Form No.		HO35 / [8] DEPARTMENT OF THE INT TIONAL PARK SERVICE	TERIOR	DATA FOR NPS USE	SHEET ONLY	
		STER OF HISTORI		RECEIVED	MAR 3 1976 D JUN 3	1974
	SEE I	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (O COMPLETE N COMPLETE APP	ATIONAL REC	GISTER FORMS	,
	1 NAME					
)	HISTORIC Auburn Univer	ersity Historic Distri	ct			
-	Auburn Unive	ersity				
	2 LOCATION STREET & NUMBER On campus/Au CITY, TOWN	l Iburn University Cam	6 3		T FOR PUBLICATION	ICT
	Auburn		VICINITY OF			CODE
	STATE Alabama		CODE 01		Lee	081
	3 CLASSIFIC	ATION				
	CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRESI	ENTUSE
	ADISTRICT	X_PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED		AGRICULTURE	
	BUILDING(S) STRUCTURE SITE OBJECT	PRIVATE BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION IN PROCESS BEING CONSIDERED	UNOCCUPIED XWORK IN PROGE ACCESSIBL YES: RESTRICTE XYES: UNRESTRIC NO	E D	COMMERCIAL X.EDUCATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	PARK PRIVATE RESIDENCE RELIGIOUS SCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATION OTHER:
Ĩ	4 OWNER OF	F PROPERTY				
	NAME Auburn Unive Street & NUMBER	ersity				
•	STREET & NOWBER					
	CITY, TOWN Auburn		VICINITY OF		state Alabama	
Ĩ		OF LEGAL DESCR				
	COURTHOUSE,	TC Lee County Courthou		7, Macon Cou	inty Courthou	se before 1867
		Ninth Street Betwee	n Avenue A &	В		
	CITY, TOWN	Opelika			state Alabama	
Ī	6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVE	EYS	- Cooland	
	Historic	<u>Building</u> Survey/Aubu	rn Heritage	Association	Survey	
	1953/197 DEPOSITORY FOR		<u> </u>	ERALSTATE _	_COUNTYLOCAL	
~~~	CITY, TOWN	AHA Headquarters			STATE	

P. 0, Box 2248, Auburn

•

Alabama

# 7 DESCRIPTION

-	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK (	DNE
EXCELLENT X.good FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	UNALTERED	Xoriginal moved	SITE DATE

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Auburn University Historic District occupies 14.5 acres in the northeast quadrant of the campus and is located on gently rolling wooded land. The district adjoins the Auburn business section at its northeast corner and two of the cities major streets, College and Magnolia form the north and east boundaries of the district.

The structures encompassed by the district are primarily late 19th and 20th Century revival styles. The architectural focal point of the district is Samford Hall, a Neo-Romanesque structure with substantial massing, well articulated ornamentation and a dominant four-sided clock tower.

The physical unity, strength and vitality of the district is based on certain common materials and the different applications found for each. Red brick load bearing walls are used almost exclusively, and extensive use is made of limestone for ornamentation on sills, lintels, and belt coursings. Terra-cotta ornamentation is found on both Samford and the Music buildings. A verticality found in the fenestration acts to unify as well as to provide a commonality of scale, and a heavily wooded park along S. College Street gives further unity to the area.

Though using similar material the one intrusion within the district, Biggins Hall, is primarily horizontal and causes a slight disruption in the cohesiveness produced by the 19th and 20th Century revival buildings and the setting.

(Description continued)

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED MAR 3 197**6** 

DATE ENTERED JUN 3 19774

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 1

Inventory of Historic Structures Located Within the Auburn University Historic District:

- 1. Samford Hall (N.W. Corner Thach and South College): 1888, Neo-Romanesque, threestory, red brick, extensive use of terra cotta and limestone for ornamentation.
- 2. The Lathe (N. of Samford Hall): Early 1860's.
- 3. Langdon Hall (W. Side of South College, north of Samford Hall): 1846, two-story, frame, remodeled in 1892 to one-story brick, Doric portico.
- 4. <u>Music Building</u> (W. Side of S. College, north of Langdon Hall): 1887-1888, Neo-Romanesque, two-story, red brick, use of terra cotta and limestone ornamentation.
- 5. Broun Engineering Hall (Faces north on W. Magnolia): 1906-1910, four-story central section with three-story wings, east and west wings have pilasters supporting simple pediments, central portion has portico with Doric columns supporting a well articulated pediment.
- 6. Mary E. Martin Hall (S.E. Corner Thach and Mell): 1908, reserved Neo-Baroque, fourstories, brick and limestone, two story addition.
- 7. Music Annex (Power Plant): 1905, two and one-half story brick structure with mansard roof, pilasters and ornamental brick cornice work.
- 8. Langdon Shops (Rear of Langdon Hall): Early 20th Century, one-story, red brick.
- 9. Biggin Hall (S. College Street): 1951, four-story, contemporary, red brick structure (Architecture Building).

#### PERIOD **AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW** __ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ___COMMUNITY PLANNING ___LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE -PREHISTORIC ___RELIGION ___CONSERVATION __LAW __1400-1499 ___ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC ___SCIENCE .....AGRICULTURE ___ECONOMICS ___LITERATURE ___SCULPTURE XARCHITECTURE XEDUCATION .....MILITARY ---SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN ___ART ___ENGINEERING __1700-1799 ___MUSIC .....THEATER X1800-1899 ___COMMERCE ___EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT ----PHILOSOPHY ___TRANSPORTATION X1900-___COMMUNICATIONS ___INDUSTRY ___POLITICS/GOVERNMENT __OTHER (SPECIFY) __INVENTION

#### SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

**8 SIGNIFICANCE** 

The district encompasses the earliest section of what is now Auburn University and includes the buildings constructed during the early and formative years of Alabama's Land Grant College. With one exception (Biggins Hall, 1951) the eight buildings in the district date from the 1880's to the early 1900's and reflect the revivalist architectural styles of that period. Also included in the district is a mid-19th Century lathe donated to the college in 1936.

Agricultural and mechanical education in Alabama began with the establishment in 1872 of a land grant college under the 1862 Morrill Act. Although the site of the school had been strongly contested, in February of 1872 the Agricultural and Mechanical College, the first land grant college in the south separate from a state university was established at Auburn. This location for the new school had been prompted by the donation of a campus by the East Alabama Male College, a Methodist sponsored liberal arts school on the verge of economic collapse.

During the early years the orientation of the institution remained predominately literary and classical. However, the early directors, recognizing the importance of conducting agricultural experiments, had established a college farm of 16 acres and made arrangements to experiment with cotton and corn in the Tennessee Valley.

But it was not until 1883 that the college, under pressure from the Farmers Alliance and the strong leadership of President William L. Broun, embarked on an era of growth and became the pioneer institution in technical education in the south. The state's financial aid to the college was extended and a tax on fertilizer was established to support and maintain the experimental farm.

New buildings were added to the campus; Langdon Hall, a Chemistry and Pharmacy Building (Music Building), and Samford Hall. Langdon Hall, which was constructed as the auditorium of the Auburn Masonic Female College and was the site of several debates between William Lowndes Yancey and Alexander H. Stephens, was disassembled and moved to its present location in 1883. The Chemistry and Pharmacy Building was constructed in 1887-1888 and in the same year Samford Hall was constructed to replace the main building of the campus which had burned a year earlier.

In 1890 a department of biology, the first in the south, was added and two years later the school admitted its first women students.

During the next 14 years the college was further expanded by the establishment of the departments of mechanical engineering, electrical engineering, mining engineering,

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

"Auburn Theatre Restored to Original Function of Chapel." <u>The Plainsman</u>. 26 September, 1974.

Auburn University: A Brief History. Auburn, Alabama: Auburn University Press, n.d. Edwards, Charles Wesley and L.B. Williams et al. Lengthening Shadows: A Profile of People and Buildings of Alabama University. 1971, n.p.

## **10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA**

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY <u>14.5 acres</u>

A 116	641221610	3.6 0.8 1.3.0	B 1.6	642260	3,60,84,8,0
, ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
116 116	641241610	316 018 418 0	D116	641241610	3,60,81,30
LUCDOAL	DOULIND A DV DECODI	DTION			

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The northern boundary of Auburn University Historic District starts at the southeast corner of the intersection of South College and West Magnolia and runs westward along West Magnolia for a distance of 700 feet; then south 400 feet; then east 150 feet; then south to West Thach Street; then westward along West Thach to the intersection of Mell Street; thence 200 feet south; thence east to South College Street, thence north along South College to the point of origin.

LIST ALL STATES A	ND COUNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
FORM PREPARI	ED BY		······································
W. Warner Floyd, E	xecutive Director	and Ellen Mert	lins
ORGANIZATION			DATE
Alabama Historical	Commission		February 9, 1976
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE
725 Monroe Street			(205) 832-6621 STATE
Montgomery			Alabama 36130
NATIONAL	_ STA		LOCAL
•	v for inclusion in the National th by the National Park Service A.	Register and certify a	servation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I that it has been evaluated according to the
TITLE SHPO	ala 🗖		DATE Jel. 23, 1976
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT	HIS PROPERTY IS NOUDEI	D IN THE NATIONAL	
- Mar	$1 \propto 1 = 0$		DATE 6/3/9/
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF AR	CHICCOGY ANT CHISTORIC	RESERVATION	DATE 6.2.76
KEEPER OF THE NATIONA			

GPO 892-453

CONTINUATION SHEET

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED MARCO 1976

DATE ENTERED JUN 3 1974

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 1

veterinary science, pharmacy and horticulture. In view of new curriculum in the fields of the sceinces and the arts, the 1899 legislature followed action of the Board in changing the name of the institution to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

The first decade of the 20th Century saw the college embark on a program of construction during which the remaining designated buildings in the district were constructed: Broun Engineering Hall, 1906-1910; the power plant (Music Annex) in 1905; and the library, 1908, now Mary Martin Hall.

In 1960 the school became Auburn University and has continued traditions of studies in the arts, sciences and vocations.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED MAR 3 1076

1974

ECEIVED MAR 3 1976

DATE ENTERED JUN 3

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 1

- Edwards, Charles Wesley. <u>Auburn Starts A</u> <u>Second</u> <u>Century</u>. Auburn, Alabama: Auburn Printing Company, 1958.
- Facts and Figures of Auburn University. 5th Edition. Auburn, Alabama: Auburn University Press, n.d.
- <u>A General History of Alabama</u> <u>Polytechnic</u> <u>Institute</u>. Auburn, Alabama: Auburn University Press, 1959.

Historical Building Survey. 1953, n.p.

- Irvine, Paul. Auburn's First 100 Years: 1856-1956. Auburn, Alabama: Auburn Printing Company, 1956.
- McMillan, Malcolm, Cook. <u>Auburn Church</u>: <u>One Hundred Years</u>. Auburn, Alabama: Bulletin Publishing Company, 1950.