### PH0351351

DATA SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

Anchorage

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED JUN 1 6 1976

Alaska

SEE IN	ISTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (				
1 NAME	F.8 .				
HISTORIC Lindble	om, Erik, Placer Clair	m (AHRS SITE NOM-	-038)		
AND/OR COMMON E.O. Li	indblom Placer Claim				
2 LOCATION	31 x 4 X +				
STREET & NUMBER	Mountain Creek, West	of Ronanza Hill			
CITY, TOWN	Hountain Cleek, West	OI DOMANIZA MITI		NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	CT
Nome	X	VICINITY OF		Alaska	
STATE Alask		CODE	Nome	COUNTY Division	CODE 180
			2101110		100
CLASSIFICA	ATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	OCCUPIED		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	XPRIVATE	XUNOCCUPIED		COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS		EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
X_SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE		ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED		GOVERNMENT	
000201		X YES: UNRESTRICTED	•	XINDUSTRIAL	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	NO		MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
NAME Unknown,	PROPERTY  Title Search continu	ing. See Item	7.		
STREET & NUMBER					
CITY, TOWN	,			STATE	
		VICINITY OF			
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,E	rc. District Recor	der			
STREET & NUMBER	Box 431				
CITY, TOWN	Nome			STATE Alaska	ì
REPRESEN'	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS	,		
TITLE Alacka He	ritaco Pocourco Curu	OX (AUDC)			
	eritage Resource Surv	ey (Anko)			
DATE October 2	21. 1975	FFDFRAI	X STAT	ECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR		COLING	A_01A1	LUCAL	
	Alaska Division of Pa	rks. 323 E. 4th	Avenue	<u> </u>	
CITY, TOWN	ILUONA LUIDIOII IU			STATE	

#### CONDITION

## CHECK ONE \*\*\*LUNALTERED

CHECK ONE

X\_EXCELLENT
\_\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED

X\_UNEXPOSED

RUINS

\_\_\_ALTERED

X\_ORIGINAL SITE

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Snake River is one of several streams running from the mountains of the Seward Peninsula into Norton Sound on the Bering Sea. About five and one-half miles inland, the Snake is joined from the east by Mountain Creek. This small and often dry tributary flows into the Snake from the slopes of Bonanza Hill. At the one-hundred foot control level in the mouth of the Mary Gulch, is Mineral Survey No. 710, which includes the Erik Lindblom Placer Claim.

This claim, like several others, is on what is known as the Third Beach, which marks the furthest inland encoachment of the sea in the Nome area but is now some seventy-nine feet above sea level. The third beach is composed principally of gravel or sandy gravel with coarse boulders on schist bedrock on which are a few limestone beds.

A repetition of the same succession of events that led to burial and preservation of the third beach resulted in a high concentration of valuable minerals by ocean waves with the concentrate left on the beach, which became the principal producer of gold in the region.

Today, the area has returned to its natural state, although much debris remains from the mining era--mining equipment, domestic implements--but nothing distinguishes the Erik Lindblom Placer Claim from the surrounding landscape.

#### SPECIAL NOTE CONCERNING OWNERSHIP

Research in the District Recorder's Office, Nome, Alaska; and in the records of the Fairbanks District, U.S. Bureau of Land Management; and in the Division of Lands, State of Alaska; has failed to reveal ownership of this property. Last indication of ownership was the Pioneer Mining Company, over 50 years ago. As a result, public notice of intent to nominate was published in the NOME NUGGET. This elicited no response. If ownership is determined, this information will be submitted.

DEDIAG

PERIOD	AH	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	UND JOSTIFA REFORM		
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION		
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE		
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE		
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER		
<u>x</u> .1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION		
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	XINDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)		
		INVENTION				

SPECIFIC DATES September 19, 1898 (Location) DER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

### Significance

The Erik Lindblom Placer Claim was the first of three located (Lindblom on September 19, Snow Creek on September 20, and Anvil Creek Discovery on September 22) in 1898 that resulted in Alaska's greatest gold rush, both in terms of yield and number of people involved. Word of the discovery reached Council to the north, and on October 18, 1898, the Cape Nome Mining District was organized and claims filed on 7,000 acres. By 1899, \$2,800,00 had been produced in the district. The following year, more than one-third of all whites in Alaska were in the region. Production reached its peak in 1906 when some \$7,500,000 worth of gold was recovered and declined thereafter, as did Nome's population which by 1910 was reduced to 2,600. Mining, however, continues to this date to be a principal activity in the Nome area.

#### Historical Background

Council City on the Niukluk was founded in the summer of 1898 as the first mining camp on the Seward Peninsula and from there prospectors continued to seek gold. That fall, three Scandinavians—Jafet Lindenberg, Erik Lindblom, and John Brynteson went up the Snake River testing its tributaries and then followed Glacier Creek east to Anvil Creek, and returned to the sea along Anvil Creek. According to the Book of Records for the Cape Nome Mining District, they discovered the Erik Lindblom Placer Claim on Mountain Creek on September 19, 1898, the Snow Creek Claim on September 20, and the Anvil Creek Discovery Claim on September 22.

The Scandinavians extracted \$1,800 in gold from Snow Creek and Anvil Creek with crude equipment; work spread, and forty miners from Council rushed to the new strike. As word spread, men came from St. Michael, Circle, and Eagle and by May of 1899 Nome had a population of 250. Placers produced \$2,800,00 in 1899 and in the fall the population had risen to 3,000. By January of 1900, 4,500 claims were recorded in the Nome district.

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Collier, Arthur J., et. U.S. Geological Survey B	ulletin 328, 1908.			
Brooks, A.H., A descript	ion of the methods	of placer	mining, U.S. Ge	ological Survey
Bulletin 314, 1913.				
Record Book of the Cape of the District Recorder	Nome Mining Distric , Nome, Alaska.		d October 15, 18 continued-	98, in files
10 GEOGRAPHICAL I	17 2			
UTM REFERENCES see at	tached supplemental	sheet.		
A 0,3   4 7,9 4 <del>,5,9</del>	2 50 7,1 6,2 3,2,5	в 0,3	450 479 81215	<b>/ 5 0</b> 7,1   6,2 <del>  1,6,4  </del>
ZONE EASTING 3 56	NORTHING / 50	ZONE	1 1 1 2 3 6 1 1	IORTHING 250
C 0 13 4 719 71519 VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCR	7116120118	D 013	4 17 19 3 19 12 17	7 11 16 12 [11317]
All that area within th 710, Alaska, at the 100 flows, as described pag	feet contour level	. in Mary G	ulch from which	
LIST ALL STATES AND	COUNTIES FOR PROPERTI	ES OVERLAPP	ING STATE OR COUNTY	BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED	ВҮ			
William S. Hanable				
ORGANIZATION			DATE	
Alaska Division of Park	S		October 8, 19	75
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHON	
323 E. 4th Avenue		<u>.</u>	(907) 272-440 STATE	01 - Ext. 243
Anchorage			Alaska	
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	OFFICE	<del></del>	TION
	JATED SIGNIFICANCE OF 1			
NATIONAL X	STATE		LOCAL	<del></del>
As the designated State Historic P hereby nominate this property for criteria and procedures set forth by	inclusion in the National Re			
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF	ricer SIGNATURE CU	pella	Caliel	
TITLE State Histo	vie Preservat	ton Off	ficer DATE (	6/10/76
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS				, .
(En	2 × 169.	<u>s</u>	DATE	11/21/62
ATTEST Charles	OLOGY AND HISTORIC PR	ESÉRVATION	WA DATE	11.15%
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL RE	GISTER -			

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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DATE ENTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM** 

Lindblom, Erik, Placer Claim September 19, 1898 (Location)

CONTINUATION SHEET (AHRS NOM-038)

ITEM NUMBER

2 of 2 **PAGE** 

Word of the strikes reached the outside world in the fall of 1899, and in the summer of 1900 Nome's population was 12,488--a third of all whites recorded in Alaska by the U.S. Census.

By 1902 readily worked placer claims were exhausted and mining companies with capital and expensive machinery took over. Production peaked in 1906, as Nome grew into a city with schools, theaters, banks, churches, and paved streets.

After 1906 the population decreased dramatically, falling to 2,600 by 1910. During the boom era, from 1899 to 1910, \$46,436,500 were yielded by the Nome mining activity.

Thus, the Erik Lindblom Placer Claim on Mountain Creek was a part of the stimulus for Alaska's greatest gold rush, although nine years after its discovery, the U.S. Geological Survey reported that no mining had been done along the creek even though a prospect well and preparations to work one claim had taken place in 1904.

> PAGE 2 of 2 ITEM NUMBER

Snell, Charles W., "Special Report on The Anvil Creek Gold Discovery Site Near Nome, Alaska, Together With a Brief History of Gold Mining and Mining Rushes in Alaska, 1965-1910", ms. prepared for Western Regional Office, National Park Service, July 1965, in files of the Alaska Division of Parks.

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# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

DATE ENTERED NOV 2 1 111

Lindblom, Erik, Placer Claim (AHRS SITE NON-038)

CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER 10	PAGE 2 of 2
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
64°35 <b>'</b> 10.564	165°25'55.030"	SW COR SEC 26
GEOD DIST = 378 FT MEAN BRG = S 42°15'00.000"E		
64°35'07.810" Y=7162136.52	165°25'49.209" X=479392.16	COR 2 MS 710 03 U.T.M.
GEOD DIST = 1267.7 FT MEAN BRG = S 72°34'60.000"E		
64°35'04.076" Y=7162018.43	165°25'21.505" X=479759.91	COR 1 MS 710 03 U.T.M.
GEOD DIST = 525 FT MEAN BRG = N 23°46'00.000"E		
64°35'08.805" Y=7162164.39	165°25'16.659" X=479825.35	COR 5 MS 710 03 U.T.M.
GEOD DIST = 1312.8 FT MEAN BRG = N 66°33'60.000"W		
64°35'13.943" Y=7162325.92	165°25'44.248" X=479459.43	COR 4 MS 710 7 03 U.T.M.

NOTE: GEODETIC POSITIONS ARE BASED UPON SCALED BEARING & DISTANCE FROM BLM PROT DIAGRAM NO. K14-6 (LAND & MINERAL TITLES)

U.T.M. COORDINATES ARE IN METERS (1 meter = 3.280833333 feet)

