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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### **JATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

		US		

JUN 1 9 1979 AUG 2 2 1979 RECEIVED DATE ENTERED SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS THE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

HISTORIC	Thomas Avery House			
AND/OR COMMON	Smith-Harris House			
LOCATIO	N			
STREET & NUMBER	Society Road			
CITY, TOWN	East Lyme	Niantic	NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	СТ
STATE	en e	_ VICINITY OF	#2 county New London	CODE
	Connecticut	·	New London	
CLASSIFI	JAHON			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESE	NTUSE
DISTRICT _XBUILDING(S)	X_PUBLIC PRIVATE	$\underline{x}_{UNOCCUPIED}$ (temporar	AGRICULTURE 'ily)COMMERCIAL	ϪMUSEUM PARK
	_BOTH	X WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE YES: RESTRICTED		RELIGIOUS
	INFROCESS	YES: UNRESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL	SCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
<b>OWNER O</b>	<b>F PROPERTY</b>			
NAME	Town of East Lyme			
STREET & NUMBER	108 Pennsylvania Aver	nue		
CITY, TOWN	De et Irme		STATE	
	East Lyme		Connect	Lcut 06357
LOCATIO	N OF LEGAL DESCI	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS	Office of the To	•		
	East Lyme Town H	Jall		
STREET & NUMBER	l08 Pennsylvania			
	East Lyme Town I		state Connect:	icut 06357
STREET & NUMBER	108 Pennsylvania	a Avenue		icut 06357
STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN REPRESEI	East Lyme Town F 108 Pennsylvania East Lyme	A Avenue		icut 06357
STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN REPRESEI	East Lyme Town F 108 Pennsylvania East Lyme NTATION IN EXIST	A Avenue <b>TING SURVEYS</b> Places		icut 06357

CITY, TOWN Hartford STATE Connecticut

# 7' DESCRIPTION

	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE	
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	ORIGINAL SITE	
XGOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED DATE	_
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Thomas Avery House (1845/1846) is located in the Town of East Lyme, north of Niantic Center (See Item #10, Page 2). The house is approximately one-half mile south of Interstate 95 and one-half mile west of Flanders Road (Connecticut Rt. 161), in the small valley plain between the Oswesgatchie Hills and Ceaser Mountain. The house is set back from Society Road approximately 500' on a tree-lined gravel drive.

The original farm included at least 140 acres, which was purchased by the Town of East Lyme in 1955. Part of this parcel is currently being used for light industry, and another was utilized as the site of two town schools (see Item #10, Page 2). Approximately 25 acres of undisturbed land to the west of the road leading to the house, and to the north and west of the building, comprises the nominated property. This land provides an important setting for the house, consistent with its historical use as a farm. Moreover, this parcel has intrinsic importance itself because of its continued agricultural use until recent years, and its archeological potential.

There has been residential development in close vicinity, and Route 161 is commercially developed near the I-91 interchange. However, due to its distance from the road, and the undeveloped land immediately surrounding it, the Thomas Avery House maintains a degree of isolation. The East Lyme Junior High School and Lillie B. Haines Elementary School to the east are visually screened by plantings and trees along the drive. An open playing field extending to Robbins Brook is directly east of the house.

Important agricultural artifacts remain on the property. Near the turn-around next to the house is a small frame corn crib, the remains of the stone wall of an ice-house built into a bank of ground, and the foundation of a large barn. An old well under the new porch may yield archeological information; artifacts found on hilly ground to the northwest suggest the presence of additional areas for investigation. An untended orchard on a rise of ground northeast of the house, and stone walls which crisscross the property to the north, suggest early field patterns and land use.

The Thomas Avery house is a good rural example of the vernacular Greek Revival style, and is extremely well-preserved. The house is a two-and-one-half story, rectangular block (23'x45') with a one-story kitchen wing (10' in length). (Pho-to #1,3 & 4) The main facade has a pedimented gable. The house rests on a full basement and a foundation of long slabs of local granite. The walls retain original clapboarding, with horizontal flush boarding on the facade. The roof is of cedar shingles, replaced during the recent restoration.

The three-bay wide facade with side entrance displays typical architectural treatment of the period. (Photos #5,6 &7) Pilasters at the corner with squared, recessed panels support an entablature with plain architrave and frieze. The deeply projecting pediment of the gable encloses a raised triangular moulding. The square gable window has a geometric pattern of small rectangular lights in wooden muntins. The entrance porch is a replacement, carefully reproduced from an early photograph. The square columns repeat the recessed panels employed on the corner pilasters, and support a heavy, clearly articulated entablature. The six-panelled doorway is framed by sidelights and a transom. FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Thomas Avery House East Lyme, Connecticut FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED JUN 1 9 1979 DATE ENTERED AUG 2 2 1979

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The exterior is treated in a simple but confident manner. The entablature is continued on all walls under the heavy cornice. Plain corner-boards define the edges of the wall surfaces. The windows have original, double-hung sash with six-oversix lights; the sash on the rear windows on the second floor have been altered.

Attached to the rear of the building is a one-story kitchen wing with a lean-to, slightly-pitched roof. (Photo #2) At the northwest corner is a small, one-story, open porch with a similar roof, a recent design by the restoration architect, which replaces in part a one-story deteriorated ell (probably 18th century in origin).

The interior has a plan commonly found in a long, side-hall house. (See Item 7, Page 4.) The stairhall opens to a small parlor on the left and a similarly-sized room to the rear. The latter, in turn, connects to a narrow side room to the left, and a kitchen to the rear. The kitchen provides access to a back stairway, back entranceway, and the kitchen-pantry rear wing.

The interior finish work is of uniformly high quality. Although not elaborate, it displays careful craftsmanship, good proportion, and a consistent use of the clear, clean lines and bold mouldings of the Greek Revival style. The stairhall illustrates the use of flat surfaces and crisp lines. (Photo #10) The balusters of the stair-case are sleek, narrow at the top and widening to simple turnings at the base. The thin, simple handrail terminates in a curving spiral with a carved snake's head at the newel post. (Photo #11) The front parlor is distinguished by relatively extensive decoration (Photo #8 & 9) All three windows and the door have wide casings with projecting mouldings at the edge, eared at the top. The fireplace is plain, with a simple, projecting mantel. The walls also are plain, with a wide baseboard (11"), plastered walls, and simple cornice moulding. The doors and six-panelled, with lengthened upper panels as on the entrance door.

Elsewhere on the first floor a similar wall treatment is employed; however, the door and window casings have flat mouldings and are not eared. Doors have clearly defined recessed panels. In a few cases, plasterboard replaces the original plaster, removed when electric wiring was installed during the restoration. Additional notable features are original hardware and small, built-in closets.

The two kitchen rooms are exceptional for the survival of early features. In the lean-to kitchen are built-in shelves and a sink. The rear chimney stack has been largely rebuilt to comply with current fire regulation, but accurately reproduces the large bake oven.

The second floor plan is nearly identical to that of the first floor and employs similar finishes. The rear rooms have been converted to quarters for the resident custodians in a sensitive manner. An interesting feature is wide boards with beaded edges dating from the 18th century, reused to finish the stairway to the attic and parts of the attic itself. These may originate from an earlier house which stood on FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

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the site, part of which survive in the old ell aforementioned.

The restoration program, begun in 1974, under the direction of Architect Robert Carter, consisted primarily of consolidating original materials. A security and fire-prevention system, and electric hear and wiring have been installed in a relatively unobtrusive manner.

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DATE ENTERED

AUG 2 2 1979





PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	XARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	XAGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

#### SPECIFIC DATES

**BUILDER/ARCHITECT** 

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Thomas Avery House (commonly known as the Smith-Harris House) is significant (criteria c) because it is a very good and well-preserved example of a Greek Revival style rural house, with distinctive detail. Together with its surroundings, the Avery House is an important illustration of an early settlement and agricultural life in East Lyme.

The Avery House has the temple form, clean, crisp lines, and bold mouldings which characterize the Greek Revival style. Typical also is the pedimented gable with window. Clearly vernacular in design and execution, the house reflects the hand of a master builder comfortable with the aesthetic of the style. Indicative of the relative wealth of its owners, the house is distinguished from similar examples by its solidity of form and decoration. Notable features are the flushboarding of the facade, full Doric entablature, and on the interior, the eared windows and doors of the parlor and finely-turned stairway. Equally important is the nearly intact survival of the kitchen facilities, including sink and built-in shelves.

The house and grounds are also important remnants of a small farming settlement in 18th-19th century East Lyme. The greater part of the present Town of East Lyme was originally the Second or East Ecclesiastical Society of Lyme. The meeting house of the Society was located just southwest of the Avery House and nearby were the parsonage and cemetery.

The Averys were active farmers in the immediate area since at least 1751 when Jonathan Avery (1737-1805) acquired four pieces of land adjoining that "laid out to the Meeting House" from Daniel Smith. A "dwelling house" on this property may have survived in part as the old ell to the Thomas Avery House (removed during the restoration due to its deteriorated condition). Jonathan Avery's son, Abraham (1764-1834) inherited part interest in the farm of his father and consolidated full title from the other heirs between 1856 and 1865. It is likely that Thomas built the now-standing Greek Revival house in 1845 or 1846. A newspaper, The Christian Freeman, dated August 7, 1845, was found behind the plaster in the parlor during restoration work. Moreover, an 1846 deed from Thomas Avery, giving life rights to parts of "my now dwelling house" to his sisters, includes a description of rooms in conformance to the existing plan. In the Land Records of East Lyme is a Quit Claim deed from John Clark of East Lyme (for \$125) to Thomas Avery for "a Dwelling House that I built on said Avery's land in the Town of East Lyme Southerly of the Congregational Meeting House in said Town." It is dated July 20, 1849, and may refer to this house. The location given is not consistent with that of this house; however, this may be an error in transcription.

The farm remained in the Avery family until 1877 when it was sold to William H. Smith. Smith increased the extent of the property as far east as Robbins Brook. In 1921

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Lyme Land Records 1719-1839

East Lyme Land Records 1839-1955

Marvin, Althea C., "History of the Niantic Community Church: 250th Anniversary, 1710-1969" Little, J. David, "Revolutionary Lyme: A Portrait, 1765-1783" (Town of Old Lyme, 1976)

<b>10 GEOGRAPHICAL D</b>	АТА			·
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERT	ry Approximately 30			
QUADRANGLE NAME Niant	ic, Connecticut		QUADRANGLE SCALE	1:24,000
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRI				
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corresponds to the two we				
quired by Town of East Lyn LIST ALL STATES AND C	COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING ST	ATE OR COUNTY BOU	NDARIES Town Hal
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNT		
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
				····
<b>11 FORM PREPARED</b>	BY			
	Cleary, Consultan	ł		. A
Dai bai a mili	oreary, consurvan			, 
ORGANIZATION The Greater	Middletown Preser	vation Trust	date April	3, 1979
STREET & NUMBER 27 Washingt	on Street		TELEPHONE (203)	346-1646
CITY OR TOWN Middletown			STATE Conne	cticut
<b>12 STATE HISTORIC </b>	PRESERVATION	OFFICER CH	ERTIFICATIO	N
	ATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T			
	STATE		LOCAL <u>x</u>	
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As the designated State Historic Pre				
hereby nominate this property for i criteria and procedures set forth by		gister and certify that	it has been evaluated	according to the
citteria and procedures set forth by		$\frown$		
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFF	ICER SIGNATURE	for an	flum	
TITLE Director, Connect	icut Historical Cor	mission	DATE June	12, 1979
FOR NPS USE ONLY HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS I	PROPERTY IS INCLUDED I	NTHE NATIONAL REG	SISTER	
fight and	Shull		DATE	22-79
ATTEST: Forum Mu	Begister Omfa			10/19
CHIEF OF RECISTRATION	0			,

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Smith transferred title to his brother, Herman W. Smith, and to his nephew, Frank Harris, who sold the house to the Town of East Lyme in 1955. Mr. Harris' and Mr. Smith's windows occupied the house, which is commonly known in the town as the Smith-Harris House, until the 1970s. The house remained without electricity or plumbing until approximately 1970 (when it was minimally equipped with a water-pump hookup to the kitchen sink). Consequently many original interior features are preserved intact.

The land immediately around the house has traditionally been used for small gardens, orchards, animal pens, storage and processing, while the major fields were primarily to the west (now partly used for other purposes). An 1845 deed to Thomas Avery locates a garden to the northeast of the house, another "West Garden" to the northwest of the house, a waggon house, and a cowyard to the southwest (East Lyme Land Records, Vol. 1, p. 466). In the mid-19th century the Averys raised cattle and sold dairy products. The Harrises continued to operate a small-scale dairy and produce farm, and the mid-20th century diary of Frank Harris (owned by the Smith-Harris Commission) documents the farm's use in detail during this period.

Although the farm has now diminished in size, with some land to the north appropriated for Interstate 95 and a piece to the east used for two East Lyme schools, the remaining, undisturbed, grounds preserve early field patterns and outbuildings. Under the direction of the Smith-Harris House Commission, the house has been carefully and thoughtfully restored for use as a musuem open to the public. Possible plans for the property include returning the land to its traditional use as a working farm. The well-preserved house, the continued agricultural use of the land since the 18th century, the remains of early outbuildings, and the existence of documents and archeological evidence which indicate historic land use create an excellent opportunity for the interpretation of this Greek Revival farmhouse and historic landscape. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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