United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

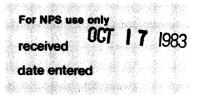
See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Name

First Presbyterian Church of Talladega Alabama historic and/or common Location 130 North Street East N/A not for publication street & number Talladega N/A vicinity of city, town 121 Alabama 01 Talladega state code county code Classification 3. Category Ownership Status **Present Use** _ district _ public <u>X</u> occupied agriculture _ museum __X private __X_building(s) __ unoccupied commercial park private residence ___ structure _ both _ work in progress educational Accessible X religious site **Public Acquisition** entertainment _ in process _ yes: restricted __ object government _ scientific <u>X</u> yes: unrestricted being considered industrial ____ transportation N/A military other: __ no **Owner of Property** 4. The First Presbyterian Church of Talladega name

ATTN: Rev. W. H. Ralston 130 North Street East street & number

Alabama Talladega N/A vicinity of city, town state Location of Legal Description 5 Talladega County Courthouse courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Courthouse Square street & number Talladega Alabama state city, town **Representation in Existing Surveys** 6. yes <u>X</u> no has this property been determined eligible? title Alabama Inventory X state federal local date 1970-present county Alabama Historical Commission depository for survey records Alabama state city, town Montgomery



7. Description

good rui	Check oneerioratedunalteredns	Check one X_original site moved date	
----------	-------------------------------	--------------------------------------------	--

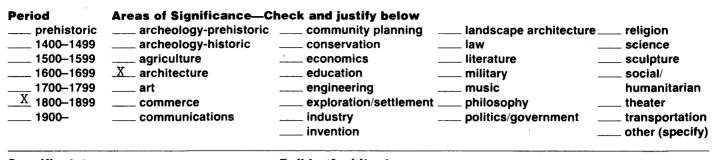
Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

This is a one-story, brick church with an entrance tower and a series of smaller additions on the rear which replaced a small, semi-octagonal apse during this century. The main block of the building measures 58' X 46' and rests on a low brick foundation. The exterior exhibits the major characteristics of the Romanesque Revival, particularly as it was popularized by Samuel Sloan--round-arched windows with heavy hoodmolds, corbled dripmolds, recessed panels, triple round-arched windows in the tower and blind roundels.

In 1910 a small addition was made to the rear to house church support functions and a Sunday school, and in 1949 another addition was made. In 1966, the two earlier additions were rearranged and a third constructed.

The original structure has been little altered. The heating system, originally wood or coal heaters, was replaced first by a hot water furnace and later by gas. The kerosene lamps were converted to gas and later electric lights were installed and the original gas chandaliers removed. A pressed tin ceiling was added probably at the same time. In 1915 the clear glass windows were replaced by art glass. The interior finishes and trim appear to date from this time. At some point the wooden steps were replaced by concrete and in 1957 the steps to the balcony were reversed. Doors leading from the original building to the new additions were added, one in 1949 and the false door opposite was, in 1966, converted to a real opening. These doors are at the front of the sanctuary; prior to 1949 access to the newer part of the building was through a door in the choir loft.

8. Significance



Specific dates 1860-1868

*

Builder/Architect Possibly John S. Stewart

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The First Presbyterian Church of Talladega is architecturally significant as the most fully-developed of the mid-19th century Neo-Romanesque churches built in Alabama. The building has many features of the style as it was popularized by Samuel Sloan and may have been based on a plate from Sloan's The Model Architect. There are three other 19th century churches with strong similarities to the Talladega church--The First Presbyterian Church of Jacksonville (1859-1865, NRHP), Kahl Montgomery (1862) and the First United Methodist Church, Oxford (1875)-leading to speculation that John S. Stewart, Sloan's partner may have provided the plans for these buildings. The Talladega church is the most orthodox expression and the only one to retain (or to have originally had) a monumental spire.

* * * * * * *

· ·

The congregation was organized November 29, 1834, in a log building near the town spring. Shortly thereafter the congregation purchased the current log for the church and erected a 30" X 40" frame building constructed by George and Charles Miller, contractors. By 1859, the congregation had outgrown the earlier structure and had raised by subscription between ten and eleven thousand dollars for the construction of the new church. The congregation determined to begin work on the church in spite of the war, operating on the theory that the money was in hand but might not be available after the war. Consequently, construction began in June of 1861. A local church historian claimed in 1893 that the plans had been provided by a Philadelphia architect and originally included a basement. The plans were subsequently loaned to a Methodist congregation who passed them on to another church. After the roof was framed and shingled, the windows and doors were closed with planking. In 1868, the congregation proceeded with the work and the building was dedicated on October 18, 1868.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Toole, Dr. B. W. ''Historical Sketch of the First Presbyterian Church of Talladega'' Read at the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Dedication of the Church, October 18, 1893

	Coorrenh					
Acreage o	Geograph f nominated property _ le nameTallade; rences	.86		-	Quadra	ngle scale1:62500
A LILG Zone C L L E L L G L L Verbal bo		-		B Zon D F	Easting	Image: Description of the second
	tates and counties (ovorian	ning state o		
state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A	code N/A
state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A	code N/A
organizatio	725 Monmoo		nission	1	date Septer	nber 30, 1983 (205) 832-6621
ity or tow	n Montgomery				state	Alabama
12.	State Hist	oric Pr	ese	rvatior	n Officer	Certification
فتستغلبها ويبدغه اعتباط والهات	ated significance of thi	s property within	n the sta	te is:		
As the des	national					Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-
As the des 665), I here according	national	Preservation Of erty for inclusio cedures set fort	n in the	the National H National Regis	ter and certify that i	t has been valuated
As the des 665), I here according State Histo	national signated State Historic eby nominate this prop to the criteria and proc	Preservation Of erty for inclusio cedures set forth er signature	on in the h by the	the National H National Regis National Park	ster and certify that i Service	t has been valuated
As the des 665), I here according State Histo itle S For NP I her	national signated State Historic eby nominate this prop to the criteria and prop pric Preservation Office	Preservation Of erty for inclusio cedures set forth er signature eservation operty is include	on in the h by the Office ad in the Entere	the National H National Regis National Park	ster and certify that is Service, There are a service and	t has been valuated September 30, 1983

(11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR	HCRS	USE	ONLY			
RECE	IVED					
DATE	E ENTE	ERED.				

1

CONTINUATION SHEET

FHR-8-300A

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE

VERBAL BOUNDARY: A part of Lot No. 88 of Block 133A according to the original survey of the City of Talladega, Alabama; being 150 feet \pm easterly and westerly by 250 feet \pm northly and southerly; bounded on the east by Hill Street, on the south by North Street, and on the west and north by property of The First National Bank (formerly Isbell) of Talladega, Alabama.