War in the Pacific Ship Study Federal Agency Nomination

OMB No. 1024-0018 Exp. 10-31-84

code

### **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory**—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

#### 1. Name

SS Jeremiah O'Brien historic

and or common

state

2. Location

street & number \_\_\_\_ not for publication Pier 3, Fort Mason Center vicinity of city, town San Francisco

California code 3. Classification

Category district building(s) structure site X object	Ownership _X_ public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agricuiture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	X museum park private residence reiigious scientific transportetion other:
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county

## 4. Owner of Property

name Na	ational Libe	rty Shi	p Memorial Ass	sociation				
street & number	Fort Mas	on Cent	er-Building A					
city, town	San Fran	cisco	vicinity of		state	Cal	lifornia	
5. Loca	tion of L	egal	Descriptio	n				
courthouse, regis	try of deeds, etc.	Offic	e of Domestic	Shipping				
street & number		US Ma	ritime Adminis	tration				
city, town		Washi	ngton		state	DC	20230	
6. Repr	esentati	on in	<b>Existing S</b>	urveys	1			
titie National	. Register No	ominati	on Forthes this prop	erty been deter	nined eile	jible?	× yes	nc
date 1978				federal	_ <u>X_</u> state		county	_ loca
dapository for sur	vey records Nat:	onal P	ark Service, I	nteragenc	<u>y Reso</u>	urce	s Divis	ion_
city, town Wa	shington				stete	DC	20013-	7127

For NPS use only

received

date entered

# 7. Description

Condition	deteriorated	Check one	Check one
X excellent		X unaltered	N/A original site
good	ruìns unexposed	altered	moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

SS Jeremiah O'Brien is a World War II-vintage cargo ship designated in U.S. Maritime Commission nomenclature as an EC-2 type ("E" for "emergency," World War II being the emergency which caused design and construction of the type; "C" for "cargo," and "2" designating a large capacity). She was the product of a standarized design, adapted from the design of an old and timeproven British tramp ship which originated in 1879. Based on plans obtained from Sunderland, England, the New York naval architect firm of Gibbs and Cox and the U.S. Maritime Commission drew the detailed plans for liberty ships. When shown the plans in 1941, President Franklin D. Roosevelt approved the efficiency of the proposed design but commented that the resulting ship would be "a real ugly duckling," a comment picked up and disseminated by the press and adopted by many.<sup>1</sup>

The standard liberty ship, including the SS Jeremiah O'Brien, was 441 feet and 6 inches in length, with a beam of 56 feet, gross tonnage about 7,176, and displacement tonnage 14,300. The ship was designed to carry 9,146 tons of cargo with a full load of fuel. Commonly they carried more, with holds filled and in addition a deckload of planes or tanks, crated aircraft or trucks, heavy. machinery or railroad locomotives, or a combination of these cargoes, loading them down to their Plimsoll marks or beyond with a 10,000-ton payload. On occasion the ships were used as troop transports. The ship was designed for a crew of 44, but frequently had in additional naval armed guard of ten or twenty or more, making the quarters cramped.

SS Jeremiah O'Brien is a cargo vessel with a raked stem, flush deck, and cruiser stern. Her machinery is amidships. There are five cargo holds, three forward of and two aft of the machinery space. Salt water ballast or dry cargo can be carried in deep tanks provided in Nos. 1 and 4 holds. Cargo handling was by steam winches with booms stepped at the masts and at a center line kingpost. Natural ventilation ducts lead to all holds.

The main propelling machinery consists of a triple expansion steam reciprocating engine, size  $24-1/2 \ge 37 \ge 70 \ge 48$  inches, manufactured by General Machinery Corporation, developing 2500 IHP at 76 RPM and supplied with steam at 220 lbs. per square inch pressure and  $440^{\circ}$ F temperature at the throttle operating on 27" vacuum. The steam was created by two oil-fired water-tube boilers, manufactured by Foster-Wheeler, of the cross-drum, sectional header type. She is equipped with three reciprocating steam driven 20 K.W. generators, two Worthington designed boiler feed pumps, an enclosed crank-case type reciprocating engine driven forced draft fan and main circulator. Fire, bilge, ballast, general service, and fuel oil service pumps are principally of Worthington design and/or manufacture.

SS Jeremiah O'Brien is in excellent condition, retains her World War II integrity, and is mechanically operational.

### **B. Significance**

#### Period Areas of Significance—Check and justify below

)  3	prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration settlement industry invention	 landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics government	 religion science sculpture social/ humsnitarian theater transportation other (specify)
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Specific dates 1943-1946 Builder Ar

Builder Architect New York Shipbuilding Corporation

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

"Liberty Ships" were an emergency response to a critical shortage of maritime cargo ships in World War II. Their construction was a significant accomplishment in engineering design for mass production, and the ships were built to a high standard of performance for the time and under the conditions of wartime emergency. Manned by merchant seamen for the most part, they carried all kinds of wartime cargo, including food, fuel, ammunition, weapons and all kinds of supplies, through the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, the Mediterranean Sea, the Persian Gulf and elsewhere. Approximately 2,742 liberty ships were built during the war. By 1945 liberty ships comprised the greatest standardized fleet in world history.<sup>2</sup>

Some liberty ships were operated by the U.S. Navy and used to supply landings such as the Invasion of Normandy where some of these ships were deliberately scuttled to form breakwaters called "gooseberries," while others supplied the troops on the beaches. Others were used by the Army Transport Service. A few were converted to serve as hospital ships. During the war they typically were armed for defense and many participated in combat involving attacks by enemy submarines and aircraft. More than 200 were sunk by enemy torpedoes or bombs or in storms at sea, while others survived attacks with varying amounts of damage.

SS <u>Jeremiah O'Brien</u> represents the class of liberty ships that contributed to victory in World War II for the following reasons:

- 1. SS <u>Jeremiah O'Brien</u> is the sole operative unaltered survivor of 2751 liberty ships built during World War II. She thus represents the largest single class of ships ever built in the world.
- 2. SS <u>Jeremiah O'Brien</u> was built in 1943 and served with distinction during the war. She carried ammunition, grain, and other dry cargo from the United States to Great Britain, took part in the D-Day invasion of France in June 1944, and later carried cargo to ports in South America, Australia, India, and the Philippines.
- 3. In recognition of her excellent condition and historic integrity SS <u>Jeremiah</u> <u>O'Brien</u> was made a National Historic Mechanical Engineering Landmark in 1984 by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.
- 4. SS <u>Jeremiah O'Brien</u> is in excellent condition and retains her World War II integrity.

### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Continuation sheet

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#### FOOTNOTES

1. The descriptive material in this section was adapted from the following source.

T. J. Patterson, Jr. and Gordon Chappell, "National Register of Historic Places Inventory SS <u>Jeremiah O'Brien</u>" (San Francisco, California: U.S. Maritime Administration, 1978)

2. Ibid.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Bunker, John Gorley. <u>Liberty Ships--The Ugly Ducklings of World War II</u>. Annapolis, Maryland: Naval Institute Press, 1972.

Patterson, T. J. Jr., and Chappell, Gordon. "National Register of Historic Places Inventory SS <u>Jeremiah O'Brien</u>." San Francisco, California: U.S. Maritime Administration, 1978.

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

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state	coc	de county		code
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11. Fo	orm Prepared	Ву		
name/title	Harry A. Butowsky	2		
organization	National Park Ser	vice	date	<u>May 1985</u>
street & numbe	r Division of Histo	ry	telephone	(202) 343-8168
ity or town	Washington		state	DC 20013-7127
12. St	ate Historic P	Preservati	on Office	r Certification
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	national state	e local		
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