Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

National Historic Landmark: Literature, Drama and Music

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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AND/OR COMMON				
Carnegie Hal	1			
LOCATION	J			
STREET & NUMBER				
7th Avenue a	nd West 57th Street		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT		
New York		VICINITY OF	17	
STATE Now York		CODE 36	COUNTY New York	CODE 61
New York	ΑΤΙΩΝ		New Lork	6
CLASSIFIC	AIION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	XPUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X.BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESID
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	Xentertainment	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	-BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRI&L	TRANSPORTAT
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER.
OWNER OI	FPROPERTY		·····	·····
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CONDITION

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CHECK ONE

__MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Carnegie Hall is an L-shaped composite of three buildings, constructed in close temporal sequence. The original building, which houses the concert hall, is an eight story rectangular building, designed by William Tuthill in the style of the Italian Rennaissance, which sits on the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and West Fifty-seventh Street, with the main entrance and marquee on Fiftyseventh Street. The interior space of this portion is occupied primarily by the concert hall. Upon passing through the glass doors, one enteres the three story high lobby, which is dominated by a massive glass chandelier. The space above the entrance formerly was used as the organ loft, but now provides a lounge area. Continuing through the lobby into the auditorium itself, which is six stories high, there are two box balconies, one dress circle and an additional balcony above the main floor. The decorations, which are red on white walls, with gilt on the balconies, are tasteful though rather plain. Circa 1966, the seating was replanned to accommodate 2,800 people and the stage was deepened slightly. At the same time a new marguee was installed, in addition to air conditioning. Above the auditorium is the eighth floor which houses studios. This floor was added after the hall opened. It has a flat roof with a parapet and balustrade. The ground floor of this and the other two sections of Carnegie Hall is occupied by a collection of stores, a cinema and a restaurant, except at the main entrances to the different parts of the building. These stores were installed during the 1940's.

The eastern portion of the hall is a sixteen story tower which extends back from Fifty-seventh Street about half the width of the original section. The tower, which is architecturally undistinguished, houses a recital hall with a 299 person occupancy, and many studios. The thirteen story addition to the south, on the corner of Seventh Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street, is basically the same as that on the east, with the exception that it contains only studios and offices; aside from the dressing rooms on the second floor. It is virtually impossible to pass through all three sections on any floor except the eighth.



PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	L AW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	<u>X_</u> music	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X 1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES May 5, 1891, opening concer&UILDER/ARCHITECT William Tuthill, Dankmar Adler, Acoustics

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The completion of Carnegie Hall in 1891 at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, established the surrounding area of New York City as the prime musical center of the United States. As manufacturers of musical instruments, particularly manufacturers of pianos, opened showrooms along Fifty-seventh Street, the "Music Hall," as Carnegie Hall was originally named, commenced hosting the premiere musical talent of the day including Tschaikowsky and Paderewski. Designed by William Tuthill, with the aid of Dankmar Adler as the acoustics engineer, the hall was built for the Oratorio Society, with Andrew Carnegie supplying the principal investment. The hall was renamed Carnegie Hall in 1898.

Owned by the City of New York and operated by the Carnegie Hall Corporation, the six-story Italianesque building, with its fifteen story tower, continues to provide musicians in New York with an auditorium of superlative acoustical quality, as well as studios and a recital hall.

HISTORY

Carnegie Hall was constructed from 1889 to 1891 for the Oratorio Society. Originally called the "Music Hall," the name was changed in 1898 to Carnegie Hall, in honor or Andrew Carnegie, principal investor in the building's construction. Believing he would profit financially from the enterprise, Carnegie made a two million dollar investment on the peruasion of Walter Damrosch, whose father, Leopold, founded the Oratorio Society in 1874. The venture was a failure financially, however, for the hall never paid its way, in spite of the large crowds that were drawn to performances hald there. In 1960, it was acquired by the City of New York, when it was in danger of being demolished.

Carnegie Hall opened on May 5, 1891, with a five-day music festival. The Russian composer Tschaikovsky, in his first American appearnace, conducted several of his own works at the festival, including the "Marche Solennelle." During the same season Ignace Jan Paderewski gave his first performance in America. Others who made their American debut in Carnegie Hall included Joseph Lhevinne and Mischa Elman. Efrem Zimbalist gave his first New York City performance in the Hall as well. In 1892, the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, under the conductorship of Anton Seidl, made its first appearance in the hall. In 1926 and 1927, The Philharmonic appeared with Arturo Toscanini as the guest conductor. Toscanini then continued on as regular conductor until his memorable farewell concert on Arpil 29, 1936. Two years later, an equally memorable performance was enjoyed by an audience with somewhat different tastes, for this concert featured the

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAP CAL REFERENCES

American Guide Series, New York Panorama (Random House, New York, 1938). Ethel Rose Peyser, The House That Music Built: Carnegie Hall (New York, 1936).

Richard Schickel, The World of Carnegie Hall (New York, 1960). Charles E. Shedd, Jr., "Carnegie Hall," National Survey of Historic Sites and Buildings form 10-317, December 14, 1962.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY less than 1 acre UTM REFERENCES

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VERRAL ROUNDARY DESCRIPTION	

Beginning at the southeast intersection of West Fifty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue, proceed south 205' along the east curb of Seventh Avenue to its intersection with the northern curb of West Fifty-sixth Street, thence east along the northern curb of Fifty-sixth Street for 125', thence north along easterly wall of the hall for approximately 80' to the south wall of the 16 story addition, thence east 31' along said south wall, thence north along the east wall of said addition for approximately 125' to the southern LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVÉRLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE CODE CODE COUNTY

CODE

STATE

LANDMARKS

CODE COUNTY

Richard Greenwood, Historia	in, Lanumark Review las	DATE			
Historic Sites Survey		5-30-75			
STREET & NUMBER		TELEPHONE			
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CITY OR TOWN					
Washington		D.C.			
STATE HISTORIC PRES	ERVATION OFFICER				
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	GNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY	LOCAL			

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CONTINUATION SHEET Carnegie Hall ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 2

big band sound of Benny Goodman. Jazz and other popular music has been heard there many times since.

Carnegie Hall has continued to present a selective schedule of both classical and popular music. Although, since the completion of the Lincoln Center, the Philharmonic no longer uses the hall, under city management, Carnegie Hall has assumed a position of leadership in the propagation of New York's cultural life. Over 1000 programs are given annually in the building, and annual attendance exceeds 750,000.





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CONTINUATION SHEET Carnegie Hall ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 2

curb of Fifty-seventh Street, thence west along said curb, 157' to the point of origin.

These landmark boundaries are coterminus with the perimeter of Carnegie Hall.