

PH0037575

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM**

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

STATE: Idaho	
COUNTY: Butte	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE
	MAY 1 1974

1. NAME

COMMON: Goodale's Cutoff

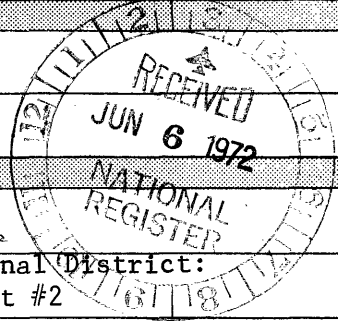
AND/OR HISTORIC:

2. LOCATION

STREET AND NUMBER: *Original tracks from T2N, R24E d1a. 22 W to the*

CITY OR TOWN: *Blaine Co. line* Congressional District: *District #2*

STATE: Idaho CODE: 16 COUNTY: Butte CODE: 023



3. CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> District <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Object <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress	Yes: <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No

PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural	<input type="checkbox"/> Government	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Park	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation	<input type="checkbox"/> Comments
<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> Industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> Private Residence	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Educational	<input type="checkbox"/> Military	<input type="checkbox"/> Religious		
<input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> Museum	<input type="checkbox"/> Scientific		

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY

OWNER'S NAME: National Park Service and Bureau of Land Management

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: STATE: CODE:

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.: Butte County Courthouse

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: STATE: CODE:

Arco Idaho 16

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE OF SURVEY:

DATE OF SURVEY: Federal State County Local

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: STATE: CODE:

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

STATE: Idaho

COUNTY: Butte

ENTRY NUMBER: MAY 1 1974

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DATE

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

(Check One)

Excellent
 Good
 Fair
 Deteriorated
 Ruins
 Unexposed

(Check One)

Altered
 Unaltered

(Check One)

Moved
 Original Site

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

When Goodale's cutoff reached the lava beds around Craters of the Moon, the route had to hold to the edge of the hills north of the lava. Here the tracks still are visible through the present national monument. The part contained in this nomination includes the original tracks in Butte county from State Highway 22 west to the Blaine county line. The boundaries of this historic district take in a strip 10 chains (660 feet) wide centered on the old road.



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4. SIGNIFICANCE

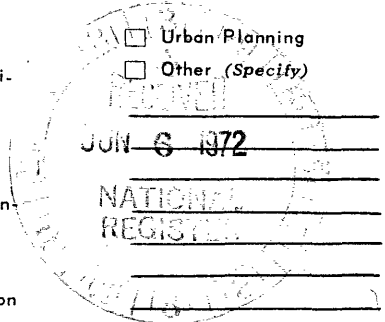
PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Columbian | <input type="checkbox"/> 16th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 18th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 20th Century |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 15th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 17th Century | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19th Century | |

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal | <input type="checkbox"/> Education | <input type="checkbox"/> Political | <input type="checkbox"/> Urban/Planning |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric | <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Historic | <input type="checkbox"/> Industry | <input type="checkbox"/> Science | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture | <input type="checkbox"/> Invention | <input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Art | <input type="checkbox"/> Literature | <input type="checkbox"/> Theater | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commerce | <input type="checkbox"/> Military | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transportation | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communications | <input type="checkbox"/> Music | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | | | |



STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Goodale's Cutoff left the Oregon Trail near Fort Hall, crossed the Snake River plains to Lost River, and then headed west. Camas Prairie provided an approach to the Boise region that stayed north of the broad valley of the Snake. Rejoining the Oregon Trail from Ditto Creek to Boise, Goodale's route again diverged to the north of the main emigrant road. A final reunion with the older trail came on Powder River not far from Baker. The route across Camas Prairie, an old Indian trail, was explored originally in 1820 by Donald Mackenzie.

"A very reliable" mountain trader in the Snake country before Idaho was settled, Goodale knew just about all of the Indian and fur trade trails of the valley and mountain country north of the Snake. His cutoff had been used by fur traders for many years, and emigrant wagons had traversed the eastern section as early as 1852. A manuscript map prepared in Willamette valley, May 4, 1853, identified Goodale's general route from Fort Hall through Camas Prairie as a "New road traveled by wagon first July 20th 1852". A decade later, emigrants traveling on Goodale's route noticed places along the trail where a trunk had been abandoned in 1853 and names had been carved in 1854 on rocks and trees along the new road. Then in 1855, Major Granville O. Haller's expedition to retaliate against the Indians who participated in the 1854 Ward Massacre came that way across Camas Prairie. Haller's men preceded north to the upper Salmon, but a special agent, Nathan Olney, continued eastward over the later Goodale route with a small force to Fort Hall to consult with the Indians there. Although traffic on this northern route must have been extremely light until after 1860, G.K. Warren labeled the eastern portion "Jeffers Road" on his large 1859 map of the west. Alonzo Leland's 1863 map of the Idaho mining country, used widely at the time, repeated Warren's identification of Jeffers Road and identified Goodale's route across Camas Prairie simply as the "New Emigrant Road".

With the Salmon River gold rush in 1862, an Oregon Trail emigrant party prevailed upon Goodale to take them over the northern route west from Fort Hall in the hope that they might approach the new mines more directly. Other wagons followed along. Goodale promised to lead them just as close to Florence as he could. So he used the Jeffers' Camas Prairie route. His party included a number of prominent later Idaho residents who renamed the route for Goodale. That was the name that stuck. (Most of them spelled Goodale's name in different ways, but Tim and his family used Goodale. They ought to have known.) Setting out from Snake River July 22,

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9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

"Goodale's Cutoff", Reference Series #51, Idaho State Historical Society, January 1972.
 Carl Wheat, Mapping the Trans-Mississippi West 1540-1861, Vol. V, Part 1, San Francisco: Institute of Historical Cartography, 1963.
 Victor O. Goodwin and John A. Hussey, History of the Sawtooth Range, United States Forest Service and National Park Service, 1964.
 Thomas Howard Robb, Routes to Southwestern Idaho, 1855-1884, unpublished M.A. Thesis, University of Idaho, April 1971.

HR
 NO
 UTM

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds	
NW	43° 27' 30"	113° 37' 12"		° ' "	° ' "	
NE	43° 30' 00"	113° 32' 47"				
SE	43° 29' 27"	113° 32' 13"				
SW	43° 26' 57"	113° 36' 37"				

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: **400 acres**

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: **Merle Wells, State Liaison Officer**

ORGANIZATION: **Idaho State Historical Society** DATE: **Feb. 24, 1972**

STREET AND NUMBER: **610 North Julia Davis Drive**

CITY OR TOWN: **Boise** STATE: **Idaho** CODE: **16**

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National State Local

Name Merle Wells

Title State Liaison Officer

Date February 24, 1972

NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

A. P. Workhouse
 Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date 5/1/74

ATTEST:
Wendy M. ...
 Keeper of The National Register

Date 5.1.74

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

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(Continuation Sheet)

STATE	Idaho	
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MAY 1	1974	

(Number all entries)

8. Statement of Significance (Con't)

1862, Goodale's wagon train collected into a large force to avoid Indian trouble. Near Craters of the Moon Goodale stopped for a day (July 28) to gather up still more wagons. This precaution gave him a force of 795 men, augmented by another 300 women and children. With such a show of strength, his wagons escaped the kind of misfortune of some emigrants who ran into an Indian fight at Massacre Rocks, August 9, on the regular Oregon Trail south of Snake River.

West of Boise Basin, Goodale happened to meet up with the prospectors led by George Grimes who had just discovered the Boise mines and were returning to Walla Walla. So Goodale took the combined party on over the western part of his cutoff. Proceeding through the upper Weiser country to Pine Creek and Powder River, they opened the Brownlee ferry route which came into general use late in 1862 with the gold rush to Boise Basin. Brownlee's ferry across Snake River made the western part of Goodale's Cutoff practical, and at the other end, Gibson's ferry operated near Ferry Butte. With these two good Snake River crossings, Goodale's route became a popular one from that time on. Some of the old tracks still are visible in the vicinity of Craters of the Moon.

