Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

PHO 354121

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

DATA SHEET	il i j	
FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED MAY 1 0 1976	÷	
DATE ENTERED DEP 4 1 19/6		

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS **TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS** NAME pr-HISTORIC ** Johnson Creek Covered Bridge AND/OR COMMON Same 2 LOCATION NF of wit alwayt on ky lata STREET & NUMBER Ky. 1029. 1 3/4 mile n.e. of Ky. 165 across Johnson Creek NOT FOR PUBLICATION CITY, TOWN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT Alhambra mit of vet Ni VICINITY OF 07 STATE CODE COUNTY CODE 201 021 Robertson Kentucky **CLASSIFICATION** CATEGORY **OWNERSHIP PRESENT USE** STATUS __DISTRICT X PUBLIC _OCCUPIED AGRICULTUREMUSEUM __BUILDING(S) -PRIVATE _UNOCCUPIED __COMMERCIAL ___PARK X STRUCTURE __вотн -WORK IN PROGRESS ___EDUCATIONAL PRIVATE RESIDENCE __SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE __ENTERTAINMENT __RELIGIOUS ___OBJECT _IN PROCESS ___YES: RESTRICTED ___GOVERNMENT __SCIENTIFIC ___BEING CONSIDERED _TRANSPORTATION XYES: UNRESTRICTED _INDUSTRIAL ___MILITARY XOTHER: Unused __NO **4 OWNER OF PROPERTY** NAME **Robertson** County STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN STATE VICINITY OF **5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION** COURTHOUSE, **REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Robertson County Courthouse** STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN STATE Mt. Olivet Kentucky **REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS** TITLE Survey of Historic Sites in Kentucky DATE 1971 __FEDERAL X_STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL DEPOSITORY FOR Kentucky Heritage Commission SURVEY RECORDS CITY, TOWN STATE Frankfort Kentucky

7 DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
EXCELLENT GOOD FAIR	X_DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED		X.ORIGINAL SITE MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Johnson Creek Covered Bridge in Robertson County can be reached by Kentucky Route 1029, 1 3/4 miles northeast of Ky. Route 165. With two spans it crosses Johnson Creek over an old buffalo trace, near Blue Licks Battlefield.

The bridge was constructed in 1874 by Jacob N. Bower and is of the Smith truss design. Around 1912, Jacob Bower's son Louis added an arch on each side to support the increased traffic using the bridge. The bridge is 114 feet in floor length and 16 feet wide, according to measurements by Louis S. Bower, grandson of Jacob Bower and a local covered bridge builder. At present it is closed to vehicular traffic and is in extremely poor repair.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART is not prove the	XENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	X TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	_INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DATES 1874 BUILDER/ARCHITECT Unknown				

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Johnson Creek Covered Bridge, constructed in 1874, is located 4.0 miles north of Blue Licks Battlefield State Park in Robertson County.

The bridge is important as being the only known example of Robert J. Smith's truss system in Kentucky and the only covered bridge extant known to have been built by Jacob N. Bower (1819-1906). Bower came to Kentucky from Virginia and is said to have constructed as well as repaired bridges in many states surrounding Kentucky, such as in Ohio and Indiana. His son and grandson, both named Louis, continued the tradition as builders of covered bridges.

The Johnson Creek bridge served heavy traffic in the early days of its construction by connecting old Route #68 with Mt. Olivet, county seat of Robertson County.

Arsonists have attempted to destroy the bridge at least once by fire and inadequate maintenance has left it in its present deteriorated condition. Action without delay will be necessary if Robertson County is to keep its only covered bridge.

At one time Kentucky had hundreds of covered bridges spanning her rivers. Just prior to World War II, sixty-five were still standing. By 1952, the numbers had shrunk to thirty-nine. Now only sixteen remain. These sixteen, which represent a variety of structural types, are concentrated in the central and northeast sections of the state in the small communities or rural areas of the state.

Many reasons have been offered to explain the construction of covered bridges in Kentucky during the 19th century. The road across the bridges were kept dry and free of snow in winter. Most important, however, was the protection the covering over the bridges provided against the deterioration of the wood. It permitted the timbered trusses and braces to season properly and kept water out of the joints. The life of the bridge was, therefore, significantly prolonged, averaging generally seven to eight times that of one left uncovered.

Many of the covered bridges owe their present survival to modern spans constructed nearby that relieve the covered bridges of heavy traffic. Six are now closed to vehicular traffic although, like the others, they are visited by large numbers of tourists. All but one are publicly owned. Few are well maintained and most are in need of immediate repair or restoration if their preservation is to be secured.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Allen, Richard S. <u>Covere</u> Bower, Louis Stockton. In	terview, April	22, 1976.		
Brandenburg, Phyllis and Writer's Guild, Inc., 1		cy's Covered Brid	iges. Cincinnati	: Kentucky
Department of Transportat Kentucky Covered Bridge	ion reports.	imbered Tunnel 1	Talk. June 1972.	· <u>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE John M. Johnson/Historian ORGANIZATION	n		GM DATE	
Kentucky Heritage Commis	<u>ssion</u>		June 9, 19' TELEPHONE	
104 Bridge Street		(502) 564-3741 STATE		
Frankfort		•	Kentucky	
12 STATE HISTORIC PR	RESERVATIO	N OFFICER C	ERTIFICATIO	N
THE EVALUAT		F THIS PROPERTY WIT		
NATIONAL	STA		LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic Prese hereby nominate this property for incl criteria and procedures set forth by the STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE	lusion in the National National Park Service	Register and certify that	t it has been evaluated	
TITLE State Historic Pres	ervation Officer		DATE 5	5.176
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY HAT THIS PR	GY AND HISTORIC	D IN THE NATIONAL RE		22/22
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page 4

THE SMITH TRUSS. The Smith Truss is a most 15. interesting form of light but strong construction. It was designed by Robert J. Smith of Ohio, a successful inventor, builder, contractor, and promoter, who often provided prefabricated structures built at his mill in Tippecanoe City, which he later moved to Toledo. He patented his first truss in 1867 and a second in 1869, and he later developed - but did not patent - reinforced (type 3) and further improved (type 4) versions. The 1867 type was probably never used. There are 27 covered bridges of the three other designs located in Ohio, Indiana, and (one each) Mercer County, Pa., and Santa Cruz, Calif. Type 2 is built of single timber diagonals with counterbraces set at 60 degrees and bolted to the upper and lower chords. The intersecting braces, set at 45 degrees, are arranged with ends against the counterbraces. The center panel has an open V. The end diagonals are braced and the roof framing is specially designed for rigidity. The reinforced type 3 is similiar to type 2 except that two braces have been added to § the open-V center panel. The improved type 4 is of substantially different design and was not used till 1875. It consists of double diagonals the full length of the bridge, with a second set of single diagonals intersecting the first. All are set at 60 degrees, and the end diagonals are braced.



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Johnson Creek Covered Bridge Alhambra, Robertonson County, Ky. Kentucky Covered Bridge Association June 1972, Photo 3, Diagram and description of Smith truss.

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