KENTUCKY	HISTORIC RESOURCES IN	VENTORY JF-659
1. Historic Name (s) Andrew Hoke House		22. ADD/County Jefferson/Jefferson
Original Owner Andrew Hoke		23. Zoning Classification
Present Name		Magisterial District
Andrew Hoke House		24. U.S.G. S. Quadrant (15'/75')
3. Owner's Name		Jeffersontown
Mr. & Mrs. William P. Waller		25, UTM Reference
4. Owner's Address		1 6 6 2 5 1 3 0 4 2 2 9 3 8 0
2700 Llandovery Dr., Jeffersontown, Ky.		Zone Easting Northing
5. Location		26. Prehistoric Site Object
2700 Llandovery Dr		
6. Open to Public 7. Visible from road	8. Ownership	Building X
Yes No X Yes No 9. Local Contact/Organization Γ	Private X	27. District Yes No X
Jefferson County Office of		Name:
	State	
Historic Preservation	Federal	28. Significance Evaluation
10. Site Plan with North Arrow B598 L 683&4	11. Architect	National Register
HARLECH DJJO I COJUN	Unknown	29. Status Date
	12. Builder	National Landmark
🍽 🤶	Unknown	National Register
	13. Date 1828-01dest	Landmark Certificate
EIF	section	Kentucky Survey
Lots 683,684 Block 598/	14. style	Local Landmark
11 Includes sprnghs	15. Original Use	HABS/HAER
	Residence	30. Theme Primery Architecture
	16. Present Use	
	Residence	Secondary
HT I	17. Condition	Other
MERIONETH	Interior Good	31. Endangered Yes
	Exterior GOOd	No X
18. Description		-
The Andrew Hoke House is a two-story structure		АТТАСН
of white-painted brick with a		РНОТО
ell at the rear. Initially it appears to be a		
typical five-bay, center hall I-house, however,		
it was built in two sections. The oldest por-		
tion, dating from 1828, was built as a two-		
thirds, or side-hall-plan how		
tion was probably built at the (SEE NEXT PAGE)		
19. History		
Andrew Hoke built his brick house in 1828 on		
land then owned by his father, Jacob Hoke.		
Andrew's grandfather, Andrew Hoke I, a Revolu-		
tionary War veteran, had settled in the area		
about 1790. His two sons, Jacob and Peter,		Roll No.
inherited his land at his death in 1800.		Picture No.
Jacob's son, Andrew, was mar	ried to Julia Funk	Direction
in_1824	(SEE NEXT PAGE)	
20. Significance The Andrew Hoke house	is a significant	33. Tape No. Negative No
example of a vernacular Federal-style I-house		34. Prepared by:
which evolved from a two-thirds, or side-hall		Mary Jean Kinsman
plan structure built in 1828. The I-house was		Researcher
Pran peraceare parte in 1020.	The I-house was	
the most commonly used form i	The I-house was n Jefferson County's	s ^{35.} Organization Jefferson County Office
the most commonly used form i rural architecture in the	n Jefferson County's	s ^{35.} Organization Jefferson County Office of Historic Preservation
the most commonly used form i rural architecture in the nineteenth century.	n Jefferson County's	S ^{35. Organization} Jefferson County Office of Historic Preservation 36. Date 25 July 1979
the most commonly used form i rural architecture in the nineteenth century. 21. Source of Information	n Jefferson County's first half of the	s ^{35.} Organization Jefferson County Office of Historic Preservation
the most commonly used form i rural architecture in the nineteenth century. 21. Source of Information Jefferson County (KY) Deed B	n Jefferson County's first half of the poks	S ^{35.} Organization Jefferson County Office of <u>Historic Preservation</u> 36. Date 25 July 1979 37. Revision Dates 38. Staff Review
the most commonly used form i rural architecture in the nineteenth century. 21. Source of Information	n Jefferson County's first half of the poks	S ^{35. Organization} Jefferson County Office of Historic Preservation 36. Date 25 July 1979

18. continued

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same time or very soon after. Woodwork in these two sections has simple moldings. Windows and two doors opening onto a side porch all have similar jack arches of brick. The right side of the main block was a later addition, date unknown. Woodwork in the parlor of this part is more formal-a modified "eared" Greek Revival design. There are panels beneath the windows and paneled reveals. The date "1828" and initials "A.H." are carved in the limestone threshold at the front door. A large stone springhouse is still on the property. A stone chimney and fireplace stand behind the house, but the building, possibly the old kitchen, has been razed. 659 1ag.

19. continued

In 1833 he was given title to 175½ acres of his father's land, presumably including the site where his house stood. Andrew Hoke was married four times and had eleven children. He eventually owned about 200 acres of land, known as "Wheatland" on the 1879 Atlas of Jefferson County. He was a prosperous farmer and one of the founders and directors of the Louisville and Taylorsville Turnpike Company. He died in 1887 and in 1889 the farm was sold out of the family.

21. continued

History of the Ohio Falls Cities and Their Counties, Vol. II (Cleveland; L.A. Williams and Co. 1882), pp. 66-67.

Boundary Description

The boundary of the Hoke house site comprises Lots 683 and 684 in County Block 598, and measures 175 ft. by 250 ft. The site contains the house and springhouse.