United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic -THE FRANKLIN PIERCE HOUSE

and/or common THE FRANKLIN PIERCE HOUSE

2. Location

street & number	52 South Main Str	eet		not for publication
city, town	Concord	vicinity of	congressional district	2
state		de 33 count	y Merrimack	code 013
3. Clas	sification			
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	entertainment government	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty	se pite	
name	Muriel and John G	ravelle	SUPTERS FURTERS	the property of the
street & number	48 South Main Str		CAN SERVICE AND	
city, town	Concord	vicinity of	state	New Hampshire 03

For HCRS use only

1379

5 919

received AUG C

date entered

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Merrimack County Registry of Deeds

street & number	Merrimack County Registry of Deeds Merrimack County Courthouse 163 North Main Street					
city, town	Concord	state New H	ampshire 0330			
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing Surveys				
title	None	has this property been determined elegible? _	yesno			
title date	None	has this property been determined elegible?				

7. Description

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

<u>Present Appearance</u>: The Franklin Pierce house is a square masonry structure in the French Second Empire style. The exterior brick walls have been treated twice: first with mastic grooved to give the appearance of brownstone and secondly with lime-cement stucco. The patterned slate Mansard roof has dentilled cornice moulding and symmetricallyspaced dormer windows enriched by pediments and pilasters. Groups of triple brackets support the roof eaves. The round-headed central doorway consists of two doors with upper portions of glass. The entrance porch has square columns that support a flat roof decorated by paired brackets beneath its projecting eaves. A pair of roundheaded windows are located directly above the entranceway. Narrow four-over-four paired windows with rectangular arches are located throughout the remainder of the building. The south elevation has a bay window with paired modillions supporting its projecting eaves. An ell is attached to the rear (west) elevation.

The east elevation faces Main Street and has a terraced lawn bordered by large granite blocks and an ornate cast-iron fence. There are two granite historical markers on the front lawn. One relates to General Pierce's occupancy and death. The other denotes the lot as the site of Garrison Number 7, one of the log forts constructed for defense against Indian attacks in 1747.

Original Appearance: The Franklin Pierce house was constructed in 1852 as a three story square brick structure with a flat roof, in the Italianate style. The house originally contained a parlor, hall, sitting room and dining room on the first floor, and four rooms on the second; a kitchen was located at the rear of the building. Later in the nineteenth century, subsequent to President Pierce's occupancy, the building was modernized in the French Second Empire style. Minor interior alterations made at that time include changes to the front stairway and redecorating.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	
Specific dates	1856	Builder/Architect

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The house, owned and possibly built by Willard Williams, a "mechanic" in a local coach and wagon manufactory, was the last Concord home of President Franklin Pierce; he and his wife lived there intermittently after leaving the White House in 1857. Apparently Williams and his family maintained the house and boarded and cared for the Pierces in it, continuing an arrangement of the pre-presidential years during which Williams maintained another house (now destroyed) several doors away at the corner of South Main and Thorndike Streets.

Although the Pierces traveled extensively in the years after 1857, the Williams house was their base of operations, and those seeking the ex-President's counsel in a variety of matters visited there. From the front porch of the house in 1865 Pierce effectively addressed and consoled a mob assembled to protest the assassination of President Lincoln; in so doing he reassured the crowd of his own patriotism.

The house is also associated with Nathaniel Hawthorne, Pierce's college roommate and life-long friend. In the spring of 1864 Hawthorne--in failing health--visited Pierce in the house, remaining there ten days or more in an attempt to regain his strength. Later the two friends traveled north to Plymouth together; Hawthorne died there in a local hotel.

Mrs. Pierce, long in failing health, died in the house at 52 South Main Street in 1863; Pierce himself died there in the southeast front bedroom on October 8, 1869. (The bed in which he is said to have died is still in the room.) A funeral service was conducted there before the body lay in state at the capitol; burial in the old North Cemetery followed.

One of two extant Concord houses in which Pierce is known to have lived, the South Main Street House, together with the Pierce Manse (National Register) and the family homestead and Franklin Pierce's birthplace in nearby Hillsboro seem to provide students and the public with a comprehensive view of the domestic life of the fourteenth president of the United States.

<u>Architectural Significance</u>: The Franklin Pierce house is a significant example of domestic architecture in the French Second Empire style. Its location above street level provided a commanding view of busy Main Street and the Merrimack River beyond. Surrounded to the north and to the south by other French Second Empire buildings, the Franklin Pierce house stands within a fashionable residential neighborhood of late nineteenth century Concord.

9. Major Bibliographical References Amsden, Grace Page, "A Capital for New Hampshire" (unpublished manuscript), Concord, 1961. Irelan, John Robert, <u>The Republic; or a History of the United States of America</u>... 18 vols. Chicago, 1888. Lyford, James O. (ed.), <u>History of Concord, NH</u>. Concord, 1903. Nichols, Roy Franklin, Franklin Pierce, Young Hickory of the Granite Hills. Philadelphia,1931 10. Geographical Data Acreage of nominated property <u>LESS TIMAL</u> (*Angua competer unit Geographical Edited States*) Quadrangle name <u>Concord, NH</u>. WIT References

Zone	Z 9 4 =2 C Easting	4783960 Northing
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B Zone	Easting	Northing
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F		
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Verbal boundary description and justification

national

City of Concord, Tax Assessor's Records:

Parcel #305, Map #34, Block #1, Lot #7.

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

<u>X</u> state

state	code	county		code	
state	code	county		code	
11. Form Pro	epared By				
name/title John B. G	iravelle			·	
organization			date	March 14, 1978	
street & number 48 Sou	ith Main Street		telephone	(603) 225-9268	
city or town Concor	·d		state New	Hampshire 03301	
12. State Hi	storic Pres	ervation	n Office	r Certification	
The evaluated significance o	of this property within the	state is:			

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-

665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service. State Historic Preservation Officer signature Commissioner, Dept. Resources & Economic Development NH State Historic Preservation Officer 5/23/79 date title For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register date Keeper of the National Register date Attest: Chief of Registration

GPO 938 835





