Form 10-300 (July 1969) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE:	
North Caroli	na
COUNTY:	
Buncombe	
FOR NPS USE ONL	Υ
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

(Type all entries – complete applicable sections)	ENTRY NUMBER	DATE				
1. NAME						
COMMON:						
The Thomas Wolfe Memorial						
"The Old Kentucky Home"	mas Wolfe	House				
2. LOCATION						
STREET AND NUMBER: 48 Spruce Street						
CITY OR TOWN:						
Asheville						
North Carolina code COUNTY	Buncombe	CODE				
3. CLASSIFICATION						
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP	I STATUS I	ACCESSIBLE O THE PUBLIC				
- W		Yes:				
District XX Building Public Public Acquisition: Site Structure Private In Process		Restricted				
Object Both Being Considere		Unrestricted				
) No				
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)						
Agricultural Government Park		Comments				
Commercial Industrial Private Residence		Comments				
Educational Military Religious	Other (Specify)					
Entertainment Museum VX Scientific						
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY						
OWNER'S NAME:						
Wayne S. Montgomery, Mayor of Asheville	tate I North Can	sleng				
STREET AND NUMBER:	7					
h City Building 7						
CODE CODE						
Asheville North Carolina						
5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:						
Buncombe County Courthouse						
STREET AND NUMBER:						
CITY OR TOWN:		CODE				
Asheville	North Carolina					
		i l				
6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS						
TITLE OF SURVEY:						
TITLE OF SURVEY: None	County					
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DESCRIPTION								
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CONDITION	X Excellent	☐ Good	☐ Fair	☐ Deter	i orated	Ruins	Unexposed	
CONDITION		(Check On	•	•		(Che	ck One)	
	☐ Alte	red	Unaltered			Moved	Original Site	
DESCRIBE THE DE	SECTION AND SEC							

The Thomas Wolfe Memorial is a large, two-story frame house with a gabled roof, clapboard siding, and a two-story porch on two sides. The principle facade has three bays, including a bay window to the right of the front door. When Thomas Wolfe's mother, Mrs. Julia Wolfe, bought the house in 1906, there were seventeen rooms. She soon opened it as a boarding house, naming it "The Old Kentucky Home." In 1917, she enlarged the house by adding two rooms on the south side (widening the porch in the process) and three rooms to the northwest corner. No structural changes have been made to the building since that time.

Thomas Wolfe lived in "The Old Kentucky Home" until his entry into the University of North Carolina in 1916. The house later provided part of the setting for his two first and most successful novels. Following the death of their mother, the remaining Wolf children set aside the house an furnishings as a memorial. In 1949, the City of Asheville agreed to accept the house and administer it as a museum. The furnishings in the house are all Wolfe family items, with the exception of a few objects, added by the city to fill in gaps. One room contains furnishings from one of Thomas Wolfe's apartments in New York, including his writing table and typewriter. South of the house stands the Wolfe children's playhouse, a small, one-story building with a gabled roof, which stood originally in the rear of the (now destroyed) Wolfe family residence at 92 Woodfin Street.

The Thomas Wolfe Memorial is maintained in excellent condition. It is open to visitors from May 1 to October 1.

ERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	' 🔲 18th Century	XX 20th Century
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	ole and Known)		
REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal	Education	Political	Urban Planning
Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
Historic	☐ Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention	Science	
Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
Commerce	KX Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	(~) Theater	
Canservation	Music	Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Thomas Wolfe's short period of productivity included both the late 1920's and the 1930's, and he is remembered as one of the major writers of both of those dissimilar decades. While he was highly individual, the shift of his artistic outlook from romantic individualism to social awareness typified the intellectual progression of his time. He became "perhaps the central spokesman for the artistic beliefs of the 1930's." But the real value of Wolfe's writing lies in its more intrinsic qualities, particularly its great scope and energy, its lyricism, and its full-bodied characterization. These assets have gained for his books a wide and continuous readership. Wolfe is sometimes compared with Whitman as an interpreter of our national spirit and promise. As Herbert J. Muller has remarked, "his life work was perhaps as close as we can expect to come to an American epic."

Of all this country's major novelists, Wolfe was probably the most overtly autobiographical, and his own family and boyhood provided the material for many of his memorable passages and characters. As the scene of this boyhood, "The Old Kentucky Home" bears an intimate relationship to his career. Preserved as a memorial since the death of the writer's mother, the house retains its integrity to an unusual degree. It stands as a striking monument to Thomas Wolfe and to the environment in which his character was formed.

Biography

Thomas Wolfe was born in Asheville, North Carolina, in 1900. He was the youngest of eight children, and the unusually close attention which his mother gave him affected his later life and character. The Wolfe home began to disintegrate in 1906, when Mrs. Wolfe bought the large house at 48 Spruce Street, which she ran as a boarding house. Her husband refused to have any part of this enterprise, and remained at their former residence.

^{1.} Spiller, Robert E., et al, <u>Literary History of the United States</u>, N.Y.: The Macmillan Company, 1960, p. 1309.

^{2.} Ibid.

^{3.} Walser, Richard, Thomas Wolfe, An Introduction and Interpretation, N.Y.: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., 1961, p. 1-2.

^{4.} Op. Cit., p. 138.

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Austin, Neal F., A Biography of Thomas Wolfe, Austin, Texas: R. Beacham, 1968.														
McElderry, Bruce Robert, Thomas Wolfe, New York: Twayne Publishers, 1964.								64.						
Nowell, Elizabeth, Thomas Wolfe, A Biography, Garden City, New York:														
Doubleday, 19 rnbull, Andrew, Thomas Wolfe, New York: Scribners, 1968.														
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Press, 1953; Thomas Wolfe, An Introduction and Interpretation, New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., 1961.									TOTK:					
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	As the	desiona	ited Sta	te Liais	on Officer for t	the	Na-							
As the designated State Liaison Officer for the Na- tional Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law							I hereby certify that this property is included in the							
89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion							National Register.							
in the National Register and certify that it has been						been								
evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set						Att of the second of the secon								
forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:						nended	Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation							
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STATE					
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ENTRY NUMBER DATE					

(Continuation Sheet)

(Number all entries)

8. Significance: (1) The Thomas Wolfe Memorial, "The Old Kentucky Home"

This conflict between the two parents remained irreconcilable, and kept the family in a constant state of turmoil.

In 1916, Thomas Wolfe entered the University of North Carolina, where he began to write plays. After graduation in 1920, he determined to become a dramatist and enrolled in Professor George P. Baker's famous playwriting course at Harvard. While there he wrote several plays, including <u>Welcome</u> to Our City. (1923)

In 1923, Wolfe moved to New York City, which became his permanent home, except for his frequent travels, until his death. Unable to have his plays produced, he turned to teaching. While returning from Europe in 1925, Wolfe met Aline Bernstein, who became for a time a dominant influence upon him. With her financial help and encouragement, he left teaching in 1927 to concentrate on completing his first novel, which was eventually titled Look Homeward, Angel. This work appeared in 1929, after considerable editing by Maxwell Perkins, who became the author's close friend. The book was well received, despite the jeers of a few critics, and was hailed as the voice of a new and different talent.

In 1930, Wolfe went abroad for a year on a Guggenheim fellowship. On hi return he lived in Brooklyn for four years. In 1935, he published a second novel, of Time and the River. Wolfe left the country shortly before this work appeared. It was not until his arrival in Berlin in May that he learned that he had received great critical acclaim, and was in fact a famous man.

Wolfe had come to have a deep admiration for Germany, but gradually became concerned about the evils of Naziism. This awareness, combined with his observation of the effects of the depression in America, led to a left-ward shift in his thinking and to a heightened political enthusiasm. The conservative Perkins saw this tendency as a threat to Wolfe's creativity, and it became a major cause of the break which occurred between the two men.

In May 1938, after completing The Web and the Rock (1939), he left for a tour through the Western national parks. At the close of the trip he was stricken with pneumonia. He contracted tuberculosis, and died in Baltimore on September 15, 1938. His fourth long novel, You Can't Go Home Again, was published in 1940, and together with many shorter pieces, completed the body of his work. Despite his early death, Wolfe's achievements had become a landmark in American literature.