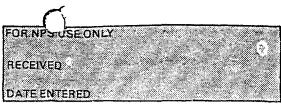
UNITED STATES DEPAR. ... ENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS NAME HISTORIC The Bronck House AND/OR COMMON The Bronck House 2 LOCATION STREET & NUMBER Route 9W NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN Coxsackie VICINITY OF STATE CODE COUNTY CODE New York Greene CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY **OWNERSHIP STATUS** PRESENT USE X_MUSEUM $\frac{\mathbf{X}}{\mathbf{X}}$ BUILDING(S) X_OCCUPIED PUBLIC __AGRICULTURE X PRIVATE _UNOCCUPIED __COMMERCIAL __PARK _STRUCTURE BOTH _WORK IN PROGRESS __EDUCATIONAL _PRIVATE RESIDENCE __ŞITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE -_ENTERTAINMENT --RELIGIOUS . __OBJECT IN PROCESS YES: RESTRICTED __GOVERNMENT _SCIENTIFIC __BEING CONSIDERED X YES: UNRESTRICTED _INDUSTRIAL _TRANSPORTATION __NO __MILITARY _OTHER: 4 OWNER OF PROPERTY The Greene County Historical Society STREET & NUMBER Route 9W CITY, TOWN STATE New York Coxsackie VICINITY OF LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE REGISTRY OF DEEDS ETC. STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN **6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS** TITLE DATE __FEDERAL __STATE __COUNTY DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS CITY, TOWN STATE



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

XEXCELLENT	
GOOD	

___FAIR

__DETERIORATED

_UNEXPOSED

__RUINS

__UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED

DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Erected in three distinct stages between 1663 and 1792, the Bronck House is an outstanding example of organic growth in a typical Dutch Colonial dwelling of the Hudson Valley.

The first house (now the southern section) was constructed by Pieter Bronck in 1663. Built with thick fieldstone walls, a high, steeply-pitched gabled roof, and tall, heavy, casement windows, this small dewlling contained one large room on each of the two floors, and an attic above. The woodwork, including 15 inch (and larger) floor boards, and hugh, hand-hewn beams, has been restored. The Dutch doors retain their original hinges, knockers, and locks. The stair in one corner of the ground floor room, is like a ship's companionway, while the windows have unusually heavy panelled shutters, and the attic is lighted by two brick-faced, round windows, about the size of portholes, in each gable end.

In 1738, Leendent Bronck enlarged the stone house by building a larger brick house to the north, connected to the original dwelling by a brick passageway, or hall. The "new" house has two rooms on both the first and second floors, and large attic above. Like the stone house, the new house also has a high steeply-pitched gable roof, and now, striking brickwork. The gable ends have elbows at top and at the eaves, mouse-toothing ornamenting the gable's edges, and Dutch cross-brickwork. The shutters for the two windows on the end facing the stone house are of the heavy batten type, unpanelled, and above these is a shuttered granary door. The living room in the new house is spanned by heavy joists resting on curved knees, much as in ship construction, and the steep open stairway, flooring of heavy planks, a divided front door with iron strap hinges, are all typical of the period and region.

The third and final expansion in this house, or pair of houses, occured in 1792, when the Bronck's added a one-and-a-half story wing to the west, or rear side of the 1663 stone house. This addition, which contains a hall and dining room, with attic above, is constructed with the same type of massive stonework as was used in the 1663 house. The panelling of the fireplace wall in the 1792 dining room is particularly noteworthy. The south side of the new addition features a typical Dutch entry, covered porch, or stoep, with a wooden ballustrade.

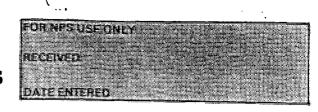
The property remained in the possession of the Bronck family as a working farm until 1938, when Leonard Bronck Lampman renovated the structure and presented it, with 16 acres of land, to the Greene County Historical Society. Maintained in excellent condition, the house is now a museum and regularly open to the public.

See Continuation Sheet

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



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ITEM NUMBER

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In addition to the Bronck House, there are a number of other no structures located on the site. The kitchen, located behind the house is a one room, brick building with a peak roof. The coach house is a wood structure of two stories resting on a stone foundation with a peak roof.

There are two barns located on the property. The Dutch Barn made of wood with a peak roof and the multisided Freedom barn also of wood and with a peak roof.

The library, which once served as a chicken coop, is a wood structure with loof and peak roof. There are also three small wood outhouses that are used as a trading post, bathrooms, and musuem.

There is also the caretakers, which is of twentieth century origin, and does not contribute to the national significance of the landmark.

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
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1800-1899 1900-	COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT _INDUSTRY _INVENTION	PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER (SPECIFY)

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Bronck House, at Coxsackie, New York, is an outstanding example of an evolving Hudson Valley Manor House through the earliest periods of Dutch inhabitancy to an immediately post-revolutionary period when the most significant major changes to the house were completed. It is an example of organic growth in three distinct stages and styles, between 1663 and 1792, a period of nearly a century and a half which saw not only profound changes in architectural taste, but which was influenced by the larger socio-economic conditions prevalent at the time.

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9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAP CAL REFERENCES

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10 GEOGRAPHICAL	. DATA				
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of this National Histo	ric Landmark, als	o contains a numb	er of structures that		
add to the national s	ignificance of th	le=Tandmark. See	Continuation sheet		
LIST ALL STATES AN	ID COUNTIES FOR FRUPE	ERTIES OVERLAPPING STA	TE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES		
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE		
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11 FORM PREPARE	D BY		•		
NAME/TITLE	_				
James Dillion, Historian 9-9-76					
ORGANIZATION			DATE		
National Park Service,	Historic Sites S	urvey			
STREET & NUMBER 1100 L Street NW.		20	TELEPHONE		
1100 L Street NW. 202/523-5464 CITY OR TOWN STATE					
Washington			D.C. 20240		
12 STATE HISTORIC	CDDESERVATIO	ON OFFICER CE	PTICICATION		
THE EVA		OF THIS PROPERTY WITH	N THE STATE IS:		
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_As the designated State Historic	Preservation Officer for the	e National Historic Presdena	tion Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665)	, i	
hereby nominate this property f	or inclusion in the Nationa	al Register and certification	Haas been evaluated according to t	he	
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At a point on the western curb of US 9w, approximately 1000' southwest of the intersection of US 9w and state highway 385, proceed southwest 951', more or less, to a point, thence west 780', more or less, to a point, thence northeast 1115, more or less, to a point, thence east 780', more or less, to the point or origin.







Bronck House, Coxsackie, New York

