## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received AUG 9 1984 date entered SEP 7 1984

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	e le	ible sec	itions			
	·					
historic	MacMillan Cha	pe1				
and/or common	N/A					
<u> 2. Loca</u>	ation $w$ of	00	e			
street & number	T4N R1E section	n 27,	W12 SW14 SW	4 SW4 SW4	<b>.</b>	N/A not for publication
city, town	Boise / /c,		X vicin	nity of		
state	Idaho	code	016	county	Ađa	code 001
3. Clas	sification					
Category  district  X building(s)  structure  site  object	Ownership publicX private both Public Acquisition N/A in process N/A being consider	n	Status occupied _X unoccup work in p Accessible yes: rest yes: unre	ied progress ricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: vacant
<b>4.</b> Own	er of Pro	oert	У			
name	Joanna DeMey	er Tru	stee et. a	al AND	New Hope Chris	tian Church
street & number	444 Fall Riv	er			1450 North Mit	che11
city, town	Boise 83706		N/A_ vicin	ity of	Boise 83704	te Idaho
	ation of Lo	egal				T danie
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	Ada C	ounty Cour	thouse		
street & number		650 M	ain Street	:		
city, town		Boise			stat	te Idaho 83702
6. Repi	resentatio	n ir	n Exist	ting S	urveys	
title Idaho Sta	ate Historic Si	tes In	ventory ha	s this prop	erty been determined	eligible?yes _X no
date 1982		-			federal X	state county loca
depository for su	rvey records Idah	o Stai	te Histori	cal Socie	ety	
city, town	Bois	se			stat	l <b>e</b> Idaho

### 7. Description

Condition  excellent deteriorated good ruins X fair unexposed	Check one  X unaltered altered	Check one original siteX_ moved date <u>ca. late 1950s</u>
---	--------------------------------	--

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The MacMillan Chapel is a small vernacular one-story frame church with a steeply pitched gable roof running east and west. The west end contains a single unpaneled central door framed with simple molding. Above the door is a peak-headed window, which is the only other feature on this facade. The north and south facades contain four bays, each with four peak-headed sash windows. The windows constitute the only decorative elements of the structure and are the sole features that indicate the ecclesiastical nature of the building. The sash is two-overtwo-light set in a simple architrave; above this a triangular molding surrounds a vertically divided two-light section that forms the peaked window head. The walls of the chapel display board and batten siding; the corners are marked with plain The chapel is sited in a grove of locust trees on the former vertical boards. MacMillan ranch at the northeast corner of the intersection of North Cloverdale and MacMillan roads, in the Ustick community. The building was moved a few yards back from the intersection in the late 1950's and the orientation changed to face Cloverdale Road.

### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications		landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1899	Builder/Architect W111	Casey and others	

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The MacMillan Chapel, near the intersection of North Cloverdale and MacMillan roads, is a small rural church significant for its association with early settlers and its role in the life of this rural area, which is quickly being encroached upon by suburbs. The MacMillan Chapel is significant because it is the product of the cooperative efforts of the early residents of the area to create a place of worship in their rural community. The unpretentous structure expresses its vernacular origins in the simplicity and utility of its design, the only reference to traditional church architecture being the peak-headed windows and perhaps the board-and-batten siding (rarely seen in this area) recalling a Gothic Revival rrecedent. The very simplicity of the structure and its lack of formal display are expressive of the community that built the chapel and of their view of an appropriate place of worship. The MacMillan Chapel is significant because it records this relationship as it existed in the early years of the Ustick community's settlement.

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

<u>Idaho Daily Statesman</u>, November 15, 1975, p. 9, c. 1-7; March 17, 1935, p. 10, c. 2, Section 1; December 20, 1899, p. 6, c. 2.

10.	Ge	ograp	hica	l Da	ta				
Quadran	of nomingle nam	nated proper e Eagle	ty <u>1.25</u>	acres		_		Quadrangl	e scale 7.5 minute
A 1 1 Zone	5 5 Eastin	3 8 2 p	Northing	2 8 8 1	<u>o</u> ]	B D	Zone Easti	ng	Northing
G					_	F H			
The no	minati	ry descript on includ ion 27, t	es the l	MacMil	Lan Cha	apel and	the prope	exty on wh	ich it stands,
List all	states	and countie	es for pro	perties	overlap	ping stat	e or county	boundaries	
state	N/A			code	N/A	county	N/A		code N/A
state	N/A			code	N/A	county	N/A		code N/A
11.	For	m Pre	pare	d B	У	<u> </u>		10.0 (10.1)	
name/titl	le	Susanne	Lichtens	stein,	Archit	tectural	Historian	ı	
organiza	tion	Idaho St	ate Hist	torical	L Socie	ety	date	June 7, 19	984
street &	number	610 Nort	h Julia	Davis	Drive		telepho	ne (208) :	334–3861
city or to	wn	Boise					state	Idaĥo	83702-7695
		te His inificance of national	****		n the sta		on Off	icer C	ertification
665), I he accordin	ereby noing to the		roperty for procedures	r inclusions set fort	on in the	National R National P	egister and co	ertify that it ha	t of 1966 (Public Law 89– as been evaluated
		distoric			fficer		<u>x</u> voze		28 July 1984
	IPS use ereby ce	only rtify that this	property i	s include	Ent	National Reced in	the	date	9-7-84.
Keep	2 4 Z	National Re	egister					date	
Chief	of Regi	stration			Hay XX		1.44.2 4.44.2	14	

## **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

MacMillan Chapel Continuation sheet

Item number 8

For NPS use only received date entered

Page

In 1899 the Methodist church constructed the simple structure to serve its members in this outlying farming and ranching area. John MacMillan, one of the local ranchers, donated several acres of ground for the building and the chapel was named in his honor. Impetus for this project appears to have come from a number of local residents, among them Matthew and Will Casey, the former serving as the congregation's first Sunday school superintendent and the latter (Matthew's son) participating in the construction of the building along with other community members. The church had its first appointed minister in 1907 when the Reverend Richard Williams of Meridian traveled to the rural chapel on Sunday afternoons after his regular morning service in town. The church saw attendance vary between 30 and 50 for the next quarter of a century and then the chapel was intermittently used by other groups. The building is no longer used by any congregation and stands vacant.