5 1986

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

date entered

received AUG

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries	-complete application	able sections				
1. Nam	e					
historic	American	Woman's League	Chapter	House		
and or common	Peck Libr	ary				
2. Loca	ation					
street & number	217 North	Main Street			N/A not for publicat	ion
city, town	Peck	N/A vic	inity of			
state	Idaho	code 016	county	Nez Perce	code	069
3. Clas	sification					
Category districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process N/A being consider	n Accessible	ipied progress •	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportati X other: 11b	ion
4. Own	er of Pro	perty				
name	City of P	eck				
street & number	P.O. Box	105				
city, town	Peck	N/A vic	inity of	state	Idaho 83545	
5. Loca	ation of L	egal Desc	criptic	on		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Nez Perce Co	ounty Cour	rthouse		
street & number		Main and Thi	rteenth S	Streets		
city, town		Lewiston		state	Idaho 8350)1
6. Rep	resentatio	on in Exis	iting 9	Surveys		
title Idaho St	tate Historic S	ites Inventory	has this pro	perty been determined	eligible? yes	_X_ no
date 1982				federal <u>X</u> st	ate county	local
depository for su	irvey records Idal	no State Histor	ical Soci	iety		
city, town	Bois	se		state	Idaho	

7. Description

Condition excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unalteredX_ altered	Check one	
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The American Woman's League Chapter House is a one-story frame and stucco building facing southwest onto Main Street in the small town of Peck, Idaho. The building has a cruciform plan formed by two cross-gabled rectangular blocks. The outset entry and the two wings flanking it form a seven-bay front with a central door and three windows either side of it. The exterior wall finish of the frame building is comprised of a clapboarded section from the concrete slab foundation up to the window sills and stucco from the window sills to the eaves. The building's gable roof is covered with corrugated metal sheets.

Architects of the AWL chapter houses drew on the Prairie Style for the houses' low profile and horizontal lines, an effect created by shallow roofs, large squat chimneys, deep enclosed overhanging eaves, and horizontal bands of dark clapboards, light stucco, dark-framed windows, and dark eaves boards. The Peck chapter house retains all of these features, as well as original sash and glazing in the six-over-six double-hung sash windows, and decorative diagonal bricks and dark headers in the chimney on the northwest wall. The single-pane paneled front and side doors are probably original fixtures. Along the front and around the wings of the building, the clapboard siding is outset the depth of the chimney and of the built-in bookcase which is centered on the southeast wall. The outset, angled at the building corners, serves as a planter.

Two bas reliefs related to the AWL are extant in the building. On the exterior, a bas relief in the gable space above the front door displays the AWL emblem: the letters AWL superimposed on each other and over a cross, all within a wreath. Below the emblem is the legend "American Woman's League" in raised letters. On the interior, a bas relief plaque is set into the chimney above the fireplace. Entitled "Woman's Mission," the plaque by George Julian Zolnay depicts a seated woman embracing two children. On her lap is an open book.

The City of Peck has recently acquired the building and found a compatible reuse for it as the Peck Library. The chapter house is nearly unaltered. In the recent remodeling, a window in the rear wall has been stuccoed over, the metal roofing painted, and the original doors restored. The metal roofing dates from about 1945-1955 and covers the original compositio roofing. On the interior the original plan and design elements are intact, with the exception that a partition was added in the rear kitchen wing to create a bathroom for the Peck Library remodeling. The original kiln was removed from the building before 1940. A small sign reading "Peck Library" has been placed immediately above the front door. Also on the property is a woodshed built later than the chapter house and not contibuting to the nomination.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics	landscape architectur law literature military music nt philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculptureX social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1909	Builder/Architect He	lfensteller, Hirsch	and Watson

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The American Woman's League Chapter House in Peck is architecturally significant as a nearly unaltered example of AWL architecture. The chapter house is one of two that were built in Idaho, and it is the only one of those to survive today. The chapter house is historically significant for its association with the AWL movement and for its role as a center for local social and educational activities. The building is significant at least within a state context; depending upon the survival of the thirty-nine other chapter houses built throughout the United States, the Peck building may be of national significance.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

10. G	eographi	cal Data			
Quadrangle	name Peck	less than one ac	re		Quadrangle scale 7.5 minute
	5 4 4 4 6 0 5	1 4 6 8 0 0 0 rthing	В	Zone Eastin	ng Northing
C E			D (F (H)	 	
The nomin					r House and the property on Idaho.
List all stat	tes and counties fo	or properties overlap	pping state	or county b	code N/A
state	N/A	code N/A	county	N/A	code N/A
11. F	orm Prepa	ared By			
name/title	Jennifer Ea	stman Attebery,	State Ar	chitectura	l Historian
organization		Historical Soci		date	April 29, 1986
street & num	ber 610 North J	ulia Davis Drive	2	telephone	e (208) 334-3861
city or town	Boise			state	Idaho 83702-7695
12. S	tate Histo	oric Prese	rvatio	on Offi	cer Certification
The evaluated	d significance of this	property within the sta	ate is:		
	national	X_ state	local		
665), I hereby	y nominate this prope	reservation Officer for rty for inclusion in the edures set forth by the	National Re	gister and cer	servation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89- rtify that it has been evaluated
State Historic	c Preservation Officer	signature	Konasy	. Lee	v
title Deput	ty State Histori	c Preservation C	fficer		date 7/29/86
For NPS (•	perty is included in the	فالمناز المناس والمرا	L	
Western re	the National Registe		ari logis	T.G.E.	date 9-4-86
)	i the imitteller registi	21			dete
Attest: Chief of F	Registration				date

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As noted in part 7 of this form, the Peck chapter house retains the distinctive features of the Prairie Style buildings designed for the American Woman's League by the St. Louis architectural firm of Helfensteller, Hirsch, and Watson. Chapter houses were available from the AWL to League chapters that qualified by acquiring a certain level of membership. Construction of the Peck building, which was a Class I chapter house, required that the local chapter acquire at least 30 paid members and a lot measuring 50 by 100 feet. According to AWL specifications, Class I buildings were erected at a cost of \$1,200 in communities of 500 to 1,500 people. The AWL believed that a woman's important role in society was homemaker, and therefore Helfensteller, Hirsch, and Watson were asked to create chapter houses that reflected domestic design and progressive The architects designed a series of standard Prairie Style plans that were clearly residential in massing, scale, materials, and decorative motifs. Each chapter house had a fireplace with George Julian Zolnay's bas relief "Woman's Mission." Each had the AWL emblem above the front door. chapter house is a well-preserved representative of those Prairie School designs, retaining its original location, design, materials (with the minor exceptions of roofing and one window on a non-primary exposure), and workmanship. The only other AWL building that was erected in Idaho, an apparently identical Class I chapter house in Payette, is no longer standing.

The American Woman's League was a scheme of St. Louis publisher and land developer Edward Gardner Lewis. Believing that woman suffrage would create a need for education and other programs that addressed women's issues, Lewis established the league in 1908. The league offered a constellation of services a correspondence school, chapter houses, an art academy, a to its members: lending library, an outlet for sales of member handicrafts, a widows' retreat, and a loan and relief fund. League members pledged to sell subscriptions of \$52 Membership was open to men, but they had no vote in League in two years' time. affairs. The League was based at Lewis's University City, a community he established in 1906 near the grounds of the 1904 St. Louis World's Fair. enterprise had a setback in 1911, when he declared bankruptcy, but the League was reorganized as the American Woman's Republic. The Republic established a cooperative colony at Atascadero, California, which supported itself through World War I by growing and processing dehydrated foods. By 1920, when woman suffrage was realized, the Republic was no longer active as an organization, but the Atascadero settlement remained.

An American Woman's League chapter was established at Peck, Idaho, by Mrs. C. A. Waite. The chapter house was built in 1909. As one of the small town's few public structures, the building served multiple purposes, many of them peripheral to the mission of the AWL. As a chapter house, the building served as a meeting place, library, and ceramic studio. In addition, the building was a community center for social activities and a resting place for farm families visiting town. It provided space for community church services and funeral services. In 1910 the Los Angeles Herald stated that, "The kiln built for the

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chapter at Peck_1 Idaho was the beginning of a broad new life for members in that isolated town."

"Keep Your Face to the Sunshine--A Lost Chapter in the History of Woman Suffrage, " p. 18.

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Page :

- Deed for Block 48, lots 1-3, 31 March 1909, on file at Nez Perce County Recorder's Office, book 101, p. 127.
- Historic Structures Worksheet prepared by Ann Hesson, Site 003764 in Idaho Historic Sites Inventory, Idaho State Historical Society, Boise, Idaho.
- Meyer, Pauline. "Keep Your Face to the Sunshine--A Lost Chapter in the History of Woman Suffrage." Edwardsville, Illinois: 1980.
- Quitclaim Deeds for Block 48, lots 1-3, 25 October 1984 and 18 February 1963, on file at Nez Perce County Courthouse, Lewiston, Idaho.
- Smith, Margaret, telephone conversation with Jennifer Eastman Attebery, 27 June 1986, Peck, Idaho. Notes on file in Idaho Historic Sites Inventory, Idaho State Historical Society, Boise, Idaho.
- "We, the Women of the United States." <u>Lewiston Tribune</u>. 17 June 1984.