UNITED STATES DEPAR? UNT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONA[†] REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS UJE ONLY

DATE ENTERED

RECEIVED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC St. Croix Boom Site

AND/OR COMMON St. Croix Boom Site

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER on the St. Croix River NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN Stillwater X VICINITY OF 001 (First) STATE CODE COUNTY CODE 27 Washington 163 Minnesota **3 CLASSIFICATION**

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESE	NTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)		X_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	XPARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	RIVATE RESIDENCE
	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	XOTHER SEEDIWay

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

multiple (John Hackett,	Survey Specialist,	Minnesota Historical	Society)
STREET & NUMBER			
Building 25, Fort	Snelling		
CITY, TOWN		STATE	
St. Paul	VICINITY OF	Minnesota	

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Washington County Courthouse

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

Stillwater

Minnesota

STATE

1

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE			
	None		
DATE			-

__FEDERAL __STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

7 DESCRIPTION

	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK C	NE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	<u>X</u> UNALTERED	XORIGINAL	SITE
GOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

When the St. Croix Boom was built in 1856, the river banks were dense with hardwood trees; elm, ash, and cottonwood grew in the swamp bottoms. By 1914, when the Boom was closed, these banks were entirely denuded. Mills, pens, and all other traces of the lumber industry entirely disappeared.

By 1975 reforestation efforts has been completely successful. The river banks are once again thick with a variety of trees. Aspen, birch, and poplar predominate . Very few houses were built in sight from the river, and motorboat use upstream of Stillwater is severely restricted. Half-a-dozen state parks and forests border the river on the Minnesota side alone between Lake St. Croix and Stillwater. In 1975 a survey was begun by the National Park Service to identify historic resources along the river in preparation for designation of the St. Croix as a National Scenic Waterway. No trace of the St. Croix Boom was known to exist prior to that survey.



PERIOD	AR			
PREHISTOPIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X 1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	<u>X</u> INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1856-1914

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The St. Croix Boom Site was the earliest, most important, and longestlived of the major log storage and handling areas in Minnesota. From 1880 until 1910 the state trailed only Michigan and Wisconsin in lumber production. The St. Croix Boom, opened in 1856, was the major factor in this output, passing over three and a half billion feet of lumber by 1874 and nearly eight billion more between 1875 and 1903.

The St. Croix Valley includes about 8,500 square miles or approximately 5,440,000 acres; at least 70% of the area was originally covered with heavy growths of white and Norway pine. The forests were readily accessible for commercial exploitation by means of the St. Croix River, which provided cheap water transportation for the logs from the forests to the sawmills and then to the markets downstream in Iowa, Illinois, and Missouri.

From 1856 until 1914, the St. Croix Boom served as the terminal point for the great Minnesota log drives down the St. Croix River and its tributaries. Here million of logs were stored each year. They were then sorted, scaled, measured, and their ownership determined. "Fitting-up crews" made the logs up into rafts and sent them further down river to the mills. At the peak of the drives the stored logs sometimes covered a stretch of river nine miles in length.

From 1856 until June 12, 1914, when the last log went through the boom, the St. Croix Boom had handled more than fifteen and a half billion feet of logs. By 1907, however, Minnesota's great forests had been almost entirely cut over and the lumber industry in the state declined rapidly after that.

111.24

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRA. AICAL REFERENCES

Holmquist, June D. and Jean A. Brookins, <u>Minnesota's Major Historic Sites</u>, <u>A Guide</u>, 1963. Larson, Agnes M., <u>History of the White Pine Industry in Minnesota</u>, 1949.

Dunn, James Taylor, Ine St. Croix: Midwest Border River, 1965.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA 26.10

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY

UTM REFERENCES

A 1,5 5 1, 7 2, 1, 0 4,9 9,2 5, 2, 0	в 1,5 5 1,7 2,5 0	4,99,14,8,0
ZONE EASTING NORTHING	ZONE EASTING	NORTHING
c 1 15 5 1 5 6 5 0 4 9 9 1 5 2 0		
	D	1 1 1

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION The St. Croix Boom Site is located in the narrows of the St. Croix River above Stillwater, Minnesota. All that part of the Minnesota Highway 95 right-of-way bounded by the northwest right-of-way line, on the southwest at the point of leaving the adjoining land now or formely owned by Floyd A. Sherrard, et ux, on the southeast by the St.)Croix River and on the northeast at the point of adjoining the land now or formerly owned by Bernard J. Gaffney, ~t ux, containing

26.10 acres, more or less.

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR FROPERTILS OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	Minnesota	CODE 27	COUNTY Washington	CODE 163
STATE	Wisconsin	CODE 55	COUNTY St. Croix	CODE 109

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Stephen Lissandrello, Historian, Landmarks Review Project

ORGANIZATION	date
Historic Sites Survey, National Park Service	7/28/75
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
1100 L. Street, NW	202–523–5464
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Washington	D.C. 20240

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

1	NATIONAL STA	ATE	LOCAL	- 7
l (c y I A	As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service	l Register and certi		•
NAL	FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE		Boundary Cottiliad	Aur
(NATIONAL LANDA	TITLE		Jan DATE 1979 dette	. 17
	OR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDE	D IN THE NATIONA	Six arr - 1	
			DATE	
A	DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC I	PRESERVATION	DATE	
	KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER	Name		
	(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)		(ANOITAN) LANDMARKS,	- F