# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM 



Russian Orthodox Church Buildings and Sites in Alaska
CONTINUATION SHEET
ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 28 of 53
5. UNALTERED
6. ORIGINAL SITE

This is a modest church building, reportedly constructed soon after 1900, in the style and of the dimensions of the preceding small R. O. church at Naknek, prior to its enlargement. The main chamber of this church retains its original size, and its original north and south wall lighting by three sets of windows. The entry vestibule, which is unfinished in the Naknek church, here has been finished. The building's exterior is neatly painted white and the two roofs are neatly shingled in red. Along the south wall of the vestibule is a rack with two medium-sized bells, rung by lanyards from within. Excepting for modest R. 0 . crosses near the east and west ends of the higher roof ridge line, this could be mistaken for a village schoolhouse. (Kreta, Notes; Kreta/Merculief, Photos).

QUAD: Nushagak Bay

1. St. Nicholas Chapel (AHRS SITE NO. XNB-011)
2. LOCATION
a. NA
b. Ekuk
c. NA
d. Alaska
e. 02
f. Bristol Bay Division
g. 070
3. AHRS DATE: May 18, 1973
4. CONDITION: Good
5. ALTERED
6. ORIGINAL SITE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINA TION FORM 

Russian Orthodox Church Buildings and Sites in Alaska
ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 29 of 53

This is a cannery community constructed on twelve acres of land, near the Nushagak River. There is no school and only a few families remain here year round. The church was built in 1918 or 1919 , replacing an older church of undetermined vintage, and has been enlarged. Typical of these small churches, but for the modest church symbols, the building would be mistaken for a rural schoolhouse. (Kreta, Notes; Kreta/Merculief, Photos).

When constructed, this building was a rectangle, approximately $21^{\prime}$ in length by $16^{\prime}$ in width, covered by a low-angle hip roof. This is the present nave segment of the structure. The two sets of double-hung windows on the north and south walls were original equipment. At some unspecified date 13 feet were added to the length of the west end and the chamber enlarged. Another 12-1ight doublehung window sash was added to the south wall extended, but the parallel space on the north wall was at that time utilized either for an entrance or a small window, probably the former. The hip roof was extended to a gable at the west end. The chamber then was $34^{\prime}$ in length and $16^{\prime}$ in width. Subsequently an enclosed entranceway vestibule was added to the west wall, with a pyramidal roofed cupola atop the roof, and the high cross rising from its peak. Another cross rises from the east end of the main roof ridge, and over the double-leaf entranceway there is an attempt at symbolism in the form of sunburst or rainbow that appears to have more Native than R. 0. tradition at its root. (Ibid.)

QUAD: Nushagak Bay

1. Transfiguration of Our Lord Chapel (AHRS SITE NO. XNB-012)
2. LOCATION
a. NA
b. Nushagak
c. Clark's 'Point
d. Alaska
e. 02
f. Bristol Bay Division
g. 070
3. AHRS DATE: May 18,1973
4. CONDITION: Fair

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM 

## FOR HERS USE OMI <br> REIETVED 

DATEENERED
ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 4 of 6

QUAD: NUSHAGAK BAY (D-2)
St. Nicholas Church, Ekuk (AHRS SITE NO. XNB-011)
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: Building is sited on U.S. Survey map sheet 862 , enclosed. Also sited on BLM Photographic Atlas, "Ekuk 1963".

QUAD: NUSHAGAK BAY (D-2)
Transfiguration of Our Lord Chape1, Nushagak (AHRS SITE NO. XNB-012)
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: Building is sited at center of base of panhandle of Russian Greek Mission Reserve, survey diagram enclosed, sited north of Bergman's Lot and east of Mitlendorf's Lot, on U.S. Survey map sheet 866 , enclosed. Also sited on BLM Photographic Atlas, "Nushagak 1963".

QUAD: PORT MOLLER (B-2)
St. Nicholas Chape1, Sand Point (AHRS SITE NO. XPM-007)
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: Building is sited in remote Alaskan Native village on prominent lot adjacent to waterfront at south border of town burial ground at head of navigation on Humboldt Harbor.

QUAD: Pribilof Islands
St. George the Great Martyr Orthodox Church, St. George Island (AHRS SITE NO. XPI-004)
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: Building is sited on town lot in community of St. George, center of front stoop 400 feet due east of high water mark and 1,888 feet west $42^{\circ}$ north of community main fuel supply tank. Sited on BLM Photographic Atlas, "St. George 1967".

QUAD: PRIBILOF ISLANDS
Saints Peter and Paul Church, St. Paul Island (AHRS SITE NO. XPI-003)
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: By virtue of steeple and high cross, building is highest elevation on tombolo formation in area between village cove and Lukanin Bay, as sited on U.S. Survey map sheet 4800, enclosed. Also sited on BLM Photographic Atlas, "St. Paul 1967".

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PlACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE OMLY
RECEIVED AUG 211979
DATEENTEAED

Orthodox Russian Church Buildings and Sites in Alaska
CONTINUATIONSHEET . ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 8 of 15

QUADRANGLE NAME: Nushagak Bay (D-2)

LOCATION: Ekuk St•Nicholas Church
NAME OF PROPERTY AND AHRS NUMBER: Ele (AHRS SITE NO. XNB-011)

QUADRANGLE SCALE: 1: 63, 360
UTM REFERENCE:
ZONE: $\quad$ @ 4
EASTING: $5 \underline{2} \underline{6} \underline{5} \underline{5}$
NORTHING: $6 \underline{5} \underline{1} \underline{7} \underline{7} \underline{9}$

QUADRANGLE NAME: Nushagak Bay (D-2)
LOCATION:
Nushagak
NAME OF PROPERTY AND AHRS NUMBER: Transfiguration of our Lord Chape1 (AHRS SITE NO. XNB-012)

QUADRANGLE SCALE: $1: 63,360$
UTM REFERENCE:
ZONE: $\underline{0} 4$
EASTING: $5 \underline{2} \underline{9} \underline{3} \underline{9} \underline{3}$
NORTHING: $6 \underline{5} \underline{3} \underline{4} \underline{2} \underline{0} \underline{3}$


