Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

DATA SHEET

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

INVENTURI .	- NUMINATION	FURM DATE	ENTERED 1.0 /	14//
SEE IN	STRUCTIONS IN HOW T	O COMPLETE NATION COMPLETE APPLICABI		
NAME				
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	k.s.			
AND/OR COMMON				
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER 1034 North Fou	irth Street		NOT FOR BURLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	CT
Milwaukee		VICINITY OF	5th	•
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Wisconsin 532	.03	55	Milwaukee	079
CLASSIFICA	TION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESE	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
_XBUILDING(S)	X PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	_WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	X_YES: UNRESTRICTEDNO	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATION X_OTHER: Private clubhou
				
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			and restaur
NAME				
Milwaukee Turn	er Society			
STREET & NUMBER				
1034 North Fou	irth Street			
CITY, TOWN		VICINITY OF	STATE Wisconsi	n 53203
Milwaukee		VICINITY OF	WISCOUST	1 33203
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE.				
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ET	Milwaukee County	Courthouse		
STREET & NUMBER				
901 North 9th	Street			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Milwaukee			Wisconsi	n 53233
REPRESENT	ATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
	istoric Preservation	Plan, Volume II:	The Inventory	
DATE		У		
1971		FEDERAL A_S	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	State Historical Soc	ciety of Wisconsin		
CITY, TOWN Madison			STATE Wisconsi	n 53706



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

 $\underline{\underline{X}}_{GOOD}$

_DETERIORATED

__UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

__FAIR

__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

__MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Built in 1882-1883, Milwaukee's Turner Hall is a High Victorian building designed by Milwaukee architect Henry C. Koch. It is characterized by asymmetrical massing of forms, arched windows, and polychromy. The pavilioned, gabled-bays of the facade are Victorian Gothic. This three-story Milwaukee cream brick building has a raised stone basement, a mansard roof, and a fourth-story tower with a pyramidal roof and hipped dormers. Whereas first and third story windows of the facade are round-arched, those of the second have rectangular openings and are 1/1 double hung sash with transoms. Above the entryway in the central pavilion, a bay of three tall, narrow windows imparts overall unity to the second and third floors. The facade is distinguished by red brick banding; arched openings are similarly enframed, and the gable ends display geometric patterning in red brick.

Flat planes and segmentally arched fenestration characterize the side elevations. A two-story addition constructed on the north side in 1899 is similar in style. The roof, severely damaged by fire, had to be replaced in 1934. The front entrance was remodeled in 1958, at which time, unfortunately, the original round-arched opening was replaced with a modern random ashlar limestone structure with a square opening. At the same time the original sash windows of the first floor of the facade were replaced by glass blocks. Several of the side windows have been walled in with brick, and all basement windows are now boarded shut. As a whole, however, the original exterior has not been seriously altered and would lend itself well to restoration. The Milwaukee Turner Society, wishing to preserve its landmark building, plans a faithful restoration of the exterior and is actively seeking funds for that purpose.

^{1.} Hebenstreit-Luce to Smith, January 12, 1976

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION*
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	X_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X_1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	X PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X.1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	X_OTHER (SPECIFY) Associa-
		INVENTION		tion with ethnic
			social	and cultural activi-
				ties.

SPECIFIC DATES 1882-1883; 1899; 1934

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Henry C. Koch

Architecturally, Turner Hall is significant as a good example of the early work of the prominent 19th century Milwaukee architect, Henry C. Koch, whose most magnificent structure, the Milwaukee City Hall, a Milwaukee Landmark and also a National Register property, was built a decade later. When the new Turner Hall opened formally on January 21, 1883, local newspapers described it as the "finest in the country."

"The first Turner societies in the United States were organized toward the close of the A small group started in Milwaukee in March 1850 but dissolved early in 1853. Another group organized and first met on June 17, 1853, however. It was first called the Sozialer Turnyerein Milwaukee but was soon changed to simply Turnyerein Milwaukee or Milwaukee Turner Society, the name which still applies. Along with the Free Congregation (Freie Gemeinde) and the Society of Free Men (Verein Freier Manner), the Turner Society was one of three major organizations in Milwaukee which originally drew their strength from exiles of the German revolution and "revealed the enthusiasm of the Forty-eighters for liberal social thought and identified them with the transcendental trends already active in American society in the Middle Period."4 The Turners' creed was and still is liberty, reason, and tolerance: "Free speech, free press, free assembly for discussion of all questions so that men and women may think unfettered and order their lives by the dictates of conscience."5

"Not to physical training and development alone did the Turners devote their energy, their enthusiasm, and their idealism. They recognized the value of music and poetry, of literature and the drama. Each society had a singing organization, a dramatic section. In the old days of greater simplicity but also of greater personal dignity,...they created for themselves the joy and the exaltation which art and music and literature afford the sons of men."6

The Turners were against slavery, considering it "unworthy of a republic and not in accord with the principles of freedom." In keeping with these principles, "The Milwaukee Turnverein organized a battalion of sharpshooters, and their forty members,...augmented to 105 by Turners from other Wisconsin societies.., joined the 5th Wisconsin as Company C, Turner Rifles."8 Needless to say, their regular, disciplined gymnastic training made them quick to become an effective fighting unit.

Both as an organization and as individuals, the Turners have contributed much to Milwaukee throughout their existence. Although it is now a predominantly social organization, the Turner Society has given the city a rich tradition in political, cultural, social and educational affairs. Not only is Turner Hall an official Milwaukee Landmark; it is also "the last survivor of the several buildings erected in Milwaukee for the Turnverein. Here Turners activities continue to the present..."

Evening Wisconsin, January 22, 1883

Metzner, p. 7

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

See continuation sheet

GEOGRAPHICAL	DATA		
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESC	RIPTION		
LIST ALL STATES AN	D COUNTIES FOR PROPERT	IES OVERLAPPING S	STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
SIAIE	0001	COUNT	9552
FORM PREPAREI) RY		·
NAME / TITLE	, , ,		
Donald N. Anderson,	Historian & Registr	car, Historic I	Preservation Division
ORGANIZATION			DATE
State Historical So	ciety of Wisconsin		19 August 1976 TELEPHONE
STREET & NUMBER			
816 State Street			608/262-0746 STATE
Madison			
			Wisconsin 53706
STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	N OFFICER C	ERTIFICATION
	LUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	THIS PROPERTY WIT	THIN THE STATE IS:
THE EVA		c	LOCAL X
THE EVA	STATI	L	
NATIONAL			pration Act of 1966 / Public Law 99 665
NATIONAL	Preservation Officer for the N	ational Historic Prese	ervation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665 at it has been evaluated according to t

TITLE Acting Director
State Historical Society of Wisconsin

FOR NPS USE ONLY
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND AIS POHIC PRESERVATION

ATTEST:

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THE NATIONAL REGISTER

GPO 892-453

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET

See | See |

8.

- 3. Kamenarz, p. 5
- 4. Still, pp. 122-123
- 5. Ibid.
- 6. Wild, p. 137
- 7. Fox, pp. 1-2
- 8. Metzner, p. 21
- 9. Wietczykowski, 1

9.

- "Dedicated: Formal Opening of the West Side Turners' New Hall," Milwaukee <u>Sentinel</u>, January 22, 1883, p. 3
- "Finest in the Country: The New Turner Hall on Fourth Street A Description of It," Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin, January 22, 1883, p. 3
- Fox, Thurman, "The Turnverein, German Physical Education Society Transplanted to America in the 19th Century," Thirtieth Star, IV(3):1-2, November 1958
- Hebenstreit-Luce, Maria, Milwaukee Turner Society, letter to James Morton Smith, Wisconsin State Historic Preservation Officer, January 12, 1976
- Kamenarz, Hans, "Turner Beginnings," <u>The Milwaukee Turner</u>, I(9):5-6, October 1940 Metzner, Henry, <u>A Brief History of the North American Gymnastic Union</u>, (Pittsburgh, 1924), (Translated by Theodore Stempfel, Jr.)
- Still, Bayrd, Milwaukee: The History of a City, (2nd printing, Madison, 1965), 123-125, passim.
- Wietczykowski, Mary Ellen, "Milwaukee Turners Club," in Wisconsin Inventory of Historic Sites and Buildings, Milwaukee County, August 1971
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