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AND/OR COMMON Doy1	e's Ranch.		,,	-111018699799 ₆₆	
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DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Gakona Roadhouse, reportedly constructed in 1904, was located at Mile 132 of the Trans-Alaska Military Road. The United States Army cut the trail to facilitate transportation and communication between Fort Liscum on the southern coast near the port of Valdez with Fort Egbert near Eagle, a port of call along the Yukon River. After gold mining activity shifted from the Klondike and Fortymile regions to the Tanana River valley, a new sled road connecting Valdez and Fairbanks was constructed in 1905. The new road followed or paralleled the Eagle Trail to Gakona and then veered north. Consequently, Gakona Roadhouse, at the junction, became a popular spot for travellers.

Originally named Doyle's Ranch, the roadhouse opened in 1905 near a telegraph station, trading post, and post office overlooking the Gakona River. The logs used to construct the two-story rectangular structure average six to ten inches in diameter and are of saddle-corner horizontal construction. The floors are of whip-sawn lumber; the roof trusses are constructed with two by four inch lumber. Covered with corrugated metal, the medium-gabled roof has the verges projecting a foot over the north and south facades. The original structure measured 20 X 30 feet, later a one-story 15 X 30 foot log lean-to was added on the east side.

The roadhouse faces south. A doorway about 5 feet high is in the center of the 20-foot side, bordered by three 9-pane fixed windows. One window is centered above the door in the second story, the other two are equidistant from the doorway on the ground level. Also, a small window, 2 X 3 feet, is centered on the south wall of the leanto. Inside, the first floor of the original structure is one large room. The stove is along the east side, the lumber stairway on the west. On the second floor small, 5 X 9 foot, private rooms neighbor the stairway. The lean-to is divided into two rooms, the one to the north the larger, 20 feet long. A door is on the north side, and another three small windows on the east wall.

When the Valdez to Fairbanks road was widened for wagons around 1910, the station at Gulkana became an important stage stop. A barn that could hold twelve horses and a blacksmith shop were built. Both log structures still stand, as do several other buildings. Increased activity warranted construction of a larger log building, the present Gakona Lodge, in 1929.

Still standing, the outbuildings and first roadhouse are used for storage. Little settling has occurred at the site. The old roadhouse is filled with old relics including oil lamps, picture, furniture, and an old roll top desk that is half buried by dirt. Although the original roads have been altered, the Glenn (Tok Cutoff) and Richardson Highways are still main overland routes into Alaska, and the Gakona Lodge remains a popular stop.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X_1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1904 - prese	nt BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Significance

At the junctions of the Eagle and Fairbanks trails from Valdez, Gakona Roadhouse opened in 1905 to facilitate overland transportation through interior Alaska. Today, a lodge at the site continues to operate. The original roadhouse and outbuildings are used for storage, however, they continue to represent an important aspect of Alaska's transportation history. The original trails have been altered and improved; they remain two of Alaska's major highways, the Glenn and the Richardson.

Historic Background

The famous Klondike gold rush is credited with drawing international attention to Alaska. Potential prospectors who came with the 1898 swarm found most of the Klondike region claimed. Rather than leave, many chose to explore other corners of the north region, but discovered that the lack of transportation routes paralized their plans. Interested groups began pressuring the federal government to build roads to alleviate the situation. Congress initially passed legislation encouraging private concerns to build toll roads and bridges. Construction costs and maintenance difficulties prohibited many from taking advantage of the opportunity. Legislation was passed in 1900 authorizing the United States Army to build a road that linked a southern port with the Yukon River and appropriating \$49,975.

The Trans-Alaska Military Road became the winter mail route to the interior. Increasingly, freight was hauled by sleds rather than transporting supplies by steamers along the Yukon during the short summer season. The idea to provide food and shelter at periodic intervals along the overland route was popular, and quickly instituted.

The first roadhouses varied from tents to elaborate log buildings. Most stops were small one-story log structures, with roofs covered with sod or whip-sawed lumber. Usually one room served as a living, dining and sleeping area with a lean-to kitchen attached. Meals were one or two dollars, a bed another two dollars. Doyle's Ranch, at Mile 132, was at the junction of the roads to Eagle and Fairbanks. Built during the second "phase" of roadhouse construction--simultaneous with the route to Fairbanks in 1905--Gakona Roadhouse is a two-story log building. The second floor of the lodge has two small private rooms, accomodations for women, in addition to a large dormitory area. A low shed to accomodate dog teams and feed, usually dried salmon, were available at the station. The first federal judge in the district, James V. Wickersham, was a guest at the stop the first year. Travelling in February, his notes tell of a good roadhouse at the mouth of the Gakona River. The group had to wade in overflow

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

5 MAJOR DIDZIOCI). <u>The Valdez-Fairbanks</u>	Trail. Seattle, Wn: Th	e Alaska
dy, Hallock C. (editor). The valuez-fairbanks		
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rk, John H. From Val	dez to Fairbanks In 1900 urnals, <u>Memoirs</u> , <u>Tales</u> an	nd Recollections of the	<u>Earliest</u>
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STREET & NUMBER			99501
323 East Fourt	h Avenue	STATE	
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



GAKONA ROADHOUSE (AHRS SITE NO. GUL-065)

CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER 7	PAGE 1 of 1

CHANGE OF ELEMENT ON NATIONAL REGISTER PROPERTY

One of the outbuildings noted in the original nomination, the blacksmith's shop, failed and was taken down the winter of 1976-1977. This does not alter the character of the nomination nor detract from the integrity of the surviving main structures.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED SEP 2.3 1976 AUG 3 1977

Gakona Roadhouse (AHRS SITE NO. GUL-065)

CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	8	PAGE	1 of 1	

water to reach the station, and upon arrival heard no better news about the condition of the trail north. A description of the roadhouse is not given. The following night's accomodations, however, are quite detailed.

"On February 27th we arrived at a roadhouse that stood in a forest of small black spruce on the Gakona (rabbit) river. It consisted of a small open-front cabin with a tent lean-to in which the owner's mule team was lodged. Travelers who came this way were advised by a rough board signthat the "Chippewa Roadhouse" furnished meals for two dollars, and place to spread your blankets for an additional dollar." (Wickersham, 447)

A description of a rowdy party at this second stop follows. The conclusion may be reached that Wickersham's experience at the Gakona Roadhouse had been entirely different then at Chippewa Roadhouse.

As travel over the two routes increased, the roadhouse at the junction continued to profit. When a wagon road was cut from Valdez to Fairbanks in 1910, the Gakona Roadhouse became a station for the Orr Stage. A barn for twelve horses and a blacksmith shop were built. In 1929 a larger log structure replaced the original roadhouse. The location has helped the lodge continue to be a popular stop for travellers along the present Glenn and Richarson Highways. The earlier buildings still stand, and are used for storage. The offer a look into Alaska's past that is rapidly being destroyed.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Gakona Roadhouse (AHRS SITE NO. GUL-065)

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CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 1 of 1

Edman, Grace, Alice Hudson and Sam Johnson. <u>Fifty Years of Highways</u>. Nome, Alaska: Department of Public Works, Division of Highways, 1960.

Wickersham, James V. <u>Old Yukon</u>: <u>Tales</u>, <u>Trails</u>, <u>Trials</u>. Washington, D. C.: Washington Law Book, 1938.





AHRS GUL-065 Drawn by Michael E. Smith October, 1974

