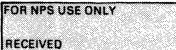
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



......

DATE ENTERED

#### SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

### 1 NAME

HISTORIC

Seton Village

AND/OR COMMON

Seton Village

### 2 LOCATION

**STREET & NUMBER** 

<u>6 miles southeast of S</u>	anta Fe, off U.S. Route 84-85	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT	
Seton Village	VICINITY OF	lst	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
New Mexico	35	Santa Fe	49

## **3** CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	CATEGORY OWNERSHIP		TEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS		PRESENT USE		
X_DISTRICT	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM			
BUILDING(S)			COMMERCIAL	PARK			
STRUCTURE	вотн		EDUCATIONAL	_x.PRIVATE RESIDENCE			
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS			
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC			
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION			
		_X.NO	MILITARY	OTHER:			

### **4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME		
Mrs. Dee Seton Barber		
STREET & NUMBER		
6 miles southeast of San	ta Fe, Off U.S. Route 84-85	
CITY, TOWN		STATE
Seton Village		New Mexico
<b>5 LOCATION OF LEGA</b>	L DESCRIPTION	
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Santa	Fe County Courthouse	
STREET & NUMBER		
Palace Avenue		
CITY. TOWN		STATE
Santa Fe		New Mexico
<b>6 REPRESENTATION I</b>	N EXISTING SURVEYS	
TITLE		
DATE		
	FEDERALS1	TATECOUNTYLOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR		
SURVEY RECORDS		

CITY, TOWN

### 7' DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK C	NE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	XORIGINAL	SITE
X_GOOD	RUINS	XALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

At the time of his death in 1946, Ernest Thompson Seton's "castle" and the village were encompassed by a 2,500 acre tract of pinon and juniper-covered hills and plains. The acreage has shrunk to a 250-300 acre core centered around the castle and village, but within that area there has been no substantial change in the landmark, outside of the disappearance of Seton's first house of 1932, the burning and reconstruction of the house north of the castle, and the construction of three new village houses, and some alteration of the (9) originals, all in the vernacular adobe style which has always characterised Seton Village. (The numbers in parentheses refer to the 1974 sketch map.)

When Seton began the construction of the first of his three houses here he chose a broad, level spot on the western slope of a row of hills. It was on this plat that the village sprang up with the founding of the summer center of the Woodcraft League. The office, the print shop, the craft shop, the Zoo Lodge, and the other houses were built along a dirt lane which branched to form an oval plaza at its western end. Upon the completion of his first house on the southeastern corner of the plaza, Seton began his second house, "Lagunita" (Little Lake), (#5) on the south-western end of the plaza. This house, which still stands with a few minor additions, is a long, one-story adobe, with vigas, stone chimneys and a small walled patio.

To the southeast of Lagunita, and then to its north and northeast, on the plaza, are three houses, known as the Pullman-car house, (#16) the "adobe house," (#3) and the "red barn." (#2) The first house is built around a Pullman car, and the third around a boxcar, which has since been removed from the inside. The conversion of railroad cars was accomplished basically by plastering the exteriors of the cars with adobe, and the houses still retain their original rectangular shapes. Proceeding to the east from the four houses that form the western end of Seton Village, at the eastern end of the plaza, are the print shop and the recently-built house (#14) on the site of Seton's first house. The print shop is an approximately 20' square building of adobe bricks, with a sheet metal roof, and is presently not in use. To the south of the print shop, the new house, with its small two-story tower and large walled yard, is built in the Spanish Pueblo style, and differs from the historic structures primarily in the freshness of its appearance. East of the plaza are four houses in a row on the south side of the lane, and one, the craft shop, on the north end of the lane. The first of the houses on the south was constructed in the hillside and is known as the "Submarine" Next to it is a small adobe house which was the Guest House and it is (#13). similar to its neighbors in appearance. Of the next two houses.  $(\# s \ 11 \ \& 9)$ the first is built around a small trailer. Both this house and the Zoo Lodge are adobe houses, single-storied, and smaller than Lagunita and the craft shop, "Foothill Lodge" (#1) across the lane from them. The craft shop which also served as the original museum at Seton Village, is a long, single-storied adobe house. At this point, the dirt lane intersects with the main road which runs from U.S. Route 84-85 through the village north to Arroyo Hondo. Across the main road, the dirt lane winds 75 yards uphill to the castle which looks west, over the village. On the hillside below the castle are two new houses of adobe, and simple, nonobtrusive appearance.



PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC 	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE ARCHITECTURE 	COMMUNITY PLANNING X.CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY INVENTION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION X-SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1930-1946	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT	

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Ernest Thompson Seton, artist, author, and scientist of world renown, is best remembered as one of the half dozen greatest American naturalists. Through his paintings, writing, and lectures, Seton informed and enlightened three generations of Americans concerning the world of nature and its conservation.

Born in England in 1860, Seton settled six miles southeast of Santa Fe in 1930. There on his 2,500 acre ranch Seton established the summer center for the American Woodcraft League and constructed his 45 room "castle," a combination home, museum, library, art gallery, and institute for creative people in every discipline. The community which grew up around the castle known as "Seton Village," was composed of like-minded individuals. Here Seton lived, created, and taught until his death in 1946.

Today Seton Village still evokes the memory of its founder. The castle is maintained by Seton's daughter, Mrs. Dee Seton Barber, and the majority of the Village structures remain, still retaining the flavor of their distinctive vernacular architecture.

<u>BIOGRAPHY</u>: Ernest Thompson Seton was born in England in 1860, but it was in Canada that he grew up and gained his education. In the years 1890-6 Seton studied art at the Royal Academy in London, and then in Paris. He then returned to the United States and continued his explorations throughout the wilderness areas of North America, from the desert Southwest to the Arctic prairies, recording and communicating the aspects of nature through his art work and writings.

Through the media of his magnificent wildlife paintings, more than 40 books, hundreds of articles and short stories, and thousands of lectures, Seton informed and enlightened three generations of Americans concerning the natural world and its inhabitants. At a time of rapid urbanization, he led the Nation's youth back to the natural world, seeing in that world the training ground for true manhood, self-reliance, and preservation of important human values--values that even then were being atrophied by truncated life in great cities. At a time when the frontier was closing and "inexhaustible" natural resources and open spaces were becoming exhausted, Seton's works influenced America toward a new conception of the natural world--one of respect for its beauty and harmony and grandeur, rather than the grubbing, unfeeling acquisitiveness that had nearly

### 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Dee Seton Barber, Conversations with Benjamin Levy and Richard Greenwood, Seton Village, December 5, 1974.

Shannon and Warren Garst, Ernest Thompson Seton, Naturalist (New York, 1959). Ernest Thompson Seton, <u>Trail of an Artist-Naturalist</u>, <u>Autobiography</u> (New York, 1940). Henry Chester Tracy, <u>American Naturalists</u> (New York, 1930). Farida A. Wiley, Ed., <u>Ernest Thompson Seton's America</u> (New York, 1954). \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, <u>Ernest Thompson Seton A Biographical Sketch Done by Various Hands</u>

### **10**GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

(New York, 1925).

10

10

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 43.7 acres

A 1.3	41160000	3,940140		41160000	3.9 3.9 2.0
		NORTHING		EASTING	NORTHING
c 1 3	4 1 5 2 2 0	3 9 3 9 2 0 0	D113	4 1 5 2 2 0	394014

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

#### LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

### **11** FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Richard Green	wood, Historian,	Landmark Review	Project	
ODO ANUZA TION				ATC

ORGANIZATION	11/14/75	
Historic Sites Survey		
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE	
1100 L Street		
CITY OR TOWN	STATE	
Washington	ЛС	

**12** STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

TITLE		DATE		
FOR NPS USE ONLY	EV THAT THIS PROPERTY	INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL RE	GISTER	9/20/83
ATTEST			DATE	
KEEPER OF THE	NATIONAL REGISTER	ing the second sec	( <sup>1</sup>	

Form	10-3000
(July	1969)

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

#### INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

#### Nex Mexico COUNTY Santa Fe FOR NPS USE ONLY

DATE

ENTRY NUMBER

STATE

(Continuation Sheet)

Seton Villag		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nuation	
(Number all entries)	#7	Description	Page	#2

The castle (#21) was the last of Seton's houses, built after the completion of Lagunita, and as its size and diversity indicate it was a multifunctional house, representative of the many facets of its builder.

The central portion of the house which runs from the east to west, is constructed of adobe on a stone foundation, with long vigas supporting the roof. The bedrooms occupy half of this space, and the livingroom-library and the small inglenook occupy the other half. To the rear of this portion, on the east, is the kitchen and pantry, above the livingroom are small single room second and third stories. Running north off of the central axis of the house is a long, high-ceilinged room suitable for large gatherings, and for housing a portion of the library, and Seton's works. A long portal runs the length of the western end of the house, and there are a row of small rooms below the main floor on the southern end of the house. Although 95% of Seton's library and collection has been removed from the castle, the remaining paintings, sketches, books and artifacts, and the organic and individualistic nature of the house itself all testify to the continued presence of their author.

In addition to the castle and the houses in the village, to the north of the castle are a Navajo hogan (#19) and a Pueblo kiva, (#20) both circular ceremonial rooms built by the Woodcraft League.

BOUNDARIES: Beginning at the eastern angle of the tract known as the "Castle Reserve," directly to the east of Seton Castle (#21), proceed southwesterly along the Reserve boundary 1469' to the eastern curb of the Arroyo Hondo Road, thence southwest 625' to the southwest corner of lot #16, thence northwest along the western boundary line of said lot to its northwest corner, thence north in a straight line to the northwest corner of lot #6, thence northeast along the rear lot lines of lots #6, 5, 4, 3, & 2 to the northwest corner of lot #1, thence northeast in a straight line for 750' to the surveyor's stake, and thence due east to the eastern boundary of the Castle Reserve, thence south along said boundary to the point of origin.

Form 10-300a (July 1969)	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	state New Mexico					
	NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES	COUNTY					
	INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM	Santa Fe					
		FOR NPS USE ONLY					
Coton Wills	(Continuation Sheet)	ENTRY NUMBER	DATE				
Seton Villa	#8 Statement of Significance Page #2						
(Number all entries)	"O Statement of Significance rage #2						
succeeded in devastating the continent.							
to the subjused in the	conservation philosophy was largely sha ect by Ernest Thompson Seton. And the t broadest esthetic senseconservation c . and of the human values derived from	erm conservation is h f wilderness beauty,	ere of				
writings, h message of helps men t	lar modes of Seton's expressionhis lean is unmatched ability as reconteuare su his life: his philosophy of natural huma o know their origins, and to appreciate gives them life.	bordinate to the grea nism that helped and	t				
Seton's temporal accomplishments, even had they lacked sustaining germinal qualities, are impressive. Among his books are such classics as Studies in the <u>Art Anatomy of Animals</u> (1896), <u>Wild Animals I have Known</u> (1898), <u>The Biography of a Grizzly</u> (1909), <u>Arctic Prairies</u> (1911), <u>Lives of Game Animals</u> (1925), and <u>Trail of an Artist-Naturalist</u> , <u>Autobiography</u> (1940). Doubtless his scientific <u>magnum opus</u> was the eight-volume <u>Lives of Game Animals</u> , for which he received the John Burroughs Medal (1928) and the David Girou Elliot Medal (1930) of the National Academy of Sciences. Though the <u>Lives</u> continues to rank throughout the world as an authoritative work on North American mammals such works as <u>Two Little Savages</u> and <u>Wild Animals I have Known</u> were more influential as media for his nature philosophy.							
With publication of the <u>Art Anatomy of Animals</u> , Seton's international reputa- tion as a wildlife artist was firmly established. Among his hundreds of paintings and thousands of sketches are many prize-winners. His paintings, especially of wolves, are among the most exquisite animal portraits ever rendered, leading some critics to pronounce him the best animal artist that ever lived.							
the United the first S early 1930s had great i	hairman of the committee that brought the States. For five years he served as Char cout manual. In 1902 he founded the Woo had more than 80,000 members. This sch influence on the youth of America. The co oduced a generation of woodsmen schooled	ef Scout, and he wrot odcraft League, which wool for the out-of-do code of exploits formu	e in the ors lated				

of woodcraft and service.

#### United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only

Continuation sheet	Seton Village	ltem number 10 Geographical Pa	ae <sup>1</sup>

Data

On March 10, 1981, Mark Barnes and Robert Sutton from the South Central Regional Office (HCRS), and Kathleen Brooker from the New Mexico Historic Preservation Bureau inspected Seton Village National Historic Landmark. During the visit, the boundaries were studied, the various structures were inspected, and Dee Seton Barber was interviewed. The staff members concluded that the 43.7 acres included in the nomination are justified for the following reasons:

- 1. Although Seton Village originally included 2,500 acres, the principal structures were located within 20 to 25 acres. When the area was studied by the National Landmark's staff in 1974-75, 200-250 acres were owned by the Barbers and other village landholders. Presently, 100 acres are owned by various people in the district, and it is likely that the acreage will continue to decrease in the future. As long as the Barbers own the major portion of land within the district, they are committed to maintain the major cultural features and the remaining historic natural setting. They intend to continue to preserve the village itself and the area referred to as the Castle Reserve in the Historical Boundary Map (i.e. 43.7 acres).
- 2. The 43.7 acres included in the original nomination include all the structures associated with the village and the remaining historic natural setting that retains integrity. Directly to the east, west, and south of the 43.7 acres, there is recent development that is not compatible with the character of the village. Adding more acreage to the north or northwest of the present boundaries would not enhance the natural area.