United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries	s—complete applicable	e sections		
1. Nam	1e			
historic Glen	ns Falls Multip	le Resource Area:	Fredella Concret	e Block Structure
	ation		Vi	
street & number	C T- 1i-	vidual Inventory E	orms _	not for publication
city, town		vicinity of		
state	cc	ode county		code
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object _x theme	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition NA in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park x private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	erty		
name See J	Individual Inve	ntory Forms		
street & number				
city, town		vicinity of	state	
	ation of Lec	gal Description		
courthouse, regi	istry of deeds, etc.	See Cover Form		
street & number	•			
city, town			state	
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Surveys	
titie Se	ee Cover Form	has this pro	perty been determined elig	gible? yes no
date		ALC: 412	federal state	e county local
depository for s	urvey records			
city, town			state	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Fredella Concrete Block Structures Thematic Resources consist of ten buildings: the Joseph J. Fredella House and Garage and a small historic district of eight contiguous residences located on Fredella Avenue in the city of Glens Falls. The Fredella house is located immediately west of Glen Street on Mohican Street near the Hudson River; the Fredella Avenue Historic District is located several blocks east of Glen Street, between Warren Street and Oakland Avenue. The buildings included in the thematic group were identified and classified as part of a comprehensive inventory of historic resources in Glens Falls conducted in 1980-1981 by Richard C. Youngken of the city's Office of Community Development. The thematic group includes all known intact examples of residences in Glens Falls built by the Fredella Company between 1912 and 1918 using distinctive molded concrete blocks and architectural details. Although Fredella is known to have constructed other masonry buildings in Glens Falls and the firm's cast concrete decoration was used to embellish other Glens Falls residences, the thematic resources include the only extant examples of buildings completely constructed and decorated using Fredella's manufactured products and distinctive designs. The builder's own residence and the group of eight houses which he built as a speculative venture incorporate a variety of structural and decorative elements based upon neoclassical Cast in iron molds, Fredella's buildings incorporate concrete features imitating ashlar, rock-faced stone, radiating voussoirs, modillions, fluted columns, classical capitals, segmental arches, and intricate bands Used in similar combinations on the various buildings that of fretwork. constitute the thematic group, these features distinguish and help to identify Fredella structures within the multiple resource area.

The thematic group includes the following nominated properties:

- 1. Joseph J. Fredella House & Garage, 15-17 Mohican Street;
- 2. Fredella Avenue Historic District, including numbers: 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 21R Fredella Avenue.

Additional architectural and historical information concerning these properties is contained on the enclosed inventory forms.

8. Significance

Period XX prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur law literature military music	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1912-1918	Builder/Architect J	oseph J. Fredella	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Fredella Concrete Block Structures Thematic Resources encompass ten buildings which represent the innovative use of molded concrete architectural elements in early twentieth century residential construction in Glens Falls. Constructed by local builder Joseph J. Fredella between 1912 and 1918, Fredella's own residence and garage and eight residences which he built on speculation incorporate significant Neoclassical style decorative and structural elements seldom found in later concrete block construction. Though never generally adopted for residential construction in Glens Falls, Fredella's concrete residence and the houses of the Fredella Avenue Historic District nevertheless demonstrated the practicability and the aesthetic potential of molded concrete architecture and were an early manifestation of this building technique in the city and the upper Hudson Valley.

Joseph J. Fredella was an Italian mason who immigrated to the United States in 1901. By 1912 Fredella had established a successful construction firm in Glens Falls, where he built several commercial and civic structures. Fredella made his reputation as a highway contractor, constructing and paving some of the first state highways into the Adirondack region during the period between 1920 and 1930. From his Mohican Street residence (which he designed and built in 1912), Joseph Fredella conducted a concrete manufacturing and construction business in Glens Falls from 1912 until his death in 1930. With its ornate, Neoclassical style embellishments, Fredella's residence advertised the architectural adaptability of a novel construction material and the stylishness obtainable in relatively inexpensive construction. To demonstrate this point further, Fredella erected eight additional residences similar to his own as a speculative housing venture. Built of concrete block resembling ashlar, with highly detailed porches cast in iron molds, the houses built for Italian workers along Lime Street (the present Fredella Avenue) between 1914 and 1918 were further evidence of Fredella's belief and interest in molded concrete as a revolutionary new building material.

Never widely adopted in Glens Falls after Fredella's death, the ornate concrete building technology embodied in the Fredella House and the buildings of the Fredella Avenue Historic District are significant as rare examples of sophisticated vernacular design and construction in Glens Falls during the early twentieth century.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Individual Inventory Forms

10.	Geographical Data	See Individual Inventory Forms		
Acreage	of nominated property			
Quadrangle name		Quadrangle scale		
A	Easting Northing	B		
c L			. 1	
E		F L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L		
G L		H		
Verbal t	boundary description and justification			
List all :	states and counties for properties over	lapping state or county boundaries		
state	code	county code		
state	code	county code		
11.	Form Prepared By			
	Tom Fropalou By			
name/title	e See Cover Form			
rganizat	tion	date		
treet & r	number	telephone		
ity or town		state		
12.	State Historic Pres	ervation Officer Certificat	ion	
he evalu	uated significance of this property within the	state is:		
	nælonal state	_X_ local		
65), I he		for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public L he National Register and certify that it has been evaluated he National Park Service.		
State His	toric Preservation Officer signature	See Cover Form		
itle		date		
	PS use only ereby certify that this property is included in the	he National Register		
Keeps	or of the National Register	- Jake V		
Attest Chief	of Registration	Carry Total and the second	Marian. Deficie	