NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARK

Form 10-300 (Rev. 6-72)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

THEME: Travel & Communications

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s	TATE:		

Maryland COUNTY:

L	ONAL FIGURE CONVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM	Baltimor	Baltimore		
	ANDMARKO)	FOR NPS U	SE ONLY		
	(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)	ENTRY DATE			
1.	NAME				
	Thomas Viaduct				
£	Thomas Viaduct				
2.	LUCATION				
	STREET AND NUMBER: C&O-B&O Railroad where it cro feet northwest of U.S. Route	sees the Data			
			ver, 2200		
	Relay	NGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:			
	STATE	7th			
.	mary raild 21228		CODE		
3.	CLASSIFICATION	Baltimore			
	CATEGORY (Check One) OWNERSHIP		ACCESSIS: -		
	District Dr. 111	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC		
	Site Sales Public Acquisition:	Occupied	Yes:		
İ	The rocess	☐ Unoccupied	Restricted		
	Being Consider	reservation work	☑ Unrestricted		
	PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)	in progress	□ No		
	☐ Agricultural ☐ Government ☐ Park				
1	Commercial Industrial Private Paril	Transportation [Comments		
1	Military Religious	Ø Other (Specify) Viaduct			
	Scientific				
	OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME:	-			
	President, Mr. John Hanifin, Chesap Ohio Railroad.	peake & Obja Dalii			
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1	2 North Charles Street				
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c	CITY OR TOWN: Baltimore	TATE:	ylan		
	Baltimore	Maryland	ore & Maryland		
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Constructed of local granite, the Thomas Viaduct has proven to be a lasting tribute to its designer, Benjamin H. Latrobe. The viaduct is 612 feet in length formed of eight semicircular arch spans varying in length from 58 feet 5 inches to 58 feet, 10-1/2 inches. Because of the route alignment at the time of construction, the structure was built on a four degree curve and stands 59 feet above the river. The floor is 26-feet wide, broad enough to hold a double track. In addition to the track, a wooden-floored walkway, 4-feet in width and supported by castiron brackets, is located on the deck of the viaduct. To aid pedestrains, ornamental cast iron railings were erected upon the outermost edge of the The granite is ashlar, roughly squared and dressed, laid in cement mortar, with openings at the crown of each arch. Pilasters, made of the same material, run from the top of each pier to the base. Crude in execution, they visually support the massive form of the viaduct while enhancing the harmonious proportion and inherent grace of the Roman The structure contains 24,476 cubic yards of stone and cost \$142,236.51, to build. To counteract deterioration, the viaduct underwent repairs in 1938, performed by the Baltimore and Ohio Maintenance of Way Department. The work consisted mainly of improvements for drainage and the application of a grout mixture to the stone spandrel filling. At an unknown date railing blocks were removed from the north side of the deck and a bracketed walkway added, giving more lateral clearance. Viaduct is in excellent condition and has been in continuous service since its construction in 1835.

Thomas Viaduct is located on the Chesapeake and Ohio-Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at the point where it crosses the Patapsco River. This is approximately 2200 feet northwest of Interstate 95 at the point where it crosses the tracks of the C&O-B&O Railroad.

The Thomas Viaduct exists today in an area heavily built up with major highways extending from Baltimore to Washington. A modern road bridge towers above the viaduct on the south and tends to diminish the massive construction of the earlier structure. Because of existing intrusions the landmark boundary is drawn only to protect the structure itself and its approaches, a distance of 50-feet from each end of the Thomas Viaduct along the tracks of the railroad, including the railroad right of way property and the McCartney monument.

ERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	☐ 16th Century	☐ 18th Century	20th Century
15th Century	☐ 17th Century	19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	ole and Known) 183	35	
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropr	iate)	
Abor iginal	■ Education	Political	Urban Planning
Prehistoric	■ Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specity)
Historic	Industry	losophy	
☐ Agriculture	Invention	Science	
Architecture	☐ Landscape	Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	Theater	
☐ Conservation	Music	Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Still in use today, the Thomas Viaduct, located on the Chesapeake and Ohio Baltimore and Ohio Railroad line at the point where it crosses the Patapsco River, is the world's oldest multiple stone arched railroad bridge as well as America's earliest notable example of railroad bridge construction. Designed in 1835 by Benjamin H. Latrobe, a civil engineer and son of the architect of the same name, the bridge was, for its day, of massive size, the largest in the country, dwarfing all contemporary masonry works and marking the real beginning of the major railway structure in America. Still impressive today, the structure has required no major repairs or changes in its many years of service.

The original route of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad left Baltimore City near its southwest corner, following the Patapsco River to Ellicott's Mills on its way westward. Shortly after this portion of the main stem had been in operation it was realized that a rail connection with the Nation's Capital was essential to the company's success, and construction was begun in 1832. Where the new line branched from the old at Relay, site of a former postroad hotel and changing point for stage horses, a crossing of the Patapsco River was necessary. The Patapsco span, designed by Benjamin H. Latrobe in 1835, was a structure remarkable in every aspect of its conception. In laying out the route, Latrobe had to provide for passage over the river which flowed through a deep ravine between Relay and Elkridge Landing. The route alignment required that the viaduct follow a four degree curve, giving rise to almost unprecedented problems of design and construction. The present structure illustrates his answer to the problem. Latrobe's design was executed by John McCartney, contractor, under the direction of Jonathan Knight, principal assistant engineer and Caspar Wever, superintendent of construction. When the structure was finished a 15-foot monument with the names of the builder, directors of the railroad, the architect, engineer, and others associated with the viaduct was constructed by the builder, John McCartney.

Until after the Civil War the B&O was the only railroad into Washington and was used by Federal forces for supply trains, with heavy guards stationed along the viaduct. The Baltimore and Ohio named the bridge the "Thomas Viaduct" after the company's president, Philip E. Thomas, illustrating the company's confidence in the structure. Some skeptical engineers however, thinking the bridge would collapse under its own weight

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9. MAJOR	BIBLIOGRAPHICAL I	REFERENCES						1
	Across the Pata 381-383.	mpsco River,	" The	Sc	e in the World: Th	LI (October 1	.935),	
Hur	ngerford, Edward York, 1928, vol	The Stor	y of the	he	Baltimore and Ohio	Railroad, Ne	:W	
Vog	gel, R. M., Unpu Office of Arche	blished r ep cology and H	ort, H listorio	is c	toric American Engi Preservation, Natio gton, D.C., 1965.	neering R ecor nal Park Serv	d, ice,	
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As the	e designated State Liais	son Officer for th	ie Na-					
1	Historic Preservation			1	I hereby certify that this pr	operty is included i	n the	
89-665	5), I hereby nominate th	is property for in	clusion		National Register.			
in the	National Register and	certify that it has	s been		(NATIONAL HI			
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Form 10-300a (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

(Continuation Sheet)

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS) INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

Maryland				
COUNTY				
Baltimore				
FOR NPS USE ONL	Υ			
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE			

(Number	all	entries)

6. Representation (1)

Historic American Building Survey -- large property file, data sheets--photographs.

Form 10-300a (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

(NATIONAL EISTORIGHVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM LANDMARKS)

(Continuation Sheet)

STATE				
Maryland				
COUNTY				
Baltimore				
FOR NPS USE ONLY				
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE			

(Number	all	entries)

8. Statement of Significance: (1) Thomas Viaduct

nicknamed the viaduct "Latrobe's Folly." The error in these predictions is proven by the bridge itself. Since August 25, 1835, the viaduct has remained in constant service, carrying every type of locomotive used in the B&O's long history from the original six-ton engines of the period to the 300-ton engines of today, with no alteration or major repair. All main line traffic between Baltimore and the west passed over the Thomas Viaduct until about 1870, when the main line was rerouted along the Washington Branch.