United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type an entire	Complete applicable			
1. Nam	ie		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
historic Alexa	ndria Hotel and Ann	ex		f
and/or common	Plaza Hotel and An	nex		,
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	840-844 Brown Str	eet		not for publication
city, town Napa	t	vicinity of	congressional district	2nd
state Califor	rnia code	e 06 county	Napa	<b>code</b> 055
3. Clas	sification			
Category  district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status _Xoccupiedunoccupiedwork in progress Accessibleyes: restricted _Xyes: unrestrictedno	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty		
name Vicki B	urr-Lawler, Martin	J. Lawler. William	al lawler and Mir	riam lawler
	115 Sansome Street		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TAIL EAN (CI
	Francisco, CA	vicinity of	state	CA 94104
	ation of Leg			0/1 34104
V-7	stry of deeds, etc. Count			
street & number		y necorder, napa c	ouncy courthouse	
				CA 94558
	resentation	in Fyisting		UN 94330
	Resources Inventor	y has this pi	operty been determined e	elegible? yes n
date 1978	C:tc	Nama Diagramia D		ate X county loca
depository for su	urvey records Office o	napa Flanning Depa f Historic Preserv	rtment and Californ ation	1a
city, town Na	pa and Sacramento		state	California

### 7. Description

Condition  excellent  good  fair  X  deteriorated  ruins  unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one  _X original site moved date
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Describe the present and criginal (if known) physical appearance

This three-story brick mission revival hotel with metal tile roofs was built circa 1900-1910. The building next to it was annexed at some early date, and it was changed inside and out to match the main section. There are three square corner towers on the two street facades of the Hotel. The two street facades are identical on the top two floors. The tile is believed formed of tungstun, extremely unusual. The roof has overhanging eaves with modillions and dentils underneath. The towers are divided into three sections by string courses, one right below the third floor windows and the other even with the roofline between the towers. There are sets of three windows with arched brick hood molds on both floors of the tower. The central section has two round headed windows with hood molds flanked by two-story wooden slanted bay windows. All of the windows are one over one sash. Between the bay windows on each side of the Hotel are two wrought iron fire escapes which are not original. The first floor is separated from the upper two floors by an overhanging eave similar to the roof with modillions underneath. The cornice is plain. The large plate glass windows are divided by flat brick pilasters with a doric capital. Above the large glass windows are transoms with twelve lights in each of them.

Alterations include the glazed tile below the first floor windows done in 1939-40. Another is the removal of the wooden balustrade above the front door and what once was a door on the north side facing Second Street which is now a plate glass window. The transoms were once leaded glass in an elongated diamond shape.

The annex predates the Hotel. Within ten years of the building of the Hotel, the facade was changed to match the Hotel. A tile roof with modillions and dentils was added with a string course which is slightly lower than the string course in the main building. On the end of the building, a set of three arched windows identical to the ones in the tower was added. To balance the rest of the annex are two roundheaded windows with a smaller rectangular window in between. They have arched brick hood molds to give them the appearance of the other ones. The windows are one over one sash with three wrought iron balconies. The overhanging eave dividing the first floor from the other floors is extended to include the annex, likewise, the transoms, the pilasters and the glazed tile. There are two different shops in the annex, so the plate glass windows have doorways. However, the overall effect is the same as it is in the Hotel.

### Alterations:

At an unknown date the following alterations were made:

- 1. Original fire escapes have been replaced with larger ones with counterbalanced ladders.
- 2. Balustrades above entries have been removed.

In 1939-40, the brick column bases and show windows bulkheads were covered with black tile, the front of the bar was remodeled and the spandrel glass was replaced. The front of the restaurant was remodeled with grooved plywood and canted glass.

There are two existing lightwells in the Hotel installed to afford light and ventilation to the second and third floor Hotel rooms. The annex has three shallow lightwells that open to clerestory windows in the second floor bathrooms.

### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 X 1800-1899 X 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	landscape architecture _ law _ literature _ military _ music _ philosophy _ politics/government	religion cuestion
Specific dates	1904-1910 (Hotel)	Builder/Architect of Hote	, William H. Cor	lett

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Alexandria Hotel and annex strongly exemplify California's Mission-Mediterranean architecture at the turn of the century. Although the Mission-Style was based largely upon a romanticized ideal of California's Spanish Mission architecture, it also fit into a broader context—the Mediterranean imagery of California of the late 19th and early 20th centuries. Old World Mediterranean design influences including those of Italian villas, palazzos, and farmhouses, were incorporated frequently into California's Mission Revival buildings. Here, the Italianate elements are clearly seen in carrying out the Mission-Mediterranean theme of the building. Its overall integrity of design makes it an excellent local example of an important phase of California's early 20th century architecture.

The Hotel was designed by William H. Corlett. Mr. Corlett was born on the Isle of Man, England on March 21, 1856. He was known as an excellent architect, having designed several fine building in the Napa Valley, the Alexandria being the only commercial building still standing. He was renowned for his establishment of a large architectural and planning office. He was especially interested in intelligent building design and planning.

The original blueprints for the Hotel (attached) show that the building was designed for one Charles Dryer. However, Mrs. Arlene Hughel (nee Alexander) and her sister state that it was always their understanding that their father, William Frank Alexander, had the Hotel designed and built for his wife, their mother, Mrs. Alexander, after whom the Hotel was named.

The Alexander sisters recall their mother as somewhat of a feminist for the period. Mrs. Alexander wished to have her own business and income separate from her husband's. She proved herself to be a very successful hotel operator. Some few years after the Alexandria was built, she sold it and built another hotel one half block away, the Conner Hotel (which was demolished by the City of Napa about five years ago) which she operated for many years.

Guests of the Hotel were salesmen, attorneys, circuit judges, other professionals and individuals who lived too far away from the city center to accomplish their business in one day and required lodging for the night.

It was apparently the new owner who annexed 844 Brown Street to the Hotel.

The name was changed to the Plaza either at the time Mrs. Alexander sold it or in 1939-40 when the major remodeling was done.

844 Brown Street was formerly the Napa Roachedale Union, a very successful general store. It was actively in operation in 1908 when the attached photo, Number 1, was taken. It is unknown how long before that it was built. The Main Street side of the annex was occupied by Newman's Mens Clothing Store, as shown in photo, Number 6, taken in 1904.

9. N	lajor	Bibliog	aphical	References
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Architecture in Napa: A Guide to the Land, the Buildings, and the Styles of Napa County Napa Landmarks. (Napa, CA 1978).

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10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of nominated property 0.18 acres  Quadrangle name Napa  UMT References	*See attached Supplemental Sheet  Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
A 1 0 5 6 2 6 2 0 4 2 3 8 9 6 0  Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
C	D
	nominated property is an irregularly shaped 0.5' rectangle with a 60' by 35.5' eastern
List all states and counties for properties overlapp	ing state or county boundaries
state N/A code	county code
state code	county code
name/title Vicki Burr-Lawler, Owner organization N/A	April 26, 1980 date Revised June 25, 1980
street & number 115 Sansome Street, Suite 111	1 telephone (415) 391-2010
city or town San Francisco	state CA 94104
12. State Historic Preser	vation Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state	e is:
national state X	local
665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the N according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the H	eritage Conservation and Recreation Service.
State Historic Preservation Officer signature  Little Syake Nasyouc Gusunation  For HCRS use only	m Ellin
title State Nistoric Guservation	U att car date 10-20-81
I hereby certify that this property is included in the I	
	National Register 1980 VIII 2
Keeper of the National Registric	The Court of the C
Attest: Child Chillian	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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#### **CONTINUATION SHEET**

ITEM NUMBER 9

PAGE 2

History of Solano and Napa Counties. T. J. Gregory. Los Angeles: Historic Record. 1912.

Napa City and County Portfolio and Directory, 1908. H. A. Darms. (Napa, CA, 1908).

Napa County Historic Resources Inventory; Napa City Landmark Evaluation. Napa County Samborn Map (Fire Insurance).

#### Interviews:

Mr. Jess Doud, Executive Director, Napa County Historical Society, 12/28/79 and 1/31/80.

Mrs. Arlene Hughel (nee Alexander), 215 East Napa Street, Sonoma, CA (Daughter of original owner), 6/11/80, 6/2/80.

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CONTINUATIO	N SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	PAGE	
Sketch Map			1	
		D STREET		
REET	Parcel #1  Alexandria Hotel  Accessor's No. 3-222-01			MAINSTR
BROWNST	n Alexandria	1 #2 Hotel Annex No. 3-222-04	35.5	E E F
	Alexandria Hotel and Ar Napap, Napa County, Cal	nne <b>x</b> Lifornia		DE0 8 1981





