Site No. <u>BV-04-310</u> SIGN SITE # 54

## Utah State Historical Society Historic Preservation Research Office **Structure/Site Information Form**

LESS THAN ONE ACRE

	Street Address:	90 W <del>est</del> 200 North			Plat A Bl	Southwest Nuarter of 44 Lot 2
	Name of Structure:	14 - ( ) I ( ) III			T. R.	S.
	Present Owner:	MacNeil & Alta Jane	Boyter		UTM:12/3	4237650
	Owner Address:	c/o Chole Bishop, Be	aver, UT 8471	_3	<b>Tax #:</b>	3-182-B
AGE/CONDITION/USE 2	Original Owner; Jam	es Boyter	Construction	Date: 1883	Demolition	Date:
		idence				
	Present Use: Single-Family Multi-Family Public Commercial	□ Park □ Industrial □ Agricultural	□ Vacant □ Religious □ Other		Occupan	ts:
	Building Condition: Excellent Good Deteriorated	⊡ Site □ Ruins	Integrity: Integr			
STATUS STATUS	Preliminary Evaluat Significant Contributory Not Contributory Intrusion	ion:		inal Register S National Landmark National Register State Register		
DOCUMENTATION	Photography:         Date of Slides:         Views: Front □ Side □ Rear □ Other □             Views: Front □ Side □ Rear □ Other □					
	Research Sources: Abstract of Title Plat Records Plat Map Tax Card & Photo Building Permit Sewer Permit Sanborn Maps	<ul> <li>City Directories</li> <li>Biographical Encyclo</li> <li>Obituary Index</li> <li>County &amp; City Histori</li> <li>Personal Interviews</li> <li>Newspapers</li> <li>Utah State Historical</li> </ul>	es	□ LDS Church Arct □ LDS Genealogica □ U of U Library □ BYU Library □ USU Library □ SLC Library ✿ Other field	al Society	

Bibliographical References (books, articles, records, interviews, old photographs and maps, etc.):

Mrs. Chole Boyter Bishop, interviewed August, 1976 and 9/12/79 in Beaver, UT by L.L. Bonar

Architect/Builder: James Boyter

Building Materials: brick

## Building Type/Style:

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features: (Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

The home is a  $l_2^1$  story hall and parlor house with a rear extension and has a steeply pitched roof. There is one chimney on the ridge which is different from most of the end-wall chimneys found in Beaver. On the front facade, there is a window-doorwindow piercing pattern on the ground floor while upstairs there are three dormer windows. All are arranged with bilateral symmetry. Above the windows on the ground floor are arched, radiating voussoirs. The front porch displays Greek Revival style columns (Ionic) and there are wooden dentals surrounding the top of the porch. The home rests on a black rock foundation and has a lovely bay window on its west, gable end. There is a west porch on the home that has lathe-turned fancy work and the entire home displays a wide Greek Revival Style cornice. The rear extension on the house was original to the home and the interior staircase, which begins in this rear extension, is also original. The stairs are very steep and instead of running straight, there is a peculiar little curve in them. It is a stop-gap measure, taken to force the stairway to fit into a smaller space than it would take on a straight run, which seems to be an odd contrivance for a builder like James Boyter to resort to. The grounds of the home are very nicely landscaped and include some native plants (juniper trees) that are used in topiary. There is also a nice white wooden fence surrounding the property.

## Statement of Historical Significance:

Aboriginal Americans
 Agriculture
 Architecture
 The Arts
 Commerce

Communication
Conservation
Education
Exploration/Settlement
Industry

- Military
  Mining
  Minority Groups
  Political
  Recreation
- Religion
  Science
  Socio-Humanitarian
  Transportation

The home is significant because of its historic date, its lovely design and its builder. This home was built by James Boyter for himself and his family. Boyter was a Scotsman who sometimes helped his older brother Alexander in the construction industry in Beaver. The Boyter Brothers worked primarily with the pink stone (tuff) and brick and the James Boyter House is one of the finest examples of their work.

James was a sculptor of considerable talent and earned a living carving headstones for the cemetaries in Beaver County. He made extensive use of a white marble with faint blue veins that was imported from Newhouse, a mining town in Western Beaver County. This marble does not take a high polish, but Boyter's work is nonetheless marvelous. Each monument is unique, though he was fond of using a lamb as a symbol on top of many of his headstones. He gave life in stone to such things as lillies, a tree-stump, rich fabrics and braids and each headstone is a work of art in and of itself. He frequently signed his work, but his style of sculpting is instantly recognizable even without his signature.

His home from the outside is very similar to Thomas Frazer's work (Frazer was an earlier Scots mason who was quite active in Beaver). The differences lie in the treatment of the brickwork, the three dormer windows, the floor plan and the chimney placements.