National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 12/31/84

| 1983 |
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See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

| historic Histo | ric-Resources of | South Louisville M | RA | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| and/or common | NA | • · | | |
| 2. Loca | tion 2 de | ist. +6 | | |
| street & number | | adrant of the corpora | te limits _ | \underline{NA} not for publication |
| city, town Loui | of the city of sville | Louisville _NA_ vicinity of | | |
| state Kentu | cky co | de 021 county | Jefferson | code 111 |
| 3. Class | ification | <u>`</u> . | | |
| NA district NA building(s) NA structure NA site NA object | Ownership NA_public NA_private Xboth Oublic Acquisition _NAin process _NAbeing considered | Status X occupied X unoccupied X work in progress Accessible X X yes: restricted X yes: unrestricted NA no | Present Use <u>NA</u> agricuiture <u>X</u> commerciai <u>X</u> educational <u>X</u> entertainment <u>NA</u> government <u>X</u> industriai <u>NA</u> military | <u>NA</u> museum <u>X</u> park <u>X</u> private residence <u>X</u> religious <u>NA</u> scientific <u>NAtransportation</u> <u>NA</u> other: |
| ame Mul | tiple Ownership | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| street & number | NA | | | |
| ity, town NA | L | \underline{NA}_{-} vicinity of | state ¹ | JA |
| 5. Locat | tion of Leg | al Descriptio |)n | |
| ourthouse, registr | y of deeds, etc. Jei | ferson County Courth | ouse | |
| treet & number | 517 | W. Jefferson St. | | |
| ity, town | Lou | isville | state | Kentucky |
| 6. Repre | esentation | in Existing S | Surveys | |
| Kentucky Histo Itle (See contin | oric Resources Ir wation sheet) | has this prop | perty been determined el | igible? <u>NA</u> yes <u>x</u> no |
| late 1975-1983 | | | NA_federal_Xstat | eNA countyNA_ loca |
| lepository for surv | ey records Kentuc | ky Heritage Council | | |
| ity, town Fran | hkfort | | state 1 | Centucky |

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Historic Resources of South Louisville Louisville, Jefferson Co., KY Continuation sheet

Item number 4



Gertrude Robinson 4541 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Joseph W & Eliz, Rieber 4537 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

J. L. & Y. V. Richardson 4533 Southern Parkway 40214

Charles & Mary Roberts 4527 S. 6th Louisville, Ky 40214

Ruth Sheehan 4529 S. 6th Louisville, Ky 40214

Claude Parker 4531 S. 6th Louisville, Ky 40214

Mayme Witt 4533 S, 6th Louisville, Ky 40214

Jacques Silverman 428 W. Southern Heights Louisville, Ky 40215

Genevieve Richardson 4500 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Douglas & Shirley Baker 4514 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Mark & Debra Wilson 4516 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Donald & Karen Bradley 4518 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214 Southside Church of the Nazarene, Inc. 18 21 Tyler Lane Louisville, Ky 40205

Manuel & Gayle Brown 4526 Southern Parkway Louisyille, Ky 40214

James & Betty Black 4532 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Wilfred Van Gorp 4536 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Dennis & R. M. Watkins 4538 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Larry & Joanna Slider 4540 Southern Parkway Louisivlle, Ky 40214

William & Lena Phillips 4542 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Mary Sunderland 4550 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Alton & Phyllis Webb 4512 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Leo & Susan Stabile 1 Hill Top Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Charles & Sandra Powers 3 Hill Top Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Mae Belle Carrell 5 Hill Top Ct Louisville, Ky 40214 Harold & Alleen Gray 7 Hill Top Ct. Louisville, Ky 40214 John & Lillia Straton 2 Hill Top Ct. Louisville, Ky 40214 Anita Ghobson

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4 Hill Top Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Ruth Cornwell 6 Hill Top Ct. Louisville, Ky 40214

Roy & Opal Skarl 8 Hill Top Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

James & F. P. Meisburg 1 Maple Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Robert & Elizabeth Meisberg 3 Maple Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Robert L. Meisburg, Sr. 5 Maple Ct Louisville,Ky 40214

Nellie Abate 7 Maple Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Sharon Gordon 9 Maple Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Stuart & P. E. Adams 8 Maple Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

Mary Anderson 6 Maple Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

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SOUTHERN HEIGHTS - BEECHMONT DISTRICT OWNERS LIST

Clifford Schmidt 4 Maple Ct. Louisville, Ky 40214

Golda Bush 2 Maple Ct Louisville, Ky 40214

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form Historic Resources of South Louisville

Historic Resources of South Louisville Louisville, Jefferson County, Kentucky Continuation sheet

Item number 4

OAKDALE DISTRICT OWNERS LIST

Langdon Corp. 3828½ Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Dan Wentworth 3822 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Billy H. Sipes 3858 Southern Parkway 40214 W. W. & Lucy Sidebottom 3860 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Beverlee Wise 307 Central Ave Louisville, Ky 40208

Charles & Edith Quick 3854 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Ernest & Mary Goldner 1810 S. 3rd St Louisville, Ky 40208

William & Irene Bruner 3848 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

George & Martha Stege 1521 Thackeray Dr Louisville, Ky 40214

Barretta & Alice Phelps 9602 Dixie Highway Louisville, Ky 40272

Earl & Anna Pruitt 3840 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214 Harry & Sadie Sutherland 3836 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Bobby Ray P. O. Box 14041 Louisville, Ky 40214

Mary Lee 3832 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Jimmy & Vic Daugherty 3830 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Joseph Schoene, Jr. 3828 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Mary Canada 3824 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Geneva Kennedy 3820 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Stella Whitlow 4214 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Murl Womack 3816 ½ Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Louis Giglio 3816 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

John & Karen Schenkenfelder 1845 Rutherford Louisville, Ky 40205

Laura Hackley 4519 Meridale Louisville, Ky 40214 Walter Trabue 3810 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Junious & M F. Smiser 3806 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

George Payne 3804 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

Harold & Margie Welch 3802 Southern Parkway Louisville, Ky 40214

James & Anna Lenihan 2700 Citizen Plaza Louisville, Ky 40202

Deborah Haney 415 Kenton Louisville, Ky 40214



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National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form Historic Resources of South Louisville

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| Louisville, Jefferson County, Kentucky | Item number 4 Page 5 |
|--|---|
| INDIVIDUAL PROPERTIES OWNERS LIST | |
| James Russell Lowell Elementary School | Jefferson County Board of Education 3332 Newburg Rd. Louisville, KY 40218 |
| ✓ Heywood Elementary School | Ninth & O Baptist Church 2921 Taylor Blvd. Louisville, KY 40208 |
| / Epworth Methodist Evnagelical Church | Trinity Baptist Temple 412 M Street Louisville, KY 40208 |
| Emmanuel Episcopal Church | Emmanuel Episcopal Church 4102 Southern Parkway Louisville, KY 40214 |
| / South Louisville Reformed Church | Lynnhurst Church of Nazarene 1060 Lynnhurst Ave. Louisville, KY 40215 |
| y Kentucky Wagon Works | Mr. Glen Scott Kentucky Manufacturing Co. 2601 S. Third St. Louisville, KY 40206 |

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date entered

PROPERTIES CURRENTLY LISTED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

S. S. Bush House (JFSS-3) 230 Kenwood Hill Rd. April 38, 1979

Cornelia Bush House (JFSS-4) 316 Kenwood Hill Rd. May 6, 1982

Cornelia Gordon House (JFSS-5) 308 Kenwood Hill Rd. May 6, 1982

Little Loomhouses (JFSS-6) 325 Kenwood Hill Rd. June 1975

Engine House #18 (JFSS-7) 2600 S. Fourth St. November 8, 1980

Churchill Downs (JFSS-9) 700 Central Avenue November 15, 1978

Olmsted Parks and Parkways System City-wide May 17, 1982

Holy Name Roman Catholic Church Complex (JFSS-8) 2920 S Third St. May 13, 1982

7. Description

| Condition | | Check one |
|---------------|---------------------|------------------|
| X excellent M | NA_deteriorated | X unaitered |
| _X_ good | <u>NA</u> ruins | <u>X</u> altered |
| <u> </u> | <u>NA</u> unexposed | |

Check one _X__ originai site _<u>NA_</u> moved date .

NΑ

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

South Louisville is that area south of Algonquin and Eastern Parkways and west of the Southern Railway line, with the corporate city limits of Louisville on the east, west and south.

Geographically, the area is relatively flat in the northern, eastern and central sections of the Multiple Resources Area. The south and southwestern sections, however, are very hilly, with two knobs in the southernmost section: Kenwood Hill and Iroquois Park.

Southern Parkway and Iroquois Park (National Register, 1983) are the most outstanding geographic elements. Iroquois Park, known as Burnt Knob and later as Jacob's Park, is a large, steep hill covered with a dense forest with various lookouts which provide panoramic views of the river valley. The parkway leads to the park from S. Third St. It is a 150 foot wide roadway originally flanked by a bridal path and a bicycle path and lined with trees. The paths are still obvious, but now serve as parking areas or service roads to the residences which face the parkway. Both the Park and Parkway are components of a comprehensive, city-wide park and parkway system designed in 1894 by Frederick Law Olmsted. Algonquin and Eastern Parkways are at the northern end of this Multiple Resources Area, leading west to Shawnee Park and East to Cherokee Park, respectively, from S. Third St.

Kenwood Hill, known in the nineteenth century as Cox's Knob and by the Cherokee Indians as Sunshine Hill, is east of Iroquois Park. It is a smaller hill than the Park and was developed residentially in the 1960s and 1970s. There are six buildings on Kenwood Hill which are listed in the National Register. (See #8)

The development within the South Louisville Multiple Resources Area is mostly residential with supportive commercial development. A large section of the eastern half of the area, however, is industrial. The Kentucky State Fairgrounds, Standiford Filed Airport and the U. S. Naval Ordinance Plant are the largest, but industrial development lines the L&N Railroad tracks which bisect this study area. Residential enclaves have developed adjacent to the major industrial sites, ca. 1910-1950.

The Watterson Expressway, 1264, runs east-west through the center of the study area.

There are no major commercial developments in South Louisville. Taylor Blvd./New Cut Rd. is a major trnasportation artery and contains commercial development which is considered supportive to the adjacent residential areas. Most of the commercial buildings are midto-late twentieth century vintage, with some late nineteenth-early twentieth century structures intermixed. Smaller commercial enclaves of similar description are located at S. Fourth St. and Central Ave., and Woodlawn and Southern Parkway.

Late nineteenth century residential development is confined to the northern section of the Multiple Resources Area, with a sprinkling of individual residences from the same period along the parkway and on Kenwood Hill.

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The residential area north of the Watterson Expressway and west of the L&N Railroad Tracks was developed in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, with a small amount of development in the 1920s and 1930s. The earlier housing consists of predominantly frame, one- to one-and-one-half-story cottages with little or no architectural details, constructed on small lots with consistent setbacks. Streets are generally laid out on a grid. Most of the later residential development is confined to the area around Larchmont Ave., between Taylor Blvd. and 7th St. Road. A considerable amount of demolition, new construction and radical alterations has occurred in this area. With the exception of the Oakdale District (See #8) the historical and architectural character of the area is not cohesive and does not display any particular sense of time and place.

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The residential development south of the Watterson Expressway was sporadic throughout the early and mid twentieth century. In the southernmost sections of the Multiple Resources Area, development occurred after 1950. The older developments, like those in the northern section of the study area, do not contain any particular historical or architectural significance, with the exception of the Southern Heights-Beechmont (see #8) District. Many small developments within a single area create a non-cohesive architectural character. The housing is of both frame and brick construction on both large and small scales. The craftsmanship and quality of construction is above average, the homes having been built for the middle class.

Throughout the older residential sections along Southern Parkway and Taylor Blvd., the character of the area is enhanced by the large numbers of mature trees and other plant-ings.

The area east of the Kentucky State Fair Grounds and Standiford Field Airport is comprised of predominantly post World War II developments.

The breakdown of approximate percentages of building uses is: 75% residential, 10% industrial, 10% commercial and 5% institutional. A breakdown of approximate percentages of land uses, however, would considerably increase the industrial percentage.

This nomination does not cover archaeological resources in this area. The University of Louisville Archaeological Survey is handling all archaeological nominations and survey work for the City of Louisville according to a plan approved by the Kentucky Heritage Council.

South Louisville was originally surveyed as part of a city-wide survey which rated architectural quality and structural condition by blockfaces. This was completed in 1978 by the City of Louisville Community Development Cabinet, Louisville Landmarks Commission, funded by Community Development Block Grant monies. The districts nominated in this nomination were proposed for National Register listing by this survey, and more intensive building-by-building survey work has been conducted by the Louisville Landmarks Commission. The entire area has been surveyed for eligible sites of historic

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or architectural significance utilizing National Register criteria by the Louisville Landmarks Commission. The survey work was conducted by Marty Hedgepeth, Director of Research, M. A. Allgeier, Architectural Historian and Hugh Foshee, former Architectural Historian of the Louisville Landmarks Commission. The Landmarks Commission is the official city agency responsible for all preservation concerns in the City of Louisville.

8. Significance

| Period | Areas of Significance—C | heck and justify below | · · · | · · · |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| NA_ prehistoric | NA_ archeology-prehistoric | NA_ community planning | NA_ landscape architecture | e NA_ religion |
| NA_1400-1499 | NA_ archeology-historic | NA_ conservation | NA_law | NA_ science |
| NA_ 1500-1599 | NA_ agriculture | NA_ economics | <u>NA</u> literature | <u>NA</u> sculpture |
| NA_1600-1699 | X architecture | NA_ education | NA- military | NA_ social/ |
| <u>NA_</u> 1700-1799 | NA_ art | NA engineering | NA_ music | humanitarian |
| <u>x</u> 1800–1899 | NA_ commerce | NA_ exploration/settlement | NA_ philosophy | NA_ theater |
| <u>x 1900</u> | NA_ communications | NA_ industry | NA_ politics/government | NA_ transportation |
| | | NA_ invention | une o ser cix terro | NA_other (specify) |
| •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | | | |

Specific dates

Builder/Architect

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The historic resources of South Louisville are divided into three catagories: residential, institutional and industrial. These resources are architecturally significant as excellent examples of their individual styles, or as significant clusters of development, archi-tecturally reflecting their respective periods of construction. They will be discussed in a geographic progression, north to south.

The development of Louisville's suburbs was influenced by a variety of factors, including the city's ecomonic growth and population expansion, the general topography of the area, development of inexpensive, rapid transportation, and the establishment of the system of parks and parkways.

Southern Parkway runs through the center of the South Louisville Multiple Resources Area to Iroquois Park at the southern tip of the city of Louisville. It was in 1889 that the city purchased the park site and acquired control of the boulevard. Plans for the park and parkway, two components of a city-wide comprehensive parks and parkways design prepared by F. L. Olmsted, were completed in 1893. The Olmsted Parks and Parkways were listed in the National Register in 1982.

It was during the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries that suburbanization was focused on the southern section of the city, radiating out from the prime source of devel-opment, Southern Parkway.

"South Louisville", a separate township on the northern end of this study area until annexation in 1898, was the first such suburb. Five historic resources are located in this area. Engine House #18 (National Register 1980) was constructed in 1904 to serve this expanding suburb. It is a Classical Revival style, utilitarian structure located at 2600 S. Fourth St.

The Kentucky Wagon Works was "South Louisville's" major industry and is largely responsible for the stabilization of the northern section of the area. Three buildings from the original complex are excellent examples of the industrial architecture of the period. (See inventory form and photographs #1-11.)

Two religious institutions in "South Louisville" represent two very different architectural resources. Epworth Methodist Evangelical Church, located at 412 M Street, is Louisville's oldest of six surviving frame, Gothic Revival churches. It was built in 1895, the period of major development of "South Louisville". (See inventory and photographs #12-13.)



Holy Name Roman Catholic Church Complex (National Register 1982), located at 2920 & 2914 S. Third St., and 2911 and 2921 S. Fourth St., is an extraordinary grouping of four buildings dating from 1902-1938, and ranging in style from Romanesque to Classical. The original Holy Name Church was a frame Gothic Revival church, built in 1891 and demolished upon completion of the new church in 1912. Such was the demise of most of Louisville's frame churches.

Heywood Elementary School, located at 422 Heywood Ave. is an outstanding example of the Classical Revival style as incorporated in an institutional design. Built in 1903 to serve South Louisville, it was expanded in 1926 by the addition of wings, so sensitively added that the additions are undetectible. (See inventory and photographs #14-16.)

Oakdale was the first suburb which was developed as a direct result of the construction of the Grand Blvd. As early as 1890, developers were advertising lots in Oakdale "on the Grand Blvd.", as Southern Parkway was originally called. A portion of the Oakdale Addition constitutes one of the architectural resources of the South Louisville area.

The Oakdale District, however, a small portion of the Oakdale Addition, owes its development to yet another factor, the 1905 construction of the South Louisville L&N yards. Although a major residential development surge throughout the area resulted from the construction of the new L&N yards, the Oakdale District contains the most architecturally cohesive, residential rental building stock in Louisville. The development, 1905-1910, was constructed as a collection of duplexes and were occupied predominantly by L&N employees. (See continuation sheet and photographs #15-19.)

Also located in Oakdale is Churchill Downs, Louisville's internationally famous race track, home of the Kentucky Derby. The Louisville Jockey Club was first organized in 1874. At that time, the land was leased from the Churchill family. The existing twin-spired grandstand and clubhouse was built in 1895-96 after a design by Joseph Baldez of the firm D. X. Murphy and Brothers. Churchill Downs was listed in the National Register in 1978.

One religious institution in Oakdale plays an architecturally significant role in its history. Immanuel Episcopal Church at 410 Fairmont Ave. is a modest, frame Gothic Revival church, constructed in 1909 at the height of Oakdale's development. There are only six such frame churches remaining in Louisville. (See inventory form and photographs #44-45.)

Construction along the parkway from Third St. to the park was concurrent from north to south, with developers taking various approaches to their respective subdivisions. As seen in the Oakdale District, rental property lines several blocks of the parkway. As development pushed southward, the lots and structures increased in size. Both frame and brick structures in Victorian vernacular and American Foursquare styles lined the parkway. Through the years, demolition, new construction and considerable alteration has occurred, as well as the construction of I264, running east-west across the parkway. The ambience has been significantly diminished along most of the parkway.

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One exception, other than the Oakdale District, is the Southern Heights-Beechmont District, located along and adjacent to the 4500 block of Southern Parkway. Within this block, a sense of the turn of the century is strongly retained. Vast lawns with considerable landscaping, and predominantly large residences in a combination of styles allow a glimpse of the past elegance of the "Grand Blvd."

Two adjacent courts, between the parkway and S. Sixth St. to the west, contain smaller scale versions of the Craftsman style residences on Sixth St. and the parkway. Only four structures on Sixth St., and three on the east side of the parkway were built during the significant period of development of both the Beechmont and Southern Heights neighborhoods. (See continuation sheet and photographs #20-35.)

At the southern tip of the South Louisville Multiple Resources Area are two knobs: Iroquois Park, the ultimate focus of Southern Parkway, and Kenwood Hill.

Kenwood Hill's history dates back to treasury warrents issued in 1784. Before that, according to tradition, the Cherokee Indians called the knob "Sunshine Hill." There are six structures on Kenwood Hill which are listed in the National Register.

The Little Loomhouses are three board and battan cabins which sit side by side on Kenwood Hill Rd. The oldest, built in 1870, was first used as an office and caretaker's quarters for a rock quarry on that was then known as Cox's Knob. In 1891, developer Sam Stone Bush purchased the property, converted the 1870 cabin to a summerhouse and constructed the other two. In 1898, artist Etta Hast purchased the three structures. Since that time the cabins have been associated with the arts, and since 1930, exclusively with weaving, thus the name Loomhouses (National Register 1975, and Local Landmarks 1977).

Just down the hill from the Loomhouses are three residences all related to Sam Stone Bush. The Cornelia Gorden House at 308 Kenwood Hill Rd.(National Register 1982), built for Bush's sister, Bush's own residence at 230 Kenwood Hill Rd. (National Register 1979), and the Cornelia Bush House, 316 Kenwood Dr. (National Register 1982), built for Bush's mother. Local architect W. J. Dodd was responsible for the designs of both the S. S. Bush and Cornelia Bush Houses, as well as the renovation and addition to the Cornelia Gordon House.

Due north of Iroquois Park is a third frame, Gothic Revival Church. South Louisville Reformed Church was constructed in 1908 in a modest working-class neighborhood which was developed during the same period. The church is one of six extant frame churchs in Louisville. The bell tower and the neat rows of lancet windows are particularly significant. (See inventory form and photographs #36-37.)

The Highland Park Neighborhood lies to the east of the industrial swath of land along the L&N railroad tracks, and west of Standiford Field Airport. The area was developed during the turn of the century and contains small scale vernacular working-class residences. Alterations and insensitive infill construction have interrupted the cohesive character of the area.



The elementary school which served the Highland Park Neighborhood during its development and continues to do so today is Lowell Elementary. The original vernacular building, 1916, was expanded by the construction of a new Art Deco structure in 1931. Both are excellent examples of their respective styles and remain intact. (See inventory form and photographs #38-43.)

The overall architectural character of the South Louisville Multiple Resources Area is that of multiple, sporadic developments and infill construction dating from the turn of the century through ca. 1970. With the exception of the Oakdale and Southern Heights-Beechmont Districts, the character is not cohesive and does not represent significant architectural development.

One major preservation activity within the Multiple Resources Area is directed toward Southern Parkway and Iroquois Park. In 1975 a study was made of the Parkway assessing the deteriorating conditions along the parkway. The study made recommendations which would reverse the existing conditions and, after a number of years, return the parkway to its original purpose. As a result, a small park has been built at Woodlawn and Southern Parkway. The ampitheatre in Iroquois Park has also been renovated recently.

The Little Loomhouses in 1975 and again in 1982 were given Community Development grants for rehabilitation of the property. A retaining wall was first built in 1975 above the Loomhouse site to halt the erosion of Kenwood Hill into "Tophouse". In 1982, the second grant was used to restore "Tophouse".

Although no large scale preservation effort is in effect in this study area, there is significant rehabilitation by individuals throughout the area, particularly in the Oakdale and Southern Heights-Beechmont neighborhoods.

There are relatively few historic resources in the South Louisville Multiple Resources Area, with respect to its size. The random locations, as well as the adjacent architecturally and historically non-significant built environment, dictate the submission of individual sites. The two districts, however, contain clusters of architecturally important sturctures which represent the significant periods of development in the Multiple Resources Area.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

| 10. Geographical Data |
|--|
| Acreage of nominated property <u>see individual forms</u> Quadrangle name Louisville East & Louisville West Quadrangle scale <u>1:24,000</u> |
| UMT References see individual forms |
| A B Image: Second seco |
| |
| |
| |
| Verbal boundary description and justification |
| See continuation sheet. |
| List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries |
| state code county code |
| state code county code |
| 11. Form Prepared By |
| |
| name/title M. A. Allgeier, Researcher |
| organization Louisville Landmarks Commission date April 6, 1983 |
| street & number 727 W. Main St. telephone 502-587-3501 |
| city or town Louisville state Kentucky |
| 12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification |
| The evaluated significance of this property within the state is: |
| nationalstatelocal |
| As the designated State Historic Préservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. |
| State Historic Preservation Officer signature |
| ite that Wintering Presention Aller date Acily 14, 198 |
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Historic Resources of South Louisville Louisville, Jefferson County, Kentucky Continuation sheet

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University of Louisville Photographic Archives.

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OMB No. 1024-0018

Exp. 10-31-84

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION - SOUTH LOUISIVLLE MULTIPLE RESOURCES AREA

NPS Form 10-900-a

(3-82)

Beginning at a point in the southwest corner of Lillian Ave. and 7th St. Rd., thence northwardly following the west right-of-way line of 7th St. Rd. to a point in the northwest corner of Algonquin Pkwy. and 7th St. Rd., thence southeastwardly following the northeast right-of-way line of Algonquin Pkwy. to a point in the northwest corner of Algonquin Pkwy. and Colorado Ave., thence eastwardly following the north right-ofway line of said Avenue to a point in the northwest corner of said Avenue and 4th St., thence northwardly following the west right-of-way line of 4th St. to its intersection with the Southern Railroad line, thence southeastwardly following siad Railroad line to its intersection with Eastern Pkwy., thence eastwardly following the north rightof-way line of Eastern Pkwy. to a point in the northeast corner of Eastern Pkwy. and Crittenden Dr., thence south following the east right-of-way line of said Drive to its intersection with the Southern Railroad line, thence Eastwardly following said Railroad line to its intersection with Locust Ln., thence eastwardly following the north right-of-way line of Locust Lane to a point in the northwest corner of Locust Lane and Preston St., thence southwardly following the west right-of-way line of Preston St. to its intersection with the southern Railroad line, thence eastwardly following said Railroad line to the corporate city limits at the south right-of-way line of the Watterson Expressway, thence southwardly, westwardly and northwardly following the corporate city limits to the point of beginning.

NPS Form 10-900-a (7-81)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 12/31/24

| Continuat | tion sheet | Item number | | Page |
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| | · | Multiple Resource Thematic Group | | dnr-11 |
| | | e Multiple Resource Area Ferson County | | |
| Sta | ateKentucky, Jen | | | |
| No | mination/Type of Review | | 1 | Date/Signature |
| v ¹⁶ 1. | Epworth Methodist Evang | | Keeper | AlousByen 9/6/8 |
| | | National Register | Attest | |
| <u>v 1</u> 2. | Heywood, John H., Eleme | ntary S dhoblr ed in the National Registor | Keeper | Allon Byen 8/0/8 |
| | | | Attest | · |
| ຳ້ 3. | Immanuel Chapel Protest Church | Indered TL +L | Keeper | Allow Byen 9/6/8 |
| | | 然在古史不逊的是一部 所有可知的。" | Attest | |
| ···· 4. | Kentucky Wagon Works | La Correl Carlor Carlor | Keeper | Delous Byen 9/6/1 |
| | | | Attest | |
| ົ ⁵ . | Lowell, James Russell, School | Elementanyered in the National Register | Keeper | delonaByen 9/6/8 |
| | | · · · | Attest | |
| ³ 6. | Oakdale District | Substantive Review | /Keeper | accept Patrick Andurs 9/6/83 |
| | | | Attest | |
| ີ 7. | South Louisville Reform | ned Church Efficiened in The National Register | fkeeper | Helman Byen 9/6/8 |
| | | and the factor and the second se | Attest | |
| ీ 8 . | Southern Heights-Beechn | and the first water to make | Keeper | Allow Byed 9/6/8 |
| | | Destruction of the second | Attest | |
| 9. | | | Keeper | |
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| 10. | | | Keeper | |
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