Form 10-300 (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY — NOMINATION FORM

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STATE:	
Oklahoma	
COUNTY;	
Johnston	
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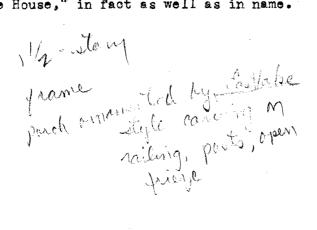
The "White House of the Chickasaws" was built in 1895 in the gingerbreaded style of its day. The architect was W. A. Waltham of Dallas, Tex. Most of the finishing lumber was hauled by wagon from Denison, Tex., although the cherry mahogany mantels and facings for the two ornate fireplaces were shipped from Chattanooga, Tenn. Imported walnut also went into the ornamental woodwork on the encircling front porch.

The main center section of the house had (and still has) four rooms in a south-to-north row: the sun-lit parlor (also called the music room), the sitting room (or library), the state dining room, and the kitchen. A two-room wing flanked each side, with an open breezeway separating the west wing (Governor Johnston's bedroom/office) from the sitting room.

The original house has been changed but slightly. About 1903 or 1904 the breezeway was enclosed and a stairway added from it to the attic, where a bedroom and bathroom were added. (The bathroom, containing a tin tub with a wood rim around it, is believed to have been the first in a private home in all the Chickasaw Nation. Another possible private-home first: a telephone.) One room on the east was also enlarged somewhat. These constitute the major changes. Lighting has been changed from hanging lamps and standing coal oil lamps, to carbide lights, to electricity. Baths have been added. The house has been quite well preserved.

Some of the original furnishings remain in the home, still owned by the Johnston family. In addition to the fireplaces there is the bedroom suite in the Governor's room: the massive bed and dresser, his desk, and a Morris chair. A child's chair, a wicker rocker, several small tables, a 150-year-old clock, a buffet and much hand-painted Haviland china - these and other relics remain.

Though hardly prepossessing by current standards, the White House was something of a mansion in its day - a not unimpressive mansion, when one considers its frontier setting. It was, in short, a worthy "White House," in fact as well as in name.





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SIGNIFICANCE			
PERIOD (Check One or More as	s Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	☐ 16th Century		20th Century
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The "White House" is an interestingly comfortable house built on the frontier when such structures were quite rare. More importantly, it is an impressive monument to a capable, dedicated Indian leader whose family has had considerable impact on the history and development of present Oklahoma.

Douglas H. Johnston -- closely related to Confederate Generals Joseph E. Johnston and Albert Sidney Johnston -- was born in Indian Territory in 1856. His father, Col. John Johnston, Sr., had played a leadership role in the removal of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians from Mississippi to Indian Territory. There he married a Chickasaw woman and settled down in the Fort Washita area. Douglas, one of four sons, was named for General Douglas Hancock Cooper, headquartered at Fort Washita as commander of Indian Confederate forces in Indian Territory. He was educated in Indian schools and academies.

In 1884 he became superintendent of Bloomfield Academy, south of present Durant, a position he held for thirteen years. In 1895, while still at Bloomfield, he began construction of the 8-room, frame "White House." Friends had been urging him to seek the office of governor of the Chickasaw Nation and he wanted to have a home befitting the office. In 1898 he and his family were living in the house when he was first elected governor.

Governor Johnston was re-elected in 1900. Then in 1902, because tribal law forbad a third successive term, he became a senator in the Chickasaw Nation legislature. He was serving his third term as governor in 1907 when Oklahoma became a state. By act of Congress he continued in office until his death in 1939 at the age of 83.

His home on the north edge of Emet, then a bustling trading center (Johnston operated a general merchantile store), was necessarily the scene of many important social and political events. Oklahoma Governor William E. Murray was married there - to a niece of Governor Johnston. Curiously enough, their son, Johnston Murray, was born in the house - and following the lead of his father and his mother's

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1	Cornish, Melven, "Douglas H. Johnston," The Chronicles of Oklahoma,										
	Vol. 18, No. 1 (Spring 1940), pp. 99-101. Smith, Mrs. Juanita Johnston, An Interview record by Margaret										
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Form 10-300a (July 1969)

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(Con:	tinua	tion	Sheet)

STATE	
Oklahoma	
COUNTY	
Johnston	
FOR NPS USE ON	ILY
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE
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(Number all entries)

No. 8. Significance

White House of the Chickasaws

family, he went into politics, became Oklahoma's 14th governor in 1951. Other marriages took place in the house, including that of Julia Chisholm, granddaughter of the famed Jesse Chisholm and adopted niece of Governor Johnston.

The governor scored several notable achievements on behalf of the Chickasaw Nation and its people. By appealing upon occasion directly to Pres. Theodore Roosevelt, he was instrumental in keeping white adventurers off tribal rolls, in maintaining tribal control over Indian schools, and in saving tribal government by insisting Washington to live up to its treaty obligations in regard to taxes.

Thus, from 1898 until he died, reads a Chronicles of Oklahoma tribute at the time of his death, Governor Johnston "stood as the accredited representative of his Nation in all matters affecting the well-being of his people. By the exercise of a courage of the highest order, and an immovable firmness in the official conduct of all matters affecting the rights and interests of his Nation and people, he has won and held the respect and admiration of public officials, both in Oklahoma and at Washington."

