Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

DATA SHEET

FOR NPS USE ONLY NOV 11 1975 RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

MAR 1 0 1976

1 NAME HISTORIC AND/OR COMMON LOCATION	Smith, H. Alden,			
AND/OR COMMON	Smith, H. Alden,			
	Durtin, no midding	House		C.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
LOCATION	Design Manteren		• •	
LOCATION	Davies Mortuary		,	
		•		
STREET & NUMBER	•			
	1405 Harmon Place		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ІСТ
	<u>Minneapolis</u> —	VICINITY OF	<u>5th</u>	
STATE .	Minnagata	CODE 27	COUNTY H ennepin	CODE 053
	Minnesota		пешерти	000
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
	•			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS .	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED .	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X BUILDING(S)			X_COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJEČT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
		YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	
		NO		
NAME	Mr. Walter Quist	• ¹	·	
STREET & NUMBER	4301 Washburn Ave	nue North	· ·	
CITY, TOWN	4301 Washburn Ave		STATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Minneapolis	VICINITY OF	Minnesot	ta
LUCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	^{ETC.} Hennepin County C	ourthouse		
STREET & NUMBER				
	3rd Avenue and 3r	d Street	·	
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Minneapolis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Minneso	ta
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS	•	
TITĻE				
	Statewide Histori	c Sites Survey		
DATE				
	1973	FEDERAL X_S	TATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	•	cal Society, Buildi	ng 25, Fort Snell:	ing

7' DESCRIPTION

CONDITI	ON	CHECK ONE	CHECK (DNE
X EXCELLENT GOOD FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	$\frac{_\text{UNALTERED}}{\underline{X}_{\text{ALTERED}}} (\text{minor})$	X_ORIGINAL MOVED	SITE DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The H. Alden Smith House occupies a prominent position on a corner lot at the intersection of Harmon Place and Fourteenth Street South, in Minneapolis. Only one block from Loring Park, the Smith House is the last survivor of a formerly elegant neighborhood and has been virtually engulfed by Metropolitan Junior College, apartment structures, and mixed use commercial warehouses.

The exterior of the Smith House exemplifies many Richardsonian Romanesque design characteristics. Walls are constructed of a closely fitted random corniced not restricted brownstone. It is three stories in height with a massive corner tower, wall and roof dormers, and tall stone chimneys. The sense of massiveness is carried through window and door surrounds in heavy lintels and voussoirs. Front and side porches are also the same type of stone as the walls, however, not rusticated but finely brush-hammered. Columns are rectilinear with carved capitals. A stone balistrade and prominade links both front and side entries. The dissymmetry in both plan and elevation are condusive to display of varying textures in the stone.

A carriage house to the rear is constructed of similar materials, however, the exterior wall facing the alley is of simple unadorned yellow brick. In 1919, when the Smith property was acquired by Davies Mortuary, a two-story, red brick addition was made to link the house and carriage house.

The interior plan of the H. Alden Smith House comprises three major rooms linked by an elegant reception hall. Centrally located is a grand staircase which rises through three landings to a second story balconied hallway. This space is lighted by chandeliers and a stained glass skylight at the base of a light shaft. All woodwork is of highly varnished cherry. Niches, newells, and mouldings boast elaborate, foliate carvings. All rooms retain original woodwork, however, that in the parlor had been painted a pastel green shortly after World War II. Each major room has a gas fireplace, the parlor having two. The parlor is entered through two sets of sliding doors and occupies the entire northwestern quadrant of the main floor.

Occupying the first level in the tower is a circular music room/library also finished in cherry. Book and music cases line the walls between windows and doors; these echo the curvature of the walls. Noteworthy is a tiled fireplace with cherry mantle which incorporates an oil on reed cloth portrait, in place of the traditional mirror. Decorative carvings are in forms of medallions, garlands, and swags, and ionic pilasters.

The dining room boasts a coved, coffered ceiling and six-foot cherry wainscoting. The south wall comprises a central fireplace surmounted by an intricate arched stained glass window and flanked by cabinets and a dumb-waiter. An original built-in cherry sideboard is located on the west wall. A door on this wall leads through a butler's pantry to the kitchen (the kitchen has been converted into the embalming room for the mortuary; other rooms are reception and viewing rooms).

The second story has retained its modification of opening dividing walls to provide a link between rooms. These rooms have pastel green, painted woodwork and are presently used for casket display. The balconied hall, however, has retained the original varnished cherry.

The third story is unchanged from the original servant's quarters. Within the north gate and tower is a ballroom presently unused except for general storage. No improvements or decorating have been done in this space.

The brick addition between the house and carriage house was constructed when the property was converted to a mortuary and serves as a flower room for deliveries and arrangement. The carriage house still functions as a garage.

In general, no alterations of major consequence have been made to the original historic fabric of the H. Alden Smith property. It has been preserved in excellent condition and continues to serve its adapted function as a mortuary.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

a		1 · · · · · · ·		
PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE •	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699		EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X_1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SP	ECI	FIC	DATES	1887

BUILDER/ARCHITECT William Channing Whitney

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The H. Alden Smith House, with its fine stone masonry, round-arched windows, and gabled, hipped roof, is an excellent example of Richardsonian Romanesque architecture. The architectural work of Henry Hobson Richardson, who is recognized as one of the three greatest American-born architects, had a significant impact on the architecture of Minneapolis during the 1880s and 1890s; and the H. Alden Smith House is one of the finest examples of domestic architecture of this design in the city.

Designed in 1887 by one of Minneapolis' most prominent architects, William Channing Whitney, this house is a fine example of his work as well as the Richardsonian Romanesque style. For William Channing Whitney gained his architectural reputation from his ability to design buildings which followed popular trends, not from his original talents. Architectural historian Donald Torbert, speaking of Whitney's design for the H. Alden Smith House says the following:

"The design was in no sense a copy, but Richardson's works provided the authority for the individual motifs and for their combination. The Palladian-like openings of the gables and porch are historically out of character with the squatty tower, rock faced walls, and asymmetrical plan, but stem from a similar use of the Palladian motif on the Pain House at Waltham, Massachusetts which the Richardson office designed in 1884-86." 1

The house bears the name of the man who had it built, H. Alder Smith, a wealthy Minneapolis businessman. Smith earned his wealth as co-owner of the Smith & Wyman Sash and Door Company. He had his home built on Harmon Place, one of Minneapolis' most fashionable address around the turn of the century. Today it is the only one of the mansions built there that survives shedding light on the history of residential building patterns in Minneapolis.

The H. Alden Smith House is thus an architecturally significant building in Minneapolis. It is a fine example of the Richardsonian Romanesque style. It illustrates well the influence of this style upon local architecture during the late 1800s and William Channing Whitney's ability to adapt Richardson's designs.

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    Donald R. Torbert, <u>Minneapolis Architecture and Architects 1848-1908</u>, Ph.D.
Thesis, May 1951.
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9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Minneapolis Architecture and Architects 1848-1908, Ph.D. Thesis 1951, Donald Torbert.

Minneapolis Journal, 21 Dec. 1906, p.7.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL D ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPER UTM REFERENCES		re 20032			
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCR	PTION				
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LIST ALL STATES AND	COUNTIES FOR PROPERTI	ES OVERLAPPIN	G STATE OR COUN	TY BOUNDARIES	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	•	CODE	
ORGANIZATION Minnesota H STREET & NUMBER	istorical Society		DATE 3 Se TELEPH	ptember 1975	
	, Fort Snelling		612-726-1171		
CITY OR TOWN St. Paul	•	-	state Minn	neso ta	
12 STATE HISTORIC					
THE EVALU	IATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	. –			
NATIONAL	STATI	E : 1	LOCAL	X	
As the designated State Historic Pr	eservation Officer for the Na	ational Historic Pre	eservation Act of 19	966 (Public Law 89-665), I	
hereby nominate this property for				and the second se	
criteria and procedures set forth by	the National Park Service.		\square		
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFF		all i	t- M/		
Russell W. Fridle		elle n', f	ridly		
	reservation Office	r	DATE	10/3//75	
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS		N THE NATIONAL	REGISTER		
Acting 7	There		DATE	3/16/22	
ATTEST ATTEST	LUSY AND HISTORIC PR	ESERVATION	DATE	3-15-76	
Acting	GISTER				