		1	ATION: HISTORIC LANDMARKS THE D STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE AL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES YENTORY – NOMINATION FORM Il entries - complete applicable sections)					Pennsylvania					
[ <b>(</b> N.		INVI NAT. HISTORIC					сс -	COUNTY: Philadelphia FOR NPS USE ONLY ENTRY DATE					
	<u>[].</u>	NAME COMMON: AND/OR HISTORIC:		enters' Hall enters' Hall									
	2.	STREET AND NUMBER: 320 Chestnut Street CITY OR TOWN: CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:											
		Philadelphia				3rd			IONAL DISTRICT:				
	5		Penn	<u>sylvania</u>		CODE 42		1adelp	an and a second s	CODE 101			
7 7	3	CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY (Check One)			OWNERSHIP				STATUS ACCESS TO THE P				
STRUCTION								Yes: Restricted XUnrestricted No					
		PRESENT USE (Check Agricultural Commercial Educational Entertainment	Industrial       Park         Industrial       Private Residence         Military       Religious         Museum       Scientific						Transportation Comments Other (Specify)				
х — Ш	4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY         OWNER'S NAME:         The Carpenters' Company of the City and County of         Philadelphia         STREET AND NUMBER:										-	
S П		CITY OR TOWN:	Phil.	<u>Chestnut Str</u> a adelphia				TATE: Pennsy	lvania	c 4			
	15.	LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION         COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:         Philadelphia City Hall         STREET AND NUMBER:         Broad and Market Streets         CITY OR TOWN:         Philadelphia         Philadelphia         Philadelphia										12211170	
		CITY OR TOWN:		<u>coad and Market Stree</u> niladelphia			STATE				CODE DIA		
	6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey (2 photos, 1936)											E Z T F	
	DATE OF SURVEY: 1936 E Federal State County Local DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: Library of Congress/Annex STREET AND NUMBER: Division of Prints and Photographs										ENTRY NUMBER	FOR NPS USE	
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7.	DESCRIPTION	s:							<u> </u>
			<b>N</b> 0 1		•	k One)			
	CONDITION	Excellent	🗙 Good	Fair	Dete	eriorated	Ruins	Unexposed	
		(Check One)			(Check One)				
		🗙 Alter	·ed	Unaltered			Moved	🕱 Original Site	

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

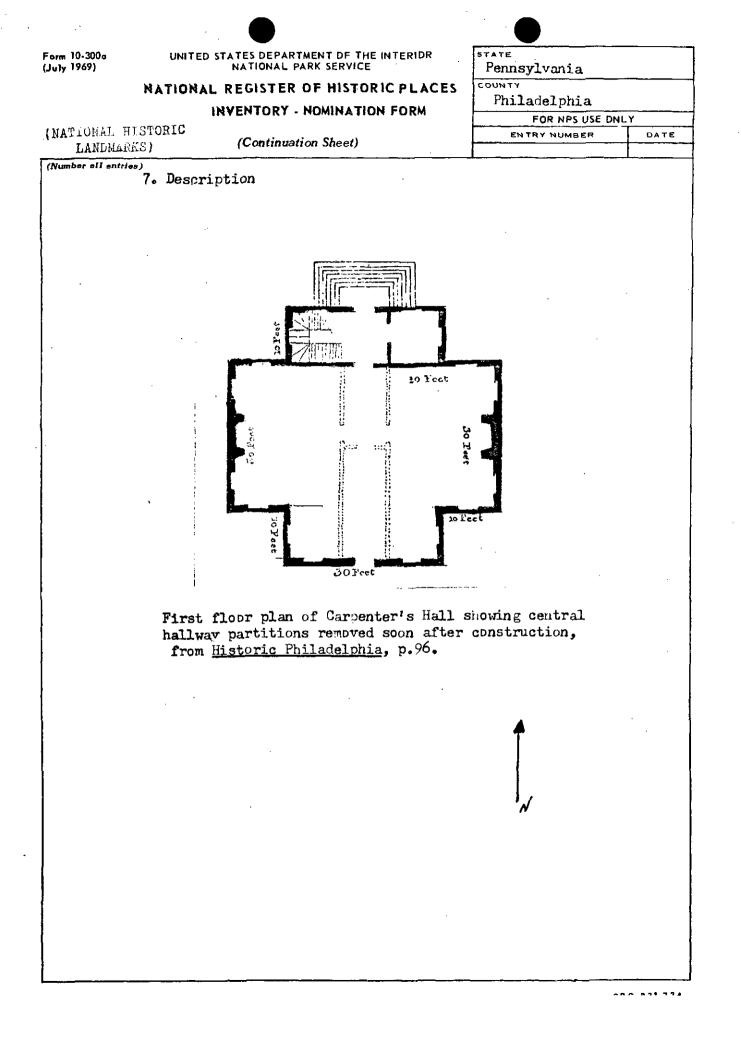
Erected in 1770-73, Carpenters' Hall is one of the finest examples of late Georgian public building architecture in the United States. Designed and constructed by Robert Smith, the hall is a two-story brick building with central pedimented pavilions projecting north and south which gives the structure a Greek cross plan. The brick walls are laid in Flemish bond with dark glazed headers. The gable roof is crowned by a central octagonal cupola with chimneys located at the east and west gable ends. Large windows are framed by classical surrounds with white shutters accenting the lower level. The north entrance has broad high steps leading to a pedimented double doorway with a fanlight above. This decorative wooden door with engaged Doric columns was installed in 1791 to finally complete the building. Above this, three roundheaded windows set above false balustrades, rest on a white beltcourse and small molded cornice. The pediment itself is ornamented by a Greek fret band which also runs along the entire cornice of the building.

Inside, the first floor is occupied by a large meeting room which occupies the entire area with the exception of a small entrance hall. A lightly molded cornice with Greek fret band surrounds the main center hall. On the south, two flutted Ionic columns form a screen between the center room and small hall of the pavilion. These are repeated in the north but are engaged in the wall which divides the entrance and stair hall from the main room. Mantels on the east and west walls have broken pediments over an eared overmantel decorated with delicate moldings.

This area is occupied today by a small museum and souvenirstand which detracts somewhat from the interior as does the modern tile floor. The upper floor houses a library installed in 1854 when the building underwent its first restoration, and rooms for the custodian.

## BOUNDARY

The exterior boundary of Carpenters' Hall is marked by a white fence which separates the property from the Independence National Historic Park, beginning at a point on the south side of Chestnut Street 60' west of Orianna Street; thence 140' in a southerly direction; thence 25.5' eastward, thence 115' south, thence 66' west, thence 115' north, thence 26' east, thence 140' north; thence 14' to the point of beginning as described in the agreement with the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to the act of Congress approved June 28, 1948 (62 Stat. 1061), entitled "An Act to provide for the establishment of the Independence National Historical Park."



ERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	🕱 18th Century	20th Century
15th Century	17th Century	19th Century	
PECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicab	le and Known) 1770		
REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Che	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal	Education	Political	📋 Urban Planning
Prehistaric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
Historic	Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention	Science	
🔀 Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture	
Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	Theater	
Canservation	Music	Transportation	

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STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Carpenters' Hall, erected in 1770-71 by the Carpenters' Company of Philadelphia is one of the finest examples of late Georgian public architecture in the United States. In the form of a Greek cross with four projecting gable ends and gracefully proportioned octagonal cupola, Carpenters' Hall exterior exemplifies the reserved but sophisticated design which made Philadelphia the handsome center of the American Colonies and early Republic. The building itself served as a meeting place for the First Continental Congress in 1774, as a hospital for both British and American troops and as the temporary office for both the First and Second Banks of the United States. Privately owned within the Independence National Park, Carpenters' Hall contributes to the total complex by preserving in part the original architectural cohesiveness of the area, providing a rare survival of a unit of Colonial public buildings.

## HISTORY

The Carpenters' Company of Philadelphia, probably the oldest builder's organization in the United States, was founded in 1724. Fashioned after trade guilds of England, the most famous of which is "Worshipful Company of Carpenters' of London", its members tended from the outset to be master carpenters rather than journeymen, who shared the duties of the architect and contractor of today. As a result, the members of the Carpenters' Company were responsible for much of the design and construction of the city. Edmund Woolley, builder of the State House, John Harrison, responsible for much of Christ Church, and Robert Smith, builder of St. Peter's Episcopal Church and the Carpenters' Hall itself are only a few of the many craftsman who wielded much control in the building industry and helped to shape the city.

The oldest existing records show that as early as 1763 the Company was contemplating building a meeting hall. In 1768 a lot was acquired and by 1770 they were ready to build. Shortly after they bought the land, the Company voted to sell a third of the Chestnut Street frontage. From this and subsequent developments it appears that the Hall was always planned to head up a narrow court, flanked by buildings to be leased for rent. The placement of buildings in the middle of a city block was not uncommon in Philadelphia where the full exploitation of lots was possible only by development of the interior areas.

(continued)

EINSTRUCTIONS

9. M/	JOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL RI	FERENCES			•		3
<ul> <li>Carpenters' Hall File, Philadelphia Historical Commission, City Hall Annex, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.</li> <li>Cousins, Frank, and Riley, Philip, M., <u>The Colonial Architecture of</u> <u>Philadelphia</u>, Boston, 1920, pp. 8, 148, 210-12.</li> <li>Morrison, Hugh, <u>Early American Architecture</u>, New York, 1952, pp. 517.</li> <li>Peterson, Charles, "Carpenters' Hall," <u>Historic Philadelphia</u>, Philadelphia, 1953, pp. 96-128.</li> <li>Tatum, George B., <u>Penn's Great Town</u>, Philadelphia, 1961, pp. 20, 30, 36-37, 42, 46, 157.</li> </ul>							
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