city, town

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name		€ John y Borner F.E.s.	
historic Longfellow/Hastings H	louse	JUN 2	JYED J 1381
and/or common Octagon House	,		
2. Location			
street & number 85 South Aller	Ave nue		_ not for publication
city, town Pasadena	······································	congressional district	*******
state California code	06 eounty	Los Angeles	code 037
3. Classification			
district public XX building(s) XX private structure both site Public Acquisition object in process being considered	Status XX occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible XX yes: restricted yes: unrestricted unotational	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park XX_ private residence religious scientific transportation
4. Owner of Propert	У	Merodath Me	お店でなっ
name Walter K. Hastings	. , l	and an analysis of the	1 - \$
street & number 85 South Allen			
city, town Pasadena	vicinity of	state C	alifornia 91106
5. Location of Lega	l Descripti	on	
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Off:	ice of the Ass	essor, County of	Los Angeles
street & number 300 East Wa	alnut St.		
city, town Pasadena		state	California
6. Representation in	n Existing	Surveys	
<u>A Guide to Architecture :</u> title and Southern California		operty been determined elec	jible? <u>yes X</u> no
date 1977 D. Gebhard and R.	Winter	federal state	county local
depository for survey records general	l distribution	in libraries	

state

7. Description

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Longfellow/Hastings octagon house is a two-story tongue-and-groove sided structure with a belvedere, basement, and brick foundation. The house, 38 feet in diameter with each wall 16 feet in length, contains four square rooms on each floor. As originally constructed at 1515 San Pasqual Street in 1893, the house possessed a continuous verandah, and a large combination barn/carriage shed was located behind the house. Neither was moved when the house was relocated about one mile away in 1917 to 85 South Allen Avenue. After the move two new porches were constructed, however no other exterior alterations have since been made. The house is presently situated in a neighborhood developed primarily in the 1920's with two lots on single family houses. Today the area is punctuated with apartment buildings several stories in height. The lots contain no surfaced driveways or walkways, and despite having only a 20 foot setback, dense trees and shrubbery almost totally obscure the house from view. On the north side of the property behind the house is a one-story, gabled, vertical wood plank garage with swinging doors. The design indicates a construction date contemporary to the 1917 relocation. The garage is also enclosed by foliage.

The symmetrical fenestration pattern comprises tall one over one sash windows, one per floor on the north, east, south, and west elevations, two per floor on the adjoining four faces. The window surrounds are plain wide boards applied over the siding. Some original window screens and hinges remain, forming a flush surface with the surrounds when in place.

The ornamentation consists of a classical frieze and dentilated cornice below the projecting roofline. The deterioration of the shake roof has resulted in water damage under the eaves.

The octagonal belvedere crowning the truncated pyramidal roof contains a large window on each face except the southeast, where the remaining one of two original central, brick, corbelled chimneys projects through the roof. The belvedere mirrors the main structure design of frieze, dentilated cornice, and projecting roof. A finial tops the pyramidal belvedere roof.

The house has several porches and entrances. The main entrance porch (east elevation), one-story in height with a shallow pitch pyramidal roof, was constructed after the relocation. Plain square posts with bases and capitals of larger wooden blocks, reminiscent of classical design, replaced the original turned supports. They carry, however, the same frieze and dentilated cornice elements of the main structure, perhaps reused from the original verandah. Concerning the entrance, the frames of the front double doors and transom repeat the window surround design. A large window

(see continuation sheet)

FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET 1

ITEM NUMBER 7

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occupies the upper section of each door, while the lower contains three rectangular panels, one horizontally aligned above two vertically, all emphasized by bold moldings. A side entrance (north elevation) consists of a five panel door (top two panels now glass), transom, screen door, and small shed roof. The entrance porch along the southwest and south elevations was also added after the relocation. It is enclosed, screened on the upper section, with matchboard siding below.

No detailed description of the interior is available, since the owner has refused to allow viewing.

8. Significance

	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture XX architecture art commerce communications		law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1893, c.1917	Builder/Architect G	ilbert Longfellow	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Longfellow/Hastings house merits recognition as a rare Western example of an architectural style in which only a limited number of structures remain extant through the entire United States.

Gilbert Longfellow, a native of Maine and cousin of poet Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, was engaged in farming and the lumber business in Roque Bluffs, Maine, near Machias. It is known that he owned an 1856 edition of A Home for All, or the Gravel Wall and Octagon Mode of Building written by Orson Squire Fowler, the primary advocate of that style. Shortly thereafter, Longfellow had an octagon house constructed on the shores of the Atlantic Ocean. His association with the West began in the early 1890's, when Longfellow accompanied one of his sons who was in ill health to Southern California. Believing the climate would be better for his son's recuperation, he moved the entire family to Pasadena in 1893. He then superintended construction of a second octagon house for his family, repeating the overall design of the earlier structure, although substituting a belvedere for the balustraded roof deck. The design employed by Longfellow--two stories with four large square rooms on each floor, a front and rear entrance, central stairway and chimneys--was one Fowler preferred. It retained, the author noted, "all the peculiarities and advantages of our octagon style, namely compactness and contiguity of rooms, central stairway, closets, and bedrooms and more sunshine in every room." Longfellow lived in the house until his death in 1912, and ownership has remained continuously with descendants, the present owner being his grandson Walter K. Hastings.

The Longfellow/Hastings house received two local honors in 1973, named a city landmark by the Cultural Heritage Commission of the City of Pasadena and listed as a historical landmark in the Greater Los Angeles area by the Cultural Heritage Board of the City of Los Angeles. In both instances the boards echoed the observation of noted architectural historians David Gebhard and Robert Winter that the Longfellow/Hastings octagon house is worthy of preservation, since it represents "one of the few tributes to Orson Squire Fowler's ideas remaining in California."¹

¹D. Gebhard and R. Winter, <u>A Guide to Architecture in Los Angeles</u> and <u>Southern California</u>, 1977, pp. 348-349.

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9. Major Biblio	graphica	I Referer	nces	,
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10. Geographi	cal Data			
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			ounty boundaries	
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11. Form Prepa	ared By			
name/title Richard J. Si	cha	Research	Assistant	
			1000 0000 10 00000 10 0000 10 1	
organization Pasadena Her	itage	d	ate 25 June 19	981
street & number 54 West Co	lorado Blvd.	te	elephone 213/793	8-0617
	TOTUGO DIVG.	•		
city or town Pasadena			tate, California	
12. State Histo	oric Prese	ervation	Officer Ce	rtification
The evaluated significance of this	property within the s	state is:		
national	X state	local		
As the designated State Historic P		or the National Histo	nic Preservation Act o	f 1966 (Public 1 aw 89-
665), I hereby nominate this proper according to the criteria and proce	rty for inclusion in th	he National Register	and certify that it has	been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer		12 mel		
	Signature			t Fard
title			date 👔	2-22-81
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this prop	erty is included in t	he National Register		·
William H. Br			EAC.	a o
	when		date 3	2-8-2-
Keeper of the National Register				
Attest:			date	
Chief of Registration		Maria and a second s		

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EAST COLORADO BOULEVARD

