Form	10-317
toopt.	1957)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL SURVEY OF HISTORIC SITES AND BUILDINGS

1. STATE	2. THEME(S).	IF ARCHEOLOGICAL SITE, W	RI'IE "ARCH" BEFOR	E THEME NO.	soe also M -
California	XIX -	Conservation of	Natural Red	ocurces 1	Literature)
3. NAME(S) OF SITE				4. APPROX	K. ACREAGE

5 Acres

John Muir House (and Martines Adobe)

5. EXACT LOCATION (County, township, roads, etc. If difficult to find, sketch on Supplementary Sheet)

4440 Alberton Ave., Mertines, Contra Costa County 6. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PRESENT OWNER (Also administrator if different from owner)

Dr. and Mrs. Henry Sax (adobe by Louis Stein)

7. IMPORTANCE AND DESCRIPTION (Describe briefly what makes site important and what remains are extant)

The ranch at Martines was John Muir's home from 1880 until his death in 1914, the pariod during which he emerged as one of the most important mational leaders in the Conservation Movement.

From 1889 to 1914, John Mair played a critical and vital role in the drive to establish mational parks, national forests, and to apply scientific methods of sustained-yield management to the federal forests. As a recognized and leading authority on the glaciers, mountains and forests of West, and as an able and popular writer on Nature, John Mair devoted his talents and nationwide prestige to forwarding the cause of Maticual Conservation. In this task he served as an important, although unofficial, adviser to Presidence Grover Cleveland, Theodore Hoosevelt, and William Howard Taft. Specific conservation achievements with which Muir was closely associated include: the creation of Yosemite National Park, General Grant National Park, and the enlargement of Sequoia National Park in 1890; advice on the establishment of the first national forest reserved in 1891; a leading role, working with the National Porest Commission, 1896-97, in securing the National Porest Management Act of 1897, and defending the 13 new forest reservations established by President Cleveland, 1897-98; as adviser to President Roosevelt 1901-1909: supporting the establishment of the U.S. Porest Service and the transfer of Mational Porest Reserves to that agency, 1901-1905; securing the completion of Yosemite National Park, 1903-1905; and defending the Notch Hetchy Valley section of Yosemite Mational Park from 1901 to 1913.

Condition of the Site:

This site includes the Martinez adobe, a two-story adobe built about 1851, which served John Muir's residence from 1880 to 18901 the "Manor", a large twostory frame house built in 1881, which served as Muir's residence from 1890 until (Continued on attached sheet) 8 BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES (Give best sources: give location of manuscripts and rare works) Linnie Marsh Wolfe, The 14fe of John

Muir, Son of the Wilderness (New York, 1945); William F. Bads, The Life and Letters of John Muir (2 vols., Neston and New York, 1924); Hans Huth, Mature and the American (Berkeley and Los Angeles, 1957), 103-104; Robert Underwood Johnson, Remembered Yesterday (Boston, 1923), 278-300; Samuel P. Hays, Conservation and the Gospel of Sficiency: The Progressive Conservation Movement, 1890-1920 (Cambridge, 1959), 192-194; Mildred B. Hoover, Hero S. Nemsch, and Ethel G. Rensch, revised by Ruth Teiser, Historic Spots in California (Stanford, 1958), 236.

(For 9 - see attached rage)		
10. PHOTOGRAPHS * 11. CONDITION	12. PRESENT USE (Museum, furm, etc.)	13. DATE OF VISIT
ATTACHED: YESTA NO I Inttle Altored	Residences	Oct. 18, 1962
14. NAME OF RECORDER (Signature)	15. TITLE	16. DATE
Charles W. Snell Clarles W. Grell	Reg. Chief, Branch Hist. Sites	Nov. 26, 1962
* DRY MOUNT ON AN 8 X 1012 SHEFT OF FAIRLY HEAVY PAPER. IDENTIFY BY LOCATION OF NEGATIVE IF ATTACHTD. ENCLOSE IN PROPER NEGATIVE INVELOPES.	VIEW AND NAME OF THE SITE, DATE OF PHOTOGRAPH, AND	NAME OF PHOTOGRAPHER. GIVL

(IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED USE SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET, 10-317a, AND REFER TO ITEM NUMBER)

U. S. COVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16 -74016 1

Form	10-317
(Sept.	1957)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL SURVEY OF HISTORIC SITES AND BUILDINGS

1. STATE	2. THEME(S). IF ARCHEOLOGICAL SITE, WRITE "ARCH" BEFORE THEME NO.			
3. NAME(S) OF SITE	4. APPROX. ACREAGE			
5. EXACT LOCATION (County, township, roads, etc. If difficult to find, sketch on Supplementary Sheet)				
6. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PRESENT OWNER (Also administrator if different from owner)				

7. IMPORTANCE AND DESCRIPTION (Describe briefly what makes site important and what remains are extant)

California

John Muir House (and Martines Adobe)

7. Importance and Description - Costinued

his death in 1914; and about five screes of the original 300-scre ranch. The two houses are both in excellent condition and have been little altered since buir's day. They are used as private residences. Although now set in the midst of intense urban development, the topography has fortunately preserved to a remarkable degree the rural ranch setting of the remaining original five acres. These grounds contain many of the trees and plants set cut by Muir himself.

References:

Linnie Marsh Wolfe, The Life of John Muir, Son of the Wildermass (New York, 1945); William F. Bade, The Life and Latters of John Muir (2 vols., Boston and New York, 1924); Manse Muth, Mature and the American (Berbeley and Los Angeles, 1957), 103-104; Robert Underwood Johnson, <u>Resembered Yesterday</u> (Boston, 1923), 278-300; Samuel P. Mays, <u>Conservation and the Gospel of Efficiency: The Progressive Conservation Movement</u>, 1890-1920 (Cambridge, 1959), 192-194; Mildred B. Hoover, Here E. Mensch, and Ethal G. Remsch, revised by Bath Telser, <u>Historic Spote in</u> California (Stanford, 1958), 236.

9. Asports and Studios

8. BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES (Give desi sources; pive location of manuscripts and rare works)

9. REPORTS AND STUDIES (Montion best reports and studies, as, NPS study, HABS, etc.)

10. PHOTOGRAPHS *	11. CONDITION	12. PRESENT USE (Museum, farm, etc.)	13. DATE OF VISIT
ATTACHED: YES NO			
14. NAME OF RECORDER (Signature)		15. TITLE	16. DATE

* DRY MOUNT ON AN 8 X 1019 SHEET OF FAIRLY HEAVY PAPER. IDENTIFY BY VIEW AND NAME OF THE SITE, DATE OF PHOTOGRAPH. AND NAME OF PHOTOGRAPHER. GIVE LOCATION OF NEGATIVE. IF ATTACHED, ENCLOSE IN PROPER NEGATIVE ENVELOPES.

(IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED USE SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET, 10-317a, AND REFER TO ITEM NUMBER)

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 18-74016-1

Form	10-817
(Sept	. 1967)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL SURVEY OF HISTORIC SITES AND BUILDINGS

1. STATE	2. THEME(S). IF ARCHEOLOGICAL SITE, WRITE "ARCH" BEFORE TH	EME NO XX-Literature	
California	XX-Architecture, XIX-Conservation of	Natural Resources;	
3. NAME(S) OF SITE	(Paur TTI, 1881-1418)	4. APPROX. ACREAGE	
John Muir House			
5. EXACT LOCATION (County, township, roads, etc. If difficult to find, sketch on Supplementary Sheet)			
Contra Costa County, 4440 Alhambra Ave., Martinez			
6. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PRESENT OWNER (Also administrator if different from owner)			
U. S. Government (Nationa	1 Park Service)		

7. IMPORTANCE AND DESCRIPTION (Describe briefly what makes site important and what remains are estant)

Erected in 1882, the John Muir Home is a good example of a typical country residence designed in the Italian Villa style.

Plans for the house were prepared by James E. Wolfe & Sons, architects, and the house was built for Dr. John Strentzel, John Muir's father-in-law, for about \$9,500. The structure is an imposing two-story wood frame building with full basement and attic, with a formal plan, symmetrical about a central hall and entrance. The residence is about 40 feet wide by 42 deep, with a 19 by 25-foot 2-story kitchen wing located in the rear; the main house contains 11 rooms.

Built of redwood, the house has rusticated wood quoins at the corners, which gives it the appearance of stone construction. There are one-story bay windows situated on either side of the main hexagonal-shaped porch. Windows on the first floor front have moulded hoods supported by brackets. Windows on the second floor front are arranged in pairs and the center pair has a pedimented hood. The cornice is bracketed and the hipped roof is surmounted by a square cupola.

Inside, the main house is divided by a central hall, with the parlor and library located to the west and the family parlor and dining room to the east of the hall. The second floor contains 7 bedrooms. The kitchen is located in a rear wing and above it are rooms for the servants.

8. BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES (Give best sources; give location of manuscripts and rare works)

Oscar Lewis, <u>Here Lived the Californians</u> (New York, 1957), 205-207; Mildred B. Hoover, <u>Hero E. and Ruth G. Rensch</u>, revised by Ruth Teiser, <u>Historic Spots in California (Stanford, 1958), 236; California--A Guide to</u> <u>the Golden State</u> (New York, 1954), 585; <u>California Architect and Building News</u> Volume III No. 1 (1882), 130-132.

9. REPORTS AND STUDIES (Mention best reports and studies, as, NPS study, IIABS, etc.)

Historic American Building Survey CAL-1890.

10. PHOTOGRAPHSTes #2236 11. CONDITION	12. PRESENT USE (Museum, farm, etc.)	13. DATE OF VISIT
ATTACHED: YES XX NO Orig. Bldg. good	Museum	Dec. 10, 1960
14. NAME OF RECORDER (Stephature)	15. TITLE	16. DATE
Charles W. Frel Charles W. Snell	Historian	Nov. 22, 1966

*DRY MOUNT ON AN 8 X 101/2 SHEET OF FAIRLY HEAVY PAPER. IDENTIFY BY VIEW AND NAME OF THE SITE, DATE OF PHOTOGRAPH, AND NAME OF PHOTOGRAPHER GIVE LOCATION OF NEGATIVE. IF ATTACHED, ENCLOSE IN PROPER NEGATIVE ENVELOPES.

(IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED USE SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET, 10-317a, AND REFER TO ITEM NUMBER)