United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	Cunyna Iron	Rang Municipale	la - Owned Elevate	ed Metal Water Tax
historic Mun	icipally-Owned El	evated Metal Water	Tanks on the Cuyuna	Iron Range
and/or common				•
2. Loca	ition			
street & number	Various (see in	ventory sheets)	_	not for publication
city, town		vicinity of	congressional district	7th
state Minnes	ota co	ode 22 county	Crow Wing	code 035
3. Clas	sification			
Category district bullding(s) structure site object X Thematic Group	Ownership x public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted X_ yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation tother: public util
4. Own	er of Prope	erty		
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street & number				
city, town		vicinity of	state	
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courthouse, regis	try of deeds, etc.	row Wing County Cour	rthouse	
street & number				
city, town	Brainerd		state	Minnesota
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city, town	St. Paul	•	state	Minnesota 55102

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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

THEME AND GEOGRAPHICAL RELATIONSHIP

The unifying theme of this nomination is a combination of engineering, public works, and community planning, as exemplified in five of the six surviving elevated metal water tanks owned, erected, and operated by municipalities located within the general area known as the Cuyuna Iron Range, which lies entirely within Crow Wing County.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

7. Description

The six nominated properties are all-metal elevated tanks designed for water storage and maintenance of necessary water pressure in municipal water supply systems. Each has a cylindrical tank; simple red painted conical roof with finial; hemispherical bottom; balcony; four-post lattice-girder trestle tower with diagonal tie rods, connected to the tank with a circular girder; and riser pipe connecting the tank with the water system. Each has the community name lettered on the tank. All are of similar dimensions and capacity. Individual differences are noted on individual inventory sheets.

The Cuyuna Iron Range elevated metal water tanks were inventoried by the State Historic Preservation Office as part of the on-going statewide survey of standing structures. During 1978-79 the Cuyuna Range communities were surveyed as part of the survey of Crow Wing County. The nominated tanks include all extant municipally-owned elevated metal water tanks within the area of the Cuyuna Range, with the exception of the elevated metal tank in the City of Riverton which, fabricated and erected in 1944, is not significant in the terms of this nomination.

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8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications	heck and justify below and justify and jus	ing landscape architectu law literature military music ment philosophy politics/government	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation x other (specify)
		M	inneapolis Steel and Ma	public works
Specific dates	1912-18	Builder/Architect $\stackrel{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{D}}$	es Moines Bridge and Ti	con Co.

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Five of the six extant, municipally-owned, elevated metal water tanks on the Cuyuna Iron Range are significant in the interrelated areas of engineering, public works, and community planning. They are, in some cases, the only surviving material artifacts representing an historical occurrence peculiar to the development of communities on the Cuyuna Range. The general historical development of the Range communities parallels the history of range mining. The communities began around 1910, reaching a peak of mining employment in 1920. By 1930 range mining was in decline and by the 1950s was gone entirely. Today, communities such as Trommald and Cuyuna are almost ghost towns. During their heyday between 1910 and the mid-twenties these communities benefited tremendously from an unusual situation created by an ad valorem property tax on mining properties whose valuation was made by the State Department of Taxation and not by local assessors. This tax arrangement was created before the tremendous mining boom and resulted in huge amounts of unforeseen local revenue for communities which they could not reduce even had they so wished. As a result, great expenditures of these revenues were made on public works and improvements. State historian Theodore Blegen states: "A singular aspect of range-town life was the blossoming of schools, community buildings, parks, splendid streets, and other public improvements built generously, not to say lavishly. They set standards far beyond those of most Minnesota cities at the time. These reflected at once a public desire for the best, a concern on the part of citizens for the education of their children, and the availability of taxes to provide the funds without stint for public wants." Blegen adds that "so large were the revenues of the local iron-mining communities that the state legislature in the 1920s intervened to place per capita limitations on the annual amounts levied for general and school taxes."1 Among the many public improvements "lavishly" funded by these revenues were the municipal water systems, including the elevated tank necessary for pressurizing the system. In line with their needs and ability to pay, even tiny communities installed complete systems and substantial, up-to-date equipment. Today, in some of the communities, the other public improvements such as schools have vanished, while extensive sidewalk and street systems line rows of cellar depressions or vacant and deteriorating structures. Only the elevated metal water tank remains in places like the ghost towns of Trommald and Cuyuna, still linked to fire hydrant systems along empty streets, and still used for water storage. Alone among all of the public works funded by the unique iron-mining property tax of the range boom years, the elevated water tanks stand as surviving historical evidence. As engineering artifacts these metal tanks constitute a cluster of very similar structures constructed within a brief span of years by a small group of companies. They represent a once-prolific structural type which is rapidly disappearing from the landscape.

¹ Theodore C. Blegen, <u>Minnesota: A History of the State (Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 1975, p. 377.</u>

9. Ma	jor Bibli	iographic	al Refe	rence	S	
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