refined, three-tiered steeple is a particularly successful application of the classical influence which was being strongly felt in public buildings during this period. The most distinguished of three buildings surviving from the old campus plan realized during the administration of its namesake, Dr. James N. Tate, Tate Hall continues to serve its original purpose almost completely unaltered.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet.

10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of nominated property less than 1 acre	
Quadrangle name Faribault, Minnesota	Quadrangle scale 1: 24000
UT M References	and a second
A 1 5 47 9 3 0 0 4 9 0 5 7 2 0 C FARMER B	Easting
c	
Verbal boundary description and justification From the no	rthwest corner of the intersection of
6th Avenue East and 5th Street Northeast, proceed n	orth 300' to Point 1. Thence proceed
north,400' to Point 2; thence west 200' to Point 3;	
east 200' to return to Point 1. (Numbered points r	efer to sketch map.)
List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or	county boundaries
state N/A county	N/A code N/A
state N/A county	N/A code N/A
11. Form Prepared By	
Robert Ferguson, Research Associate	
MacDonald and Mack Partnership organization	30 September, 1985 date
street & number 305 Grain Exchange	telephone 612-341-4051
city or town Minneapolis	state Minnesota 55415
12. State Historic Preservation	Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:	
nationalX state local	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Hi 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Regist according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park S	ter and certify that it has been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	W. Fridley
Russell W. Fridley	date 9/23/86
title State Historic Preservation Officer	date 9/23/86
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Regist	
(Xilon Ben) Hational Ber	stor 11 1-66
Keeper of the National Register	date //-6 3.8
Attest:	date
Chief of Registration	

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National Register of Historic Places Inventory-Nomination Form Administration Bldg./Girls' Dormitory, MN School for the Deaf

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The Administration Building/Girls' Dormitory, Minnesota School for the Deaf Nomination, contains 1 contributing building.

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National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Tate Hall, Minnesota School for the Deaf

9 Continuation sheet Bibliographical References Item number

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

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Lauritsen, Wesley. History of Minnesota School for the Deaf, 1863-1963. Faribault, Minnesota: Minnesota School for the Deaf, 1963.

Murphy, Patricia. The Public Buildings of the State of Minnesota: An Architectural Heritage. St. Paul, Minnesota: State Historic Preservation Office of the Minnesota Historical Society, July, 1985.

Various historic photographs on file in the School Museum, Minnesota School for the Deaf.

Construction drawings: "Administration Building, State School for the Deaf, Faribault, Minnesota. C. H. Johnston, Architect, St. Paul, Minn." Photocopies of four sheets on file at Minnesota School for the Deaf.





Source: Map, "Minnesota School for the Deaf, Faribault, Minnesota," n.d.