### **United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only DEC 1.5 (983 date onterod

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See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

### 1. Name

historic	Winona & St. Pet	er Engine House		
and/or common	Chicago Northwes	tern Railroad Engi	ne House	
2. Loca	tion			
street & number	75 Gould St <del>reet</del>		N/A	not for publication
city, town	Winona	N/A_ vicinity of	-congressional district-	N/A
state Minne	sota coc	le 22 county	Winona	<b>code</b> ()89
3. Class	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being considered	Status occupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted X no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: Vacant
4. Own	er of Prope	rty		
name	Leo G. Grebner/G			
street & number	1500 East 79th S	treet, Suite 108		
city, town	Minneapolis	N/A vicinity of	state	Minnesota
5. Loca	tion of Leg	al Descripti	on	
courthouse, regis		ecorder's Office, b est Fourth Street	linona County Courthe	ouse
city, town		inona	state	Minnesota
		in Existing	<u> </u>	Filmesota
			operty been determined eli	gible?yesX_no
date 1981		······································	federalX state	e county local
depository for sur	vey records Minne	sota Historical Soc	iety -Ft. Snelling	History Center
city, town St	t. Paul		state	Minnesota

# 7. Description

Condition		
excellent		deteriorated
good	vau	ruins
_X_ fair		unexposed

Check one \_\_X original site \_\_\_ moved date \_\_

N/A

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Engine works was originally a complex of buildings that included two half Round Houses, the Engine House and several large sheds and outbuildings. Today all but the Engine House are gone.

That building, however, looks remarkably close to what it looked like originally. It is approximately 310 ft. x 94 ft., 30 to 40 ft. high. The structure remains essentially unaltered since its construction. Windows and doors have been removed, and the openings filled with concrete block. One new large opening has been cut into the East side and is now filled with concrete block. A Boiler Room has been demolished and the opening sealed. The West side has seen the addition of a small concrete block shed and a loading dock for the present owners.

The enclosed pictures really tell an interesting story. The numerous and high windows on the outside walls shed much needed light into the interior of the building for the workmen. Through the prominent arches on the west side, the finished engine would roll out onto the trackage of the Winona & St. Peter system. The large expanses of structure on the interior gave the building much needed flexibility.

# 8. Significance

1400–1499 1500–1599	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iiterature Iiteratury Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic Imusic	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater _X transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	c. 1890	Builder/Architect U	nknown	

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

75 Gould St. Winona, Minnesota Engine House (also known as Motive Barn) of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad (formerly the Winona & St. Peter Railroad)

The engine house was built between 1884 and 1893. Probably around 1890. The architect and builder have not been identified. The search for this information and the date of construction is continuing.

The building was used as an engine repair shop from its construction until the Chicago & Northwestern suspended its shop operations here. The building was sold to W.A. Hodgins Transfer & Storage Co. in 1965 and was used as a warehouse. It has since been sold and is presently a warehouse. The exterior of the building is essentially the same as it was when constructed. A boiler shop on the east side of the building has been removed.

This building was the office and engine shop of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad's shop operations in Winona, Minnesota. A complex that at one time included two roundhouses, a car shop, and a number of smaller buildings. This building housed the engine repair shops of the Winona & St. Peter Railroad that provided for the maintenance and repair of the steam engines of the C&NW until it was converted in 1953 to handle diesel engines that replaced them.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad was founded in 1861 by a group of Winona business and civic leaders just five years after the incorporation of the city. By 1866 the railroad was completed to Owatonna connecting with the Minnesota Central Railroad the mainline from Minneapolis-St. Paul to Chicago. There was at that time no direct route from Winona to the Twin Cities. In 1867 the Winona & St. Peter Railroad was sold to the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad. The original name of the railroad was retained, however, until June 7, 1900 when it became the Winona & St. Peter Division of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad.

The Chicago & Northwestern and the Winona & St. Peter Railroads played a significant role in the history of Winona and in the growth and development of southern Minnesota. The expansion of the city of Winona and its industries depended on the development of a hinterland that would provide the market for goods produced in the city. The growth of the city depended also on the agricultural products produced on the broad plains of southern Minnesota and eastern South Dakota. Winona was a major shipping point for agricultural products as well as a thriving industrial city between 1870 and the turn of the century. The creation of Winona's hinterland was initiated by the Winona & St. Peter Railroad and later completed by the Chicago & Northwestern. Towns grew along

(see continuation sheet)

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

See attached

10. Geo	ographical D	ata			<u></u>
Acreage of nominated property <u>1.36 acres</u> Quadrangle name <u>Winona West Qu</u> ad. UMT References		Quadrangie scale 7.5			
A 115 601 Zone Eastin	6 6 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	010	B Zone East	ting Northing	
Legal Descri on ext E Gou left 90º 350	y description and justific ption: PAR SW qtr, ld St., 385' to begi .6', left 45° 48.68' nd counties for propertio	NE qtr, sec. nning right , left 45 <u>0</u> 1	36 <u>.7'</u> to begj	ing NW corner blk l left 90°, 384.6' le inping.	5 curving N ft. 90 <sup>0</sup> 255
state N/A	cod	e <sub>N/A</sub> co	unty N/A	code	e N/A
state N/A	cod	e <sub>N/A</sub> co	unty N/A	code	N/A
11. For	m Prepared	By			
name/title	Mark McKechnie,	President			
organization	Mark McKechnie A	rchitect	date	April 13, 1983	
street & number	2025 West Main S	treet	telepho	one 612-388-1555	
city or town	Red Wing		state	Minnestoa	
12. Stat	te Historic P	reserva	ation Of	icer Certifi	cation
The evaluated sign	nificance of this property wi	thin the state is:			
	_ national state		al		
665), I hereby nom	State Historic Preservation inate this property for inclu riteria and procedures set fo	sion in the Natio	nal Register and conal Park Service	ertify that it has been eva	
	servation Officer signature	Just	ll N. T	tridley 1	· _/
	ell W. Fridley e Historic Preservat	ion Officer		date / 2/7	1/83
For NPS use o I hereby cert Bulk 6	nly is included with the second secon	rded in the Natio	nal Register 2 .	and 1/30/8	1
	National Register				
Attest: Chief of Regist	ration			date	

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Winona & St. Peter Engine House, Winona, Winona County, MN Continuation sheet 8

the railroads' right of way across the state of Minnesota and into Dakota Territory. Winona businessmen established branch lumber yards and grain storage facilities in the towns along the railroad. Wheat and other agricultural products were purchased from the farmers for shipment to Winona and the East. Manufactured products from the city were sold in these branch outlets. The enterprise that occurred along the railroad provided for the rapid growth of Winona in population, wealth, and influence. Between 1860 and 1890 Winona was the third largest city in Minnesota, its influence however, outdistanced its size. Winona produced an unusual number of leaders in politics, business, education, and the church. For example senators and members of the President's cabinet, governors and judges; founders of the Weyerhaeuser empire; the organizer of the National Educational Association; and the founder of the Wisconsin Synod of the Lutheran Church.

The building at 75 Gould St. is significant because of the part it played in the lives of the ordinary people of Winona. The Winona railroad shops on the West side of the city was a major employer. The number of people working at the C&NW shops varied from a low of forty-nine to over five hundred. The average was approximately two hundred employees. The shops employed large numbers of workers from Winona's East side. Residents recall "double-header" street cars that brought the workers from the German and Polish neighborhoods of the city to the shops. Residents also recall the sight of large numbers of workingmen who rode their bikes to work up Broadway in the morning and returned along the same path to the East side at night. According to these eyewitnesses the sight of these bicycling workingmen stretching across the widest street in town is among their fondest memories of Winona in the early years of this century.

The building at 75 Gould St. the old Chicago & Northwestern Engine Shop is the sole surviving structure of the railroad shops complex that were a historically significant factor in the history of this city for almost a century. The Winona & St. Peter shops were established in 1866, the first steam locomotive was repaired in 1886 and the engine shop continued in operation until 1956.



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Gary F. Browne, "Railroads: Terminals and Nexus Points in the Upper Mississippi River Valley" in John S. Wozniak, F.S.C. (ed) <u>Historic Lifestyles on the</u> <u>Upper Mississippi River</u> (Washington: University Press of America, 1983).

- William L. Crozier, "A Social History of Winona, Minnesota 1880-1905", Ph.D. dissertation, University of Nebraska, 1976.
- C.M. Foote and J.W. Henion, <u>Plat Book of Winona County</u>, <u>Minnesota</u>, 1894 (C.M. Foote & Co. Publishers, 1894).

Franklyn Curtis-Wedge, <u>History of Winona County</u> Vols. I & II (Chicago: H.C. Cooper & Co. Publishers, 1913).

Winona City Directories 1885-1920.
Winona County Historical Society, Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Collection.
Winona County Recorder's Office, Plats and Land Records.
Winona Daily News 19 November 1955
Winona Republican Herald January 1901.

Interviews:

Leo Brom Mrs. George Leonhart C.J. Vincent Frank Whetstone 0MB No. 1024-0018 Exp. 10-31-84