Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPAR... ENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Th e: Literature

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

·					
SEE I	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (3	
DIANCE	ITPE ALL ENTRIES (CONFERTE AFFEICA	DLE SECTIONS		
1 NAME					
HISTORIC Will	liam Cullen Bryant Ho	mestead			
AND/OR COMMON		- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1			
Wil	lliam Cullen Bryant H	omestead			
2 LOCATION	J				
STREET & NUMBER	Bryant Road				
			NOT FOR PUBLICATION		
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT		
Cumming	gton	VICINITY OF	First COUNTY CODE		
state Massachuset	-te 0	CODE 25	COUNTY	015	
		4.	Hampshire	<u> </u>	
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION				
CATEGORY	CATEGORY OWNERSHIP S		PRESENT USE		
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	-XMUSEUM	
X_BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK	
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC	
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	*YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC	
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRI&L	TRANSPORTATION	
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:	
4 OWNER O	FPROPERTY				
NAME Trustee	es of Reservations				
STREET & NUMBER	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Officer a nomber	224 Adams Street				
CITY, TOWN	00106		STATE		
Mil	ton 02186	VICINITY OF	Massachusetts		
5 LOCATION	I OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION			
COURTHOUSE.					
REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	Hampshire Regis	stry of Deeds			
STREET & NUMBER		orly or been			
CITY, TOWN			STATE		
Northampton			Massachusetts		
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		N N	
TITLE none					
DATE					
		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL		
DEPOSITORY FOR					
SURVEY RECORDS					
CITY, TOWN			STATE		



EXCELLENT

CONDITION

__DETERIORATED

Ägood ___Ruins

__FAIR __UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

__UNALTERED

XALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The William Cullen Bryant Homestead, Cummington, Massachusetts, stands at a high elevation in the Berkshire Hills with a sweeping view of the Hampshire Hills to the east. Of the 478 acres once associated with the Homestead, 188.57 acres of pasture, orchard, and woodland remain intact. The major portion of this property is a 152.01 acre parcel, roughly L-shaped, sloping northeast and south from the Homestead. A separate parcel of 36.56 acres lies northwest of the Homestead and at a higher elevation.

The original portion of the Bryant Homestead was built by the poet's maternal grandfather, Ebenezer Snell, in 1783. Dutch Colonial in style, it appears to have consisted of a 1 1/2 story main block with gambrel roof and a 1-story rear ell. It was in this house that Bryant spent his childhood and adolescence.

The present plan and style of the Homestead are the result of changes made to the frame and clapboard house by Bryant between his repurchase of the property in 1865 and his death in 1878. Shortly after the repurchase, Bryant raised the original sections of the house and built a new ground floor beneath them. At the same time, he added a 1-story gambrel-roofed study, a replica of his father's medical office, at the southwest corner of the front facade. At a later date, a 1 1/2 story ell, gambrel-roofed with shed dormers and a 1-story side porch, was attached to the northwest side of the existing rear ell.

The architectural style of the house is now essentially Victorian but shows some Oriental influence in its detailing, particularly in the flaring eaves of the gambrel roof, the ogee hood set into the eaves at the center of the front facade, and the ornamental latticework of the 1-story porches along the southeast (front) and northeast elevations of the main block. All of the eaves are supported by simple carved brackets. Windows are primarily 4/4 sash with louvered blinds, some of them topped by flared hoods set on brackets.

A small, 1-story wooden outbuilding, possibly an icehouse, stands immediately northwest of the rear ells; Oriental influence shows again in the pagoda-style cupola which rises from the center of its gabled roof. About 100 yards further northwest stands a modern, 1 1/2 story, gambrel-roofed cottage, used as a residence for the Homestead's administrator. Opposite it, across a discontinued country road, is a large barn with storage sheds attached at either side; the barn dates from the period of Byrant's ownership but the sheds are of more recent origin.

Though some portions of the Bryant property are rented annually by local farmers, much of it is gradually returning to a state of nature. Hiking trails, many of them blazed by Bryant, who habitually took 10 and 15-mile walks, are open to visitors to the Homestead.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW __ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC __COMMUNITY PLANNING __LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE __PREHISTORIC __RELIGION LAW __SCIENCE __1400-1499 __ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC CONSERVATION __AGRICULTURE __ECONOMICS LITERATURE __1500-1599 __SCULPTURE __1600-1699 __ARCHITECTURE __MILITARY FDUCATION __SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN __1700-1799 __ART __ENGINEERING __MUSIC __THEATER **X**1800-1899 __COMMERCE __EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT __PHILOSOPHY __TRANSPORTATION __1900-__COMMUNICATIONS __INDUSTRY __POLITICS/GOVERNMENT __OTHER (SPECIFY) __INVENTION BUILDER/ARCHITECT SPECIFIC DATES 1799; 1865-1878 not known

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

In 1799, Dr. Peter Bryant moved his family to the Bryant Homestead, a house which his father-in-law had built at Cummington, Massachusetts, in 1783. There Bryant's son, poet and editor William Cullen Bryant, spent his childhood and adolescence, under the influence of the natural beauty of the Berkshire Hills and the conservative principles of western Massachusetts. The first version of "Thanatopsis", Bryant's best-known poem, was written at the Homestead when he was seventeen.

The Homestead was also William Cullen Bryant's summer home from 1865 until his death in 1878. Much of the present appearance of the 27-room frame house is the result of alterations and additions made by Bryant during that period; its furnishings also reflect the poet's second residence there. Since 1929, the Homestead and the 188.57 acre farm associated with it have been the property of the Trustees of Reservations. The house and grounds are open to the public from June through September annually.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

William Cullen Bryant was born at Cummington, Massachusetts, on November 3, 1794, and, at the age of 5, moved with his family to the house built in 1783 by his maternal grandfather, Ebenezer Snell, also in Cummington. Bryant was educated in district schools, then studied Latin and Greek with tutors, and in 1810 passed an examination for admission to the sophomore class at Williams College.

Forced to leave Williams after one year for lack of funds, Bryant read and then practiced law, first at Plainfield and then at Great Barrington, Massachusetts. He continued to write, however, and, when he left the Berkshires in 1825 for a literary career in New York, Bryant had already been hailed as the leading poetic genius of the nation. Bryant, Irving, and Cooper became the contemporary literary trinity, the first authors of genuine talent produced in America.

From 1825 until 1829, Bryant was co-editor of the New York Review and Athenaeum Magazine. In 1829, he became editor of the New York Evening Post, and remained in that position until his death in 1878, bringing to it a combination of scholarly literary qualities and journalistic ideas previously unknown in the New York newspaper field. In addition to his sound leader-

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAF ACAL REFERENCES

Godwin, Parke. A Biography of William Cullen Bryant (1883). Pattee, Fred Lewis. American Literature Since 1870. Spiller, Robert E. The Cycle of American Literature (1955).

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DA	ATA			
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	188.57			
UTM REFERENCES				
	4 7 0 4 9,2,0 NORTHING 4 7 0 3 1 5 0	ZONE EAST	10 91010 417 014 1 ING NORTHING 19 51210 417 013 2	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION OF THE National Historic Landsomestead includes the Homestead includes the Bryant eparate parcels of 152.01 xcluded from the designat andmark boundaries are should be modern road names have the LIST ALL STATES AND COMMENT.	mark designation estead itself, the property, as own and 36.56 acresion is the modern	for the Willine icehouse, ned by the True each; included administratory	am Cullen Bryant the barn, and the r stees of Reservatio d in the boundaries r's cottage. Speci	emaining ns in but fic
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE			CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		ODE
repared by J. Walter Coler ORGANIZATION Historic Sites S STREET & NUMBER 1100 L. Street, N.W.			DATE 2/14/75 TELEPHONE 202-523-5464	
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	1170
Washington, D.C. 20240				
12 STATE HISTORIC P	RESERVATION TED SIGNIFICANCE OF T STATE	HIS PROPERTY WITH	LAMOITAKN'	HISTORIO ARKS),
As the designated State Historic Pres hereby nominate this property for inc criteria and procedures set forth by th	clusion in the National Re le National Park Service.			•
FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATUR				
	storic Landmark		DATE	
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PE	OPERTY IS INCLUDE	E NATIONAL RE	GISTER	,
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOV	OGY AND HISTON OFF	SERVATION	DATE /2	676
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGI [(NATIONAL HISTO			, ,	

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

CONTINUATION SHEET 1

ITEM NUMBER 8

PAGE 2

ship in the journalistic realm, Bryant continued to write and to exert tremendous influence as a critic in American literature and public affairs. Though Bryant moved beyond conservative beliefs and used the Post to give eloquent support to Jacksonian, free trade, and eventually abolitionist views, he never lost touch with the nature experience of his early years at Cummington in which his poetic talent had its flowering.

The Bryant Homestead had been sold in 1835 but the poet bought it back in 1865 and altered it to serve as a summer home. He raised the two original sections of the house and built a new ground floor beneath them. At the same time, Bryant added a 1-story study, the exact replica of Dr. Peter Bryant's office. At a later date, a long ell was attached to the northwest side of the house. Bryant also made changes in the Homestead grounds, replacing the apple orchard with evergreens and planting some 1300 apple trees, 200 pears, numerous cherry and plum trees, plantations of berry bushes and other shrubs (not all of which remain).

Bryant had hoped that the mountain air of the Bershires would improve the failing health of his wife, Frances Fairchild Bryant, whom he had married in 1821. Unfortunately, she died before the initial alterations to the house had been completed, but Bryant continued to spend summers there with his family until his own death in June, 1878.

The Homestead remained in the Bryant family until 1929, when the poet's grand-daughter, Minna Godwin Goddard, donated the property to the Trustees of Reservations, a privately-administered charitable corporation founded in 1891 to preserve places of natural beauty and historic interest in Massachusetts. In 1930, the poet's daughter, Julia Sands Bryant, increased the Homestead's endowment and Conrad C. Goddard donated Bryant memorabilia and furniture; much of the latter dates from Bryant's repurchase of the Homestead. By arrangement with the Trustees, Mr. Goddard and his wife continued to spend summers at the Homestead until 1967.

Note: The National Historic Landmark boundaries for the Homestead represent the maximum extent of the property acquired by Bryant during his second residence there, transferred intact to the Trustees of Reservations in 1929.

