

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

STATE: Maryland	
COUNTY: Howard	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

1. NAME

COMMON: Doughoregan Manor (Charles Carroll (III) of Carrollton House)

AND/OR HISTORIC: Doughoregan Manor

2. LOCATION

STREET AND NUMBER: 8 miles west of Ellicott City, via Federick Road (State 144)
and one mile south on Manor Lane

CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City

STATE: Maryland CODE: COUNTY: Howard CODE:

3. CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object	<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both	Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Museum	<input type="checkbox"/> Park <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ _____ _____
		<input type="checkbox"/> Comments	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes: Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY

OWNER'S NAME: Mrs. Philip A. Carroll

STREET AND NUMBER: The Manor

CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City 21043 STATE: Maryland CODE:

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.: Howard County Courthouse

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City STATE: Maryland CODE:

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey (13 photos)

DATE OF SURVEY: 1936 Federal State County Local

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: Division of Prints and Photographs, Library of Congress

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: Washington STATE: D.C. CODE:

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

STATE: COUNTY: ENTRY NUMBER: DATE: FOR NPS USE ONLY

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input type="checkbox"/> Unaltered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The facts about the construction of Doughoregan Manor have never been fully established. It is believed that Charles Carroll II built the house about 1727.

The main house, which is about 66-feet long and 30-feet deep, was originally a one-and-a-half story gambrel roofed brick building with two pair of end chimneys. To the north stood a small detached one-story brick family chapel and to the south, a brick kitchen, with servants' quarters. Both of these outbuildings were probably erected around 1780. In the 1830s Charles, V, enlarged and revised these three buildings into their present form. He raised the main house half-story to a full story, making it a two-story structure. The new gable roof was cut off at the top to form a flat deck, which was balustraded and surmounted by an octagonal cupola. The center door of the front (west) facade was sheltered by a new one-story portico with four Doric columns. A similar new portico on the rear (west) elevation had a room above it and on either side a long one-story covered veranda with iron columns and marble floor extended the length of the main house. The chapel to the north was enlarged and its height raised and the remodelled building was joined to the main house by means of a two-story passageway.¹ The kitchen to the south was similarly enlarged and connected to the central block. The resulting new five-part composition, about 300-feet in length, was unified by the addition of wooden walkways to the roofs of the wings and the installation of a octagonal cupola on the central block.

The central house has a center hall plan. The main hall, paneled in oak, extends through from front to rear. The stair is located in a small side hall, situated on the north side of the main hall, adjacent to the east (front) entrance. Beyond the side hall is a library and to the west, the large parlor. On the south side of the main hall are the small parlor, in the southeast corner, and to the west, the dining room. The second floor bedrooms, remodelled in the 1830s, were completely renovated and redecorated around 1915. The estate, containing about 3,000 acres, and house are in excellent condition. The mansion is used as a residence and is not open to visitors.

¹The interior of the chapel was further altered in the period after 1865.

8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Columbian | <input type="checkbox"/> 16th Century | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 18th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 20th Century |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 15th Century | <input type="checkbox"/> 17th Century | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19th Century | |

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

1766-1832

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal | <input type="checkbox"/> Education | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Political | <input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric | <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Historic | <input type="checkbox"/> Industry | <input type="checkbox"/> Science | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture | <input type="checkbox"/> Invention | <input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Art | <input type="checkbox"/> Literature | <input type="checkbox"/> Theater | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Commerce | <input type="checkbox"/> Military | <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communications | <input type="checkbox"/> Music | | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | | | _____ |

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Doughoregan Manor, was the country home from 1766 to 1832 of Charles Carroll (III) "of Carrollton," a signer of the Declaration of Independence for Maryland, planter, landowner, politician, and U.S. Senator. The Georgian brick plantation house, built about 1727, was greatly enlarged and remodelled in the Greek Revival Style in the 1830's. His favorite country home, Charles Carroll is buried in the family chapel attached to the north end of the mansion.

Brief Sketch of the Life of Charles Carroll (III) of Carrollton, 1737-1832.

Charles Carroll, III, was born at Annapolis, Maryland, September 19, 1737, into a wealthy Roman Catholic family. He was educated by the Society of Jesus in Maryland; he attended the College de St. Omer in French Flanders from 1748 to 1752 and the College de Louis le Grand in Parish from 1753 to 1757. He then went to London for several years, where he continued the study of civil law that he had begun in France. In 1765, at the age of 28, Carroll returned to Maryland and took up the development of the 10,000 acre tract in Frederick County located at the mouth of the Monocary River and known as Carrollton Manor, which his father made over to him at this time. Here in a farmhouse he erected near present-day Buckeytown, Charles Carroll lived the life of a country gentleman of property. In 1765 he began the practice of adding "of Carrollton" to his name to distinguish himself from his father and cousins of the same name.

He took no part in Maryland politics as he was debarred by law from political activity by his legal disability as a Roman Catholic. In 1768 he married his cousin Mary Darnall, by whom he had seven children, three of whom lived to maturity. In 1773 Carroll entered politics when he published a series of letters in Annapolis newspapers. In 1774 and 1775 he was a member of the Annapolis Committee of Correspondence, of the first Maryland convention, of the provincial committee of correspondence and the committee of safety.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Dictionary of American Biography, Vol. IV, 34-37. Article by Edwin S. Corwin.
Maryland, A Guide to the Old Line State (American Guide Series) (New York, 1940), 331.
Great Georgian Houses of America (2 vols., New York, 1933-37), Vol. I, 132-137.
 J.M. Hammond, Colonial Mansions of Maryland and Delaware (Philadelphia, 1914), 110-30.
 Katherine Scarborough, Homes of the Cavaliers (New York, 1930), 121, 123.

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees	Minutes	Seconds
NW	39 ° 17 ' 09 "	76 ° 53 ' 43 "		°	'	"
NE	39 ° 16 ' 54 "	76 ° 52 ' 30 "		39	16	35
SE	39 ° 16 ' 05 "	76 ° 52 ' 52 "		76	53	37
SW	39 ° 16 ' 23 "	76 ° 54 ' 29 "		Location of house		

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: **900 acres out of total of 2800 acres**

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: **Charles W. Snell, Survey Historian**

ORGANIZATION: **Division of History, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation, National Park Service** DATE: **5/21/71**

STREET AND NUMBER: **801 - 19th Street N.W.**

CITY OR TOWN: **Washington** STATE: **D.C.** CODE:

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National State Local

Name _____

Title _____

Date _____

NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

 Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date _____

ATTEST:

 Keeper of The National Register

Date _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

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(Doughoregan Manor) (Continuation Sheet)

(Charles Carroll(III) of Carrollton House)

(Number all entries)

2. Boundaries for this Historic Site: Doughoregan Manor (Charles Carroll III).

Approximately 900 acres in the shape of a trapezoid, including the Doughoregan Manor plantation house, dependencies, and 18th century farm buildings starting at the northwest corner at the junction of the National Pike (State Route 144) and Quarter Folly Road at latitude 39° 17' 09" N. - longitude 76° 53' 43" W., proceeding in a easterly direction along the south edge of the National Pike for about 6,000-feet to the northeast corner at latitude 39° 16' 54" N. - long. 76° 52' 30" W., then proceeding in a straight line to the southwest for about 5200-feet to the southeast corner at lat. 39° 16' 05" N. - long. 76° 52' 52" W., then going northwest about 7800-feet to the southwest corner on the east edge of Folly Quarter Road at lat. 39° 16' 23" N. - long. 76° 54' 29" W., then returning northeast along the east edge of Folly Quarter Road about 6000-feet to the beginning, the northwest corner. Precise boundaries, as described above, are recorded in black ink on a copy of U.S. Geological Survey Map: Sykesville Quadrangle, Maryland 7.5 Minute Series (Topographic) 1953, on file with the Branch of Historical Surveys, Division of History, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation, National Park Service.

Total acreage in the Doughoregan Manor estate is about 2,800 acres. 900 acres are included in the proposed historic district.

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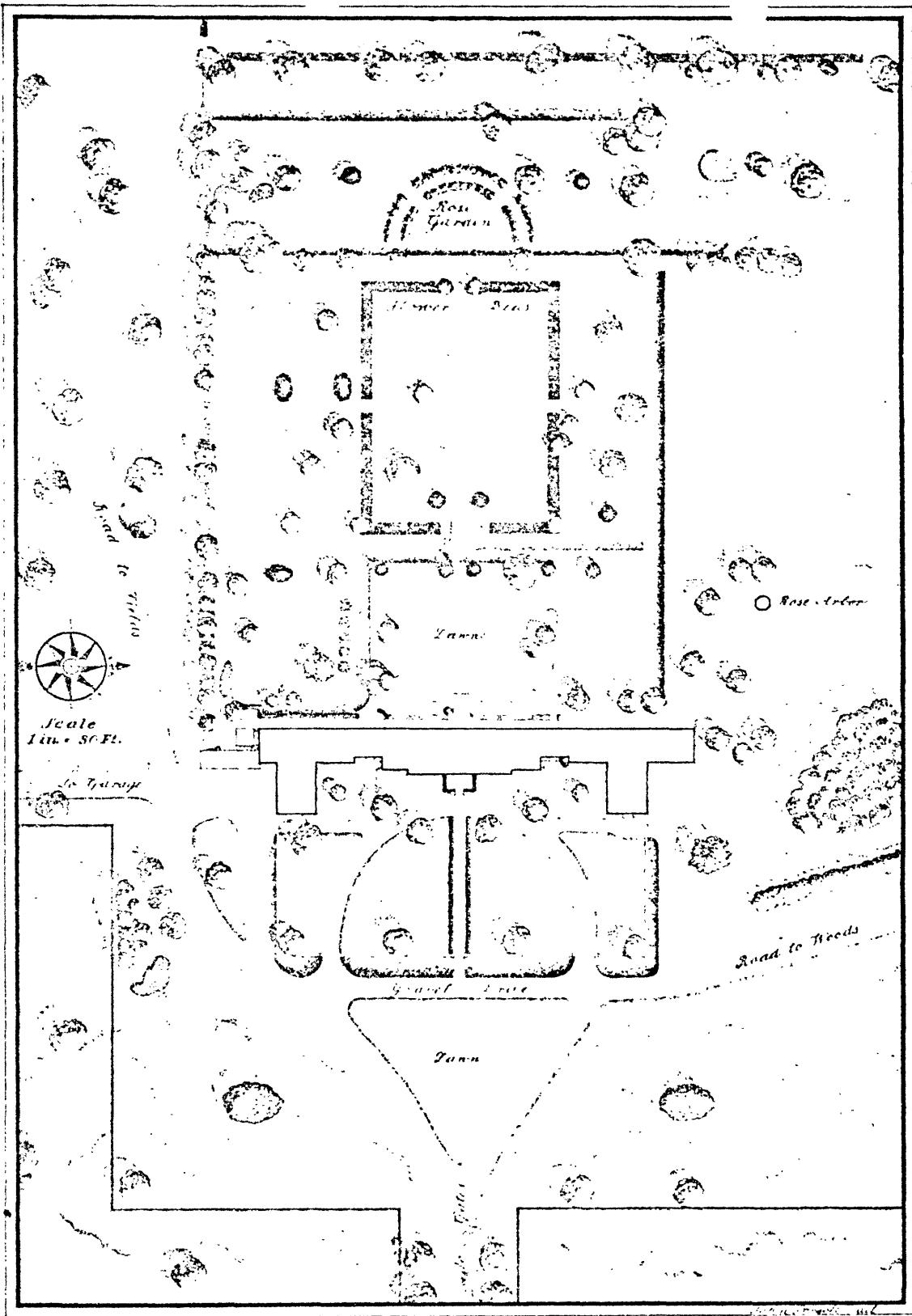
8. Significance (1) Doughoregan Manor House
(Charles Carroll (III) of Carrollton)

Because of his standing among American Catholics and his knowledge of French, the Continental Congress, in February, 1776, appointed Carroll a member of a commission to visit Canada "to promote or form a union" between Canada and the colonies. The mission failed. He was a delegate to the Maryland convention of 1776 and appointed a delegate to the Continental Congress on July 4, 1776. Carroll went almost immediately to Philadelphia, voted for the engrossment of the Declaration of Independence on July 19, and signed the document on August 2. He was a member of the Continental Congress from 1776 to 1779 and a state senator from 1776 to 1804.

In 1787 he was elected to the Constitutional Convention but declined to serve. He favored, however, the adoption of the Constitution. He was chosen a U.S. Senator from Maryland in 1790 and served until 1792, when he resigned this office. In 1804, after he failed to be re-elected to the Maryland senate, he retired from public service at the age of 67. He then devoted his time to the development of an estate that included between 70 and 80,000 acres of land in Maryland, Pennsylvania, and New York. He was a member of the Potomac Company (1785) and of its successor, the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal (1823). He was on the first board of directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and laid its cornerstone on July 4, 1828. Carroll died at Baltimore on November 14, 1832 and was buried in the family chapel on his country estate, Doughoregan Manor. At the time of his death he was the last surviving signer of the Declaration of Independence and believed to be the wealthiest citizen in the United States.

HISTORY OF THE HOUSE

Charles Carroll, I, acquired the 10,000 acres comprising the original Doughoregan Manor in 1717. His son, Charles Carroll, II, is believed to have constructed the main section of the mansion about 1727 and on his death in the 1760's, Doughoregan Manor passed to his son, Charles Carroll III, "the signer." The mansion was the latter's favorite country home. His grandson, Charles Carroll, V, remodelled and enlarged the Georgian house in the Greek Revival style shortly after his grandfather's death in 1832. The estate, now containing about 2,800 acres, is still owned by the Carroll family.

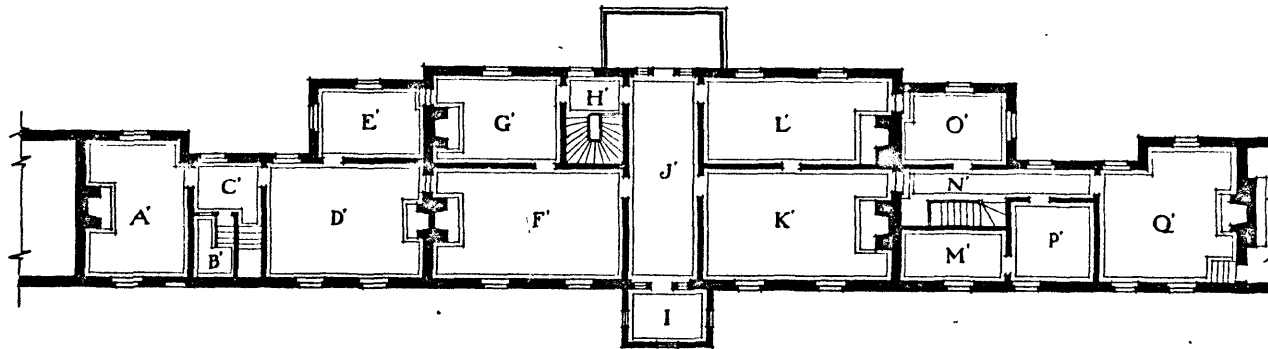


The GARDEN PLAN of
DOUGHOREGAN MANOR
Howard County Maryland

KEY

- First Floor*
- A ~ Sacristy ~ 12'-6" x 21'-0" x 11'-6"
 - B ~ Chancel ~ 19'-2" x 41'-0" x 26'-6"
 - C ~ Nave ~ 25'-0" x 39'-0" x 26'-6"
 - D ~ Chamber No. 1 ~ 15'-4" x 20'-4" x 10'-1"
 - E ~ Back Stair Hall ~ 10'-1" x 16'-8" x 10'-1"
 - F ~ Chamber No. 2 ~ 16'-8" x 23'-1" x 10'-1"
 - G ~ Office ~ 10'-0" x 15'-6" x 10'-1"
 - H ~ Parlor ~ 16'-2" x 28'-0" x 10'-10"
 - I ~ Library ~ 12'-4" x 13'-6" x 10'-10"
 - J ~ Main Stair Hall ~ 9'-2" x 12'-4"
 - K ~ Main Hall ~ 14'-6" x 29'-2" x 10'-10"
 - L ~ Dining Room ~ 16'-4" x 21'-0" x 10'-10"
 - M ~ Hall Parlor ~ 12'-0" x 21'-0" x 10'-10"
 - N ~ Breakfast Room ~ 14'-6" x 15'-2" x 9'-4"
 - O ~ Stores ~ 6'-0" x 8'-0" x 10'-1"
 - Q ~ Service Corridor ~ 6'-0" x 50'-0" x 10'-1"
 - R ~ Butler's Pantry ~ 11'-4" x 12'-10" x 10'-1"
 - S ~ Kitchen ~ 20'-0" x 24'-0" x 13'-8"
 - T ~ Servants Hall ~ 20'-0" x 21'-0" x 13'-8"
 - V ~ Buttery ~ 13'-8" x 13'-8" x 13'-8"
 - W ~ Service Stairs ~ 9'-10" x 10'-9" x 13'-8"
 - X ~ Billiard Room ~ 22'-0" x 25'-4" x 13'-8"
 - Y ~ West Portico
 - Z ~ East Portico

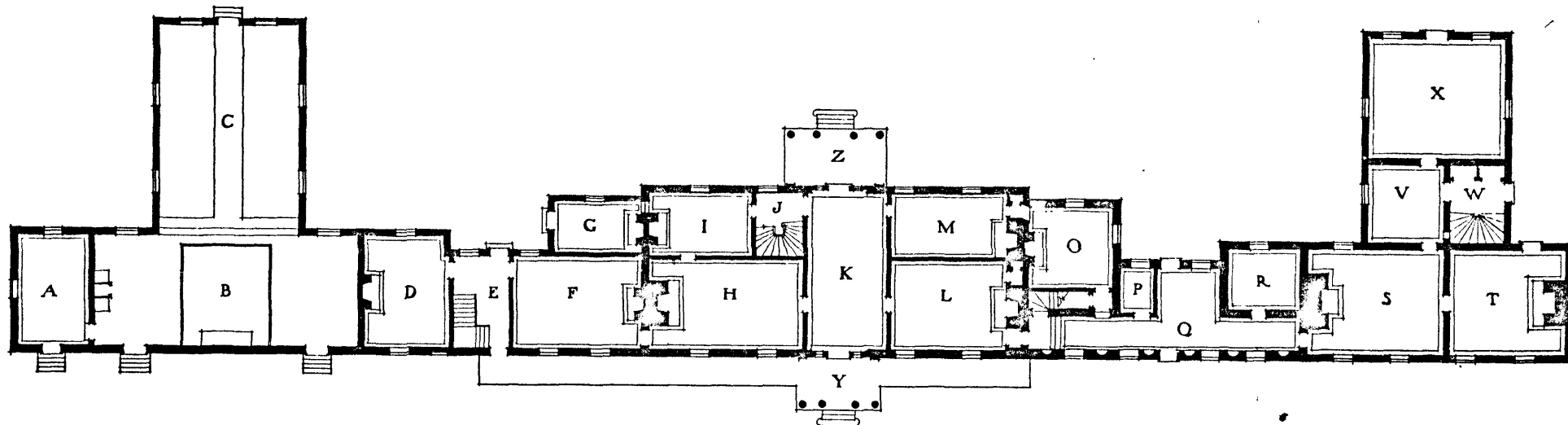
NOTE
 ~ Last dimension in each case denotes ceiling height



Second Floor Plan

KEY

- Second Floor*
- A ~ Chamber ~ No. 3 ~ 15'-4" x 20'-4" x 10'-0"
 - B ~ Bath ~ 6'-0" x 9'-0" x 10'-0"
 - C ~ Back Stair Hall ~ 16'-8" x 23'-1" x 10'-0"
 - D ~ Chamber ~ No. 4 ~ 16'-8" x 23'-1" x 10'-0"
 - E ~ Bath ~ 10'-0" x 15'-6" x 10'-0"
 - F ~ Chamber ~ No. 5 ~ 16'-2" x 26'-0" x 13'-5"
 - G ~ Chamber ~ No. 6 ~ 12'-4" x 18'-6" x 13'-5"
 - H ~ Stair Hall ~ 9'-2" x 12'-4"
 - I ~ Bath ~ 9'-0" x 12'-0" x 12'-0"
 - J ~ Main Hall ~ 10'-0" x 29'-2" x 10'-5"
 - K ~ Chamber ~ No. 7 ~ 16'-3" x 28'-4" x 13'-5"
 - L ~ Chamber ~ No. 8 ~ 12'-6" x 28'-4" x 13'-5"
 - M ~ Bath ~ 7'-5" x 15'-2" x 10'-0"
 - N ~ Passage ~ 7'-1" x 27'-10" x 10'-0"
 - O ~ Chamber ~ No. 9 ~ 10'-0" x 15'-2" x 10'-0"
 - P ~ Chamber ~ No. 10 ~ 11'-3" x 12'-4" x 10'-0"
 - Q ~ Chamber ~ No. 11 ~ 19'-4" x 21'-2" x 10'-0"



First Floor Plan