Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)
NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARK
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Theme: Conservation

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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		HOW TO COMPLETE NATION		S
1 NAME				
HISTORIC	ADIRONDACK FOREST	PRESERVE		
AND/OR COM	MMON Adirondack Forest	Preserve		
2 LOCAT	TION			
STREET & NU	Northeastern	New York State	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	Raybrook		CONGRESSIONAL DIST 29, 30,	
STATE		VICINITY OF CODE	COUNTY	CODE
	New York	36	Essex	31
3 CLASS	IFICATION			
CATEG	ORY OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	SENT USE
DISTRICT	G(S) PRIVATE	XOCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM XPARK
STRUCTU X SITE	PUBLIC ACQUIS	WORK IN PROGRESS SITION ACCESSIBLE	EDUCATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT	X_PRIVATE RESIDENCERELIGIOUS
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	XYES. RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES. UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	x_ _{OTHER:} Preserv
4 OWNE	R OF PROPERTY			
NAME New	York State and Mult	iple Owners		
STREEF & NU				
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
·	prook	VICINITY OF	New	York
5 LOCAT	TION OF LEGAL D	ESCRIPTION		
COURTHOUS REGISTRY OF		ck Park Agency		
STREET & NU				
CITY, TOWN	Davibra ali		STATE	
	Raybrook		New	York
6 REPRE	SENTATION IN E	XISTING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
DATE	None			
DAIL		FEDERAL _	_STATECOUNTYLOCA	L
DEPOSITORY			<u> </u>	
SURVEY REC	UNDS		STATE	
3111, 10WN			SIAIL	



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

XEXCELLENT __GOOD

__DETERIORATED

__UNALTERED

X ORIGINAL SITE (expanded)

__FAIR

__UNEX POSED

__RUINS

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Adirondack Forest Preserve presently encloses the Adirondack Mountains within a six million acre region spread over twelve counties in northeast New York.

The Adirondacks themselves cover approximately 5000 square miles in the area bounded by the Hudson River and Lake Champlain on the east, the St. Lawrence River on the northwest, and the Mohawk river valley on the south. The Adirondacks do not form a connected chain like the Appalachians but consist of many summits in isolation or in groups. There are approximately 100 peaks over 1200' and the highest is Mount Marcy, at 5344'.

The Adirondacks were formed by the faulting of the earth's crust, and by erosion. The eastern half of the region generally has a more rugged appearance. The retreat of the glaciers which covered the Adirondack region has left over 200 lakes which are at least a square mile in area. In addition there are countless smaller lakes and ponds as well as swamps and spectacular waterfalls and gorges. Several rivers and streams have their sources in the Adirondacks as well.

Approximately 2.3 million acres of the Preserve are owned by the State of New York, and the remaining 3.7 million acres are privately owned. The state has created several parks, trails and camp grounds throughout the Preserve, and has recently prohibited any motor vehicles or permanent habitation from one million acres of forest.

There are 125,000 permanent residents in the Adirondacks in addition to the many seasonal residents. In light of the increased development of the private lands within the Preserve, strict population density regulations have recently been implemented.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW __PREHISTORIC __ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ._COMMUNITY PLANNING __LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE __RELIGION X CONSERVATION __1400-1499 __ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC __LAW __SCIENCE __1500-1599 __AGRICULTURE ___ECONOMICS __LITERATURE __SCULPTURE __1600-1699 __ARCHITECTURE __EDUCATION __MILITARY __SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN __1700-1799 __ART __ENGINEERING __MUSIC __THEATER X_1800-1899 __COMMERCE __EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT __PHILOSOPHY _TRANSPORTATION __1900-__COMMUNICATIONS __INDUSTRY __POLITICS/GOVERNMENT _OTHER (SPECIFY) __INVENTION SPECIFIC DATES BUILDER/ARCHITECT 1885

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Adirondack Forest Preserve became the first state forest preserve in the nation when New York established it as a wilderness area in 1885. Since that date, innumerable other state forest reserves have been created, following the precedent created by the Empire State over 77 years ago.

The legislative act of 1885 provided that all state-owned lands in the eleven county Adirondack region plus three counties in the Catskill Mountains would become preserve, and would thus be protected from the depredations which private and commercial interests had incurred. Today, the Adirondack Forest Preserve, plus the Catskill timber lands, includes some 2,500,000 acres of state-owned land. In addition to providing for the continued protection of the forests, the preserve also serves as a vast recreational area. The state has developed 40 camping sites, plus many other opportunities for the enjoyment of the out-of-doors. Roads make many areas in the preserve accessible to the hiker and camper.

Prior to 1885, private and commercial interests had made great and destructive inroads upon New York's timber lands. Lumbermen invaded the Adirondack region as early as 1813, and by the early 1860's vast areas in the Adirondack Mountains has been swept clean of trees. A protest against such wanton timbering appeared in the New York Times in 1864, plus a plea that a park be created in the Adirondacks. Further outcries against the despoilation of the mountainous area failed to halt the march of the axe. But some hope appeared on the horizon in 1872, when the state established a State Park Commission and authorized a survey of the lands in dispute. Verplanck Colvin, who had been among those calling for the protection of the Adirondack region, undertook the survey. In his reports, he never failed to advocate state action to preserve the lands he was surveying. As the years marched past, Colvin and other early participants in the struggle received increasing support in the fight to save the Adirondacks.

By the early 1880's, many in New York favored measures to save the state's timber lands. The New York Chamber of Commerce joined the cause in 1883; much more significantly, the New York Board of Trade and Transportation also threw its influence behind the campaign in the same year. The latter body, unlike other groups, never gave up the fight, even when the cause seemed hopeless, and it played a major role in bringing about final success. The increasing clamor about the Adirondacks prompted some stirrings in the state legislature, but the legislators steadfastly ignored the reports of various committees appointed to

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and Buildings form]	10-317, 2/4/63.			
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Anne LaBastille. "My no. 5, May, 1975.	Backyard, the Adir	condacks," Nat	ional Geographic, vol. 147,	
Arthur Recknagel and S	Samuel Spring. For	estry. New ?	ork, 1929.	
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCR	IPTION			
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
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ORGANIZATION	urvey, National Par	rk Serwice	DATE 2/19/76	
STREET & NUMBER	Tree, nacional rai	. R OCL VICE	TELEPHONE	
1100 L Street NW	•		202-523-5464	
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	
Washington, D.C.	20240			
12 STATE HISTORIC				
	PRESERVATION	OFFICER C	ERTIFICATION	
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Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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2

PAGE

Adirondack Forest Preserve
CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER

investigate the matter. But in 1885, a major breakthrough occurred when the legislature enacted the "first comprehensive forest administrative act in America."

8

The act of 1885 created a vast state reserve of all publicly-owned forest lands in eleven counties in the Adirondacks, plus three counties in the Catskill Mountains. This landmark legislation stated that those lands were to be kept as a wilderness, never to be leased or sold. the act established a forest commission, the second in the country, to administer the reserve's lands. Although a gigantic step forward had been taken, loose administration by the forest commission aided and abetted further depredations of the Adirondack forests, so much so that great public resentment welled up in defense of the reserve. With the approach of a state constitutional convention in 1894, advocates of the wilderness area hit upon the scheme of bringing the new constitution to the defense of the state's forest areas. And the convention unanimously adopted a provision (Article VII, Sec. 7) that declared the state's present or future timber lands should always be kept as a wilderness, and that no timber should ever be sold from those lands. This provision has protected the Adirondack and Catskill Forest Preserves to this time.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Adirondack Fo	orest Preserve		
CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER 1	0 PAGE	1

The boundaries of the Adirondack Forest Preserve National Historic Landmark are defined in the letter from Dr. William J. Murtagh, Keeper of the National Register, to Mr. H. V. Decker, Director, Forest Resources, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, May 14, 1979. The letter is part of the National Register form and constitutes, among other things, the verbal boundary description of the Adirondack Forest Preserve National Historic Landmark.