Utah State Historical Society

Pro	pei	ty T	ype:
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DOCUMENTATION C

X Tax Card & Photo

□ Building Permit

□ Sewer Permit

Historic Preservation Research Office

Site No.	
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Structure/Site Information Form

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	Street Address:	Off Utah Highwa Diamond Bar X R	y 35 anch, Wasatch Count	y, Utah utn	1: 12 488600 44 Woodland	189490
	Name of Structure:	Ethelbert White	/William M. Stewart	Ranch HouseT. 3		S. 15
	Present Owner:	Arvin and Ardea RFD	n Clyde Anderson			
	Owner Address:	Kamas, Utahh 8	4036			•
	which are not described as f 35 with the N S 100 ft., W 7	ocated on a large included in this follows: Commenci entrance road in 5 ft. to beginning	Effective Age: Kind of Building: e parcel of propert nomination. The s ng approximately 15 to the Diamond Bar ng. Less than one	y containing numall parcel upo 0 ft. N of the X Ranch, thence acre	n which this h intersection o N 100 ft., E	nouse sits is of Utah Highw 75 ft.
Original Owner: Ethelbert White Original Use: residence			Construc	Construction Date: c. 1890 Demolition Date: Moved: c. 1932		
			Present U	Present Use: Storage		
	Building Condition	: Integrity:	Preliminary E	valuation:	Final Register S	tatus:
	 □ Excellent □ Good □ R ☒ Deteriorated 		,	□ Not of the Historic Period	□ National Landmark□ National Register□ State Register	☐ District☐ Multi-Resource☐ Thematic
	Photography:	Date of Slides: 1984	Slide No.:	Date of Photog	raphs: 1984	Photo No.:
	Views	: 🗆 Front 🗆 Side 🗀 Rear	☐ Other	Views: ☐ Front ☐ Side ☐ Rear ☐ Other		
	Research Sources: M Abstract of Title	: □ Sanborn Maps	□ Newspapers		∪ of U Library	
		☐ City Directories	☐ Utah State H		☐ BYU Library	

Bibliographical References (books, articles, records, interviews, old photographs and maps, etc.):

☑ Biographical Encyclopedias

☑ Obiturary Index

Epperson, David H. "The Settlement of Pine Valley and Historical Roots of the Stewart-Hewlett Ranch." Unpublished report, 1985. Available at Utah State Historical Society. Snow, Nora Stewart. Letters and interviews, 1981-85. Available in National Register files, Utah State Historical Society.

Personal Interviews

□ LDS Church Archives

☐ LDS Genealogical Society

□ USU Library

☐ SLC Library

Researcher: Roger Roper

Date: 1985

NAV 2 2 IOOE

Building Materials: 10g

Building Type/Style: Hall and Parlor/Vernacular

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features: (Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

The Ethelbert White/William M. Stewart Ranch House is a one-story, rectangular cabin with a gable roof. Its three bay, central doorway facade is not strictly symmetrical since the spacing between the windows and door are not even. The logs in the walls have been squared on all sides, though not fitted tightly, therefore requiring chinking to fill the gaps between the logs. The logs are joined at the corners with lap joints.

Several minor alterations have been made to the cabin, but its basic form and appearance have remained very much intact. The original roof, presumably wood slats or shingles, was replaced at an unknown date by the corrugated metal roof now on the cabin. The glass in the windows has long since been missing, having probably been removed when the cabin was moved from its original location and converted into a granary. In recent years the previously unpainted logs of the cabin have been painted with a redwood stain or paint, apparently to help preserve the wood. The house is currently being casually used as a storage shed.

The house was moved from its original location in the northern end of the valley to its current site in the southern end of the valley c. 1932. Despite the move, the house maintains its historical significance because it is still located on the Stewart Ranch, and, since the move took place over 50 years (See Continuation Sheet)

Statement of Historical Significance:

Construction Date: C. 1890

Built c. 1890, the Ethelbert White/William M. Stewart Ranch House is one of eight significant buildings on Stewart Ranch, a well preserved turn-of-thecentury "recreational ranch" that served for over 50 years as both a working ranch and a recreational summer retreat for its owners, prominent business and professional men from Salt Lake City. Stewart Ranch is probably the best preserved of the recreational ranches that were established on the western edge of the Uinta Mountains, a popular location for such ranches because of both its wilderness appeal and its proximity to Salt Lake City, only about sixty miles away. The ranch was established c.1902 by four Stewart brothers--William M., Samuel W., Charles B., and Barnard J.--who maintained their homes and professions in Salt Lake City while supervising and, to various degrees, participating in the operations of the ranch. This house is the oldest remaining building on the ranch, having been built c. 1890 by Ethelbert White, a homesteader. William M. Stewart bought it in 1900 and used it as his ranch home until his death in 1913. Although the house has been moved from one location to another on the ranch, it maintains its historical significance for its association with the establishment and operation of the Stewart Ranch.

The formation of Stewart Ranch began in 1900 when William M. Stewart purchased 160 acres of land in the northern end of Pine Valley. Included on the property was this house, built c. 1890 by Ethelbert White, a homesteader, who had sold it in the 1890s to Emil and Anna Zachreson. William encouraged his three brothers to also purchase property in the valley, which they did a few years later. Eventually, virtually the entire valley and much of the surrounding land was bought by the Stewart brothers and incorporated into Stewart Ranch, which, at its peak, totalled 2,262 acres. Cattle and sheep were raised on the ranch, as well as hay and grain for feed, and a ranch foreman was hired to manage the operations since the Stewarts had homes and (See Continuation Sheet)

Ethelbert White/William M. Stewart Ranch House Description Continued:

ago, the house has been in its new location during much of the period of operation of the ranch. Its presence at the new site does not adversely affect any other historic resources in that area.

Ethelbert White/William M. Stewart Ranch House History Continued:

occupations in Salt Lake City and were away from the ranch most of the year. Although Stewart Ranch was a working ranch and a business venture, for the Stewarts it served perhaps more importantly as a recreational retreat to which they could bring their families in the summer.

Although the four brothers were initially equal partners in the ranch corporation, Barnard eventually took over the bulk of the responsibilities and by 1920 had assumed complete control of the ranch operations and purchased from his brothers all of the ranch property except a 15-acre parcel surrounding Charles' home. By that time William had died (1913), Charles had become involved in numerous other business activities and had moved to California (1920), and Samuel had ceased being involved in the ranching activities. After Barnard's death in 1931, most of the ranch was purchased by Lester Hewlett, a son-in-law of Charles, and his brother Vern Hewlett. They launched the ranch into a relatively successful 24-year period of operation as a dairy and sheep ranch. The Hewletts, like the Stewart brothers, lived and worked in Salt Lake City, and, having built summer homes on the ranch in 1929, used the ranch as a recreational retreat as well.

William M. Stewart was a prominent Utah educator, who, among other positions, served as dean of the first School of Education at the University of Utah. Born in 1859 in Draper, Salt Lake County, he was the oldest of the 11 Stewart children born to Isaac M. Stewart and his polygamous wife, Elizabeth White. William attended the University of Deseret at the age of 20, and, due in large part to his association there with many of the prominent, early educators in Utah, including John R. Park and Karl G. Maeser, he chose a career in education. He was elected county superintendent of schools in 1885, and in 1888 he joined the faculty of the Department of Education at the University of Utah. His 25-year service there was marked by the establishment and rise to prominence of the Stewart School, a training school for teachers on the campus. William's principal residence in Salt Lake City, the nouse at 1133 E. 300 South, is still standing and is the house most closely associated with his career and life.