### **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	1e			
historic Ti	me Alexander Hotel			
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	204 West Brazell	Street	N,	/A not for publication
city, town Rei	idsville	N/A vicinity of	eengressional dietriet	•
state Georgia	a code	013 county	Tattnall	<b>code</b> 267
3. Clas	sification			,
Category  district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being considered	Status occupied unoccupied _X work in progress Accessible _X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: Vacant
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
	A. Stanfield and He Jack Hill, President/ A) 1301 Weston Dr B) P.O. Box 496	Tattnall County Hi	storic Preservation	n, Inc.
city, town	A) Decatur B) Reidsville	N∕A vicinity of	state	30023 Georgia 30454
	ation of Lega			0001610 30131
		rior Court		
street & number	Tattnall County	Courthouse		
city, town	Reidsville		state	Georgia
	resentation i	n Existing S	_	
titie No:	ne	has this pro	perty been determined eli	igible? yes _X no
date			N <u>/A</u> federal stat	e county local
depository for su	urvey records Non	e		
city, town			state	

# Condition Check one Check one \_\_\_\_excellent X deteriorated \_\_\_\_unaltered X original site \_\_\_\_good \_\_\_\_ruins X altered \_\_\_\_ moved date \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_fair \_\_\_\_unexposed

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Description

The Alexander Hotel, built in 1892, is a two-story wood frame Victorian structure with two twentieth century additions. It sits on an eleven-acre property on West Brazell Street in the center of Reidsville, Tattnall County, Georgia. Six historic outbuildings, including a barn, tool shed, servant quarters, storage building, chicken coop and flower pit are located near the hotel.

The Alexander Hotel is a gable-roofed, wood-frame building that rests on brick piers. The original 1892 structure is a long rectangular building paralleling Brazell Street with a wing that extends foreward near the northeast end. Two-story "L" shaped porches flank both sides of this wing and the long axis of the hotel. The main entrance, a door flanked by rectangular side lights and overlights, is located on the southeast porch. In the 1920's a second wing, also with two story porch, was added to the northwest side. In the 1930's the first floor of the porch along the southwest side was enclosed and extended outward to create more enclosed interior space. The original structure and the 1920's wing are sheathed with German or novelty siding; the 1930's addition has simple weatherboarding. Three interior chimneys rise through the original structure and a fourth exterior chimney is located on the west wall of the 1920's wing. In the 1892 section, the two-over-two windows and the doors are capped with pediment-like moldings.

The basically plain-style building is embellished with a number of decorative elements which give it a Victorian "gingerbread" character. The main roof covering is pressed metal shingles. Two gable ends in the 1892 section have decorative cut shingles and turned brackets under the eaves. The 1892 porches and two hooded balconies on the first floor feature elaborate jig-saw and spindle work in the frieze area; turned, bracketed columns; and railing with turned balusters and a handrail with decorative cutouts. The balcony hoods are crowned with additional spindle work, and the effect is lacy and decorative. Considering the general state of the building, the trim is remarkably well preserved, but many areas have some damage.

The hotel has an irregular floor plan. In the 1892 portion of the building the first floor includes a foyer with stairway, living room, dining room, a kitchen and two bedrooms. The second floor has four small "guest" bedrooms and three larger ones. The 1920's addition has an office, small foyer and bathroom on the first floor, a kitchen area, foyer and another small room on the second. Interior finish details are simple. Walls and ceilings in the 1892 portion of the building are sheathed with beaded tongue and groove boards, laid diagonally below a wide chair rail and vertically above. The same wide, beaded molding with patera blocks is used for the downstairs chair rail, most window and door surrounds and many mantel elements.

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Six historic outbuildings are located near the hotel. To the west are a tool shed/storehouse, servant quarters and hen house, all in very dilapidated condition. The gable-roofed frame tool shed/storehouse has a dog trot plan and is located on the site of a smokehouse. The servant quarters, which may have originally been a detached cookhouse, is a small frame structure sheathed with crude weatherboards and finished inside with tongue-and-groove boards. To the southwest of the hotel, close to Brazell Street, is a brick flower pit, originally glassed on three sides, with a door on the fourth, and with a sunken wood floor. Beyond the flower pit are a storage shed, completely covered with corrugated tin, and a small, wood-frame barn. The barn is open through the center, with animal stalls on one side, feed cribs on the other and a hayloft above.

The Alexander Hotel property, once landscaped with flower and vegetable gardens, is now overgrown with vines, young trees and brush, except in the immediate area of the hotel. A few flowering bulbs remain from beds that were scattered throughout the yard. Behind the 1920's wing were located a grape arbor, the family's large vegetable garden and an even larger field for growing corn and peas. A white picket fence once separated the hotel from Brazell Street.

The Alexander Hotel property is located in the commercial area of downtown Reidsville. Immediately to the northeast, on the adjoining property, is the Tattnall County Courthouse, the County Jail and several other small county office buildings. Across Brazell Street are an auto parts store, a gas station and several office buildings. The terrain drops off suddenly on the north side into a swampy, overgrown area known as Buzzard Bay.

#### BOUNDARY

The boundary of the nominated property includes the acreage historically associated with the Alexander Hotel. This is outlined with a heavy black line on the enclosed Tattnall County Tax Map. The nominated property includes the approximately one acre area where the hotel sits which was recently deeded to Tattnall County Historic Preservation, Inc. and the surrounding ten acres owned by L. A. Stanfield and Helen S. White.

#### **PHOTOGRAPHS**

The Historic Preservation Section has determined that the photographs taken in March, 1981 still represent the character and appearance of the property. No significant changes have been made since that date.

#### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—Carcheology-prehistoricagricultureagriculturearchitectureartcommercecommunications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iterature Indicatory Indicat	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify) local history
Specific dates	1892	Builder/Architect D	. J. Nobles	Total History

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Alexander Hotel built in 1892, is historically significant in the areas of architecture, commerce and local history. Architecturally, the hotel is a rare remaining example of a small, wood late-nineteenth century Victorian Eclectic hotel in Georgia. In terms of commercial history the hotel is a good example of the small hotels established in Georgia's County seats to serve people in town for county government business. In terms of local history the hotel is significant as the home of Dr. Orlando L. Alexander, a prominent local physician, and his family, who built and managed the hotel and resided there for many years. The above areas of significance support property Eligibility under National Register criteria A, B, and C.

The Alexander Hotel, is the best remaining example of a Victorian Eclectic style building in Reidsville, where, during the 1890's, many structures were built in this style. It is one of the few small town hotels, designed in the Victorian Eclectic style remaining in the state. The basically simple building with irregular floor plan and exterior wood decoration is typical of this style as interpreted by small town builder/architects. The Alexander Hotel is particularly important because of the quality and abundance of its decorative trim which includes cut wood shingles in the gables and turned columns, sawn work and spindle work on the porehes and balconies. The hotel was designed and built by D. J. Nobles, a "master carpenter" from nearby Hagan, in Evans County. Nobles is known to have designed over twenty extant buildings in Hagan and as many more in the surrounding area. His residential work is typified by his lavish use of decorative wood trim on exterior porches and by his extensive use of tongue-and-groove boarding for interior finish work. The presence of so many of the historic outbuildings associated with the hotel adds to the property's architectural significance.

The Alexander Hotel is significant in the area of commercial history as an important local example of the small hotels that served Georgia's county seats before the arrival of the automobile. The building served a dual function as residence of the Alexander family and as small town hotel, a combination that seems quite common for the period. The Alexander Hotel was completed in 1892, the same year Reidsville, because of its central location, was named the new county seat of Tattnall County. It is probably the oldest remaining commercial building in the town. The hotel was the grandest of several such hotels built in Reidsville during the 1890's, a period of rapid growth for the town. It is the only one surviving. The proximity of the Alexander Hotel to the Courthouse, and the modern conveniences provided by the Alexanders made it the most popular in town. The building was the first in

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10.	Geograp	hical Data	,				
<b>Wudui a</b> i	ilgle liaille	ty 11 acres 111e East, Georgia		Quadrang	le scale 1:24000		
UMT Re	ferences	•					
<b>A</b> 1 7 <b>Zone</b>		3 <sub>1</sub> 5 5 <sub>1</sub> 0 2 <sub>1</sub> 9 <sub>1</sub> 0 Northing	B <u>117</u> Zone	3 914 21615 Easting	315 510 41615 Northing		
C 1 7	3 9 4 4 3 0	3,5 5,0 3,3,0	D 1,7	3 9 4 2 5 5	3,5,5,0,1,3,0		
G			н 🗀				
Verbai black Secti	line on the end	on and justification losed Tattnall Cou	The property nty Tax Map a	boundary is or	utlined with a heavy d and justified in		
List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries							
state	N/A	code	county		code		
state		code	county		code		
11.	Form Pre	pared By					
		Register ks, National Resear	rcher	· ·			
name/tit		eservation Section			The state of the s		
organiza	ntion Georgia Depa	rtment of Natural I	Resources	date March 5,	1982		
street &	number 270 Was	hington Street SW		telephone 404	656 2840		
city or to	own Atlanta			state Georgia	•		
12.	State His	toric Prese	rvation	Officer C	ertification		
The eval	uated significance of	this property within the st	ate is:				
	national	_X_ state	local		100		
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89–665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.							
State His	storic Preservation Of	ficer signature Eli	with (	To Lyon	•		
iitie <sup>:</sup>	State Historic P	reservation Officer	<b>⊘</b> Elizabeth A :	. Lyon date	4/30/82		
Ear N	IDS use only		San San San James Land College Communities				
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register							
1	Selow	Types !	Entered in National Re		6/17/82		
Keep	er of the National Re	gister			(		
Attes				date			
Chief	of Registration						

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Tattnall County to have electricity (provided by a Delco Plant in the yard) and a telephone. The living room and dining room were the largest in town and made the hotel a popular meeting place for clubs and private parties. Judges and lawyers from as far away as Atlanta stayed there when in Reidsville for court week.

By the 1930's, when the hotel passed into the hands of the Alexander's daughter and her husband, Judge and Mrs. D. L. Stanfield, pervasive use of the automobile had all but eliminated the need for hotel room space in Reidsville. In addition to serving as their residence and the judge's office, the house was run by the Stanfield's as an apartment house for unmarried teachers who worked at the school which adjoined the property.

In the area of local history, the Alexander Hotel is significant as the home of its original owner, Dr. Orlando L. ALexander (1852-1920) and his family. Dr. Alexander was a locally prominent physician, trained at Johns Hopkins University, who in 1905 was appointed a delegate to serve on a state-wide medical conference. It was his wife Emma who urged him to build the combined residence-hotel and who managed the hotel.

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Bibliography

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Hill, Jack. "The Alexander Hotel: National Register Information Outline." December 29, 1980. On file Historic Preservation Section, Georgia Department of Natural Resources.

Stanfield, Mrs. D. L. (daughter of Dr. Alexander). Personal interview conducted by Susan Ham. October 30, 1980.

The Tattnall Journal. July, 1912; September, 1943; February, 1980; April 17, 1980.







