United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

For NPS use only received DEC 23 1986 date entered

	ns in <i>How to Comple</i> s—complete applica	ete National Register Fori ble sections	ms	JAN 28 1981
1. Nam	1 e			
historic Jac	cobs, Michael, He	ouse		
and or common	Jacobi House	`		
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	. 4 W. First Ave	enue North		N/A not for publication
city, town	Columbus	$\frac{N/A}{N}$ vicinity of		
state Mont	cana	code 030 cou	Stillwator	code 095
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	$_X$ yes: restricted	entertainment government	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prop	erty		
name Kay Wol	termann			
street & number	4 W. First Av	venue North		
city, town	Columbus	_N/Avicinity of	state	Montana
5. Loca	ation of Le	egal Descrip	tion	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Stillwater County C	ourthouse	
street & number				
city, town	Columbus		state	, Montana
6. Rep	resentatio	n in Existing	g Surveys	
title None		has this	property been determined	eligible? yes _X no
date			federal s	tate county local
depository for su	urvey records			
city, town			state	•

7. Description

Condition _X excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one X original site moved date	N/A
--	-----------------------------	--	-----

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Jacobs House is a two story Renaissance Revival building constructed with locally-quarried sandstone finished in a variety of surfaces. The rectangular-shaped residence rests on a sandstone foundation that rises about 2 1/2 feet above grade. A hipped roof with semicircular imported red tiles covers all of the house except for a slightly projecting gable in the front. Dominating the facade is a small entry porch with balcony, and a large pavilion with a curvilinear parapet. The building is situated on the corner of 1st Avenue North and Quarry Street in a residential area on the west end of Columbus, Montana (1980 pop. 1,439), one block north of Pike Avenue, the primary commercial street in town. The property is surrounded by a decorative wrought iron fence set in a sandstone base with carved stone corner posts.

The primary facade (facing south toward 1st Ave.) and the east wall (along Quarry St.) are both finished with coursed, quarry-faced sandstone. The main entrance is located in the southeast corner and is flanked to one side by a small, square fixed window. Covering the east half of the facade is a one story porch supported by two stone Corinthian columns and an engaged pilaster with a Corinthian capital. Carved stone balusters comprise the open railing. A door on the second floor flanked on each side by small 1/1 double hung windows provides access to a balcony which features a carved stone balustrade. A small, decorative, carved lion's head which functions as a downspout is located above the frieze of the southeast corner of the porch. The west half of the facade has a two story corbeled pavilion that extends above the roof line in a handsome Baroque form. The first floor of the pavilion has a large, single pane window, which replaces the original cottage window treatment, while the second floor features two coupled 1/1 double hung windows with semicircular stone arches and keystones. Above the windows is an ornate floriated medallion. The shaped gable parapet is capped by a wide band of dressed stone which has a palmette-shaped cartouche at the peak and a vase-shaped finial on each lower side of the gable. A molded stringcourse encircles the entire building between the first and second floors.

The east wall has three square, single pane fixed windows in a row on the first floor and a bay with three tall, single pane fixed sashes. On the second floor above the bay are two 1/1 double hung windows.

The west wall is finished with random coursed, roughly dressed sandstone. The first floor has two tall, single pane fixed windows; the second story features one tall 1/1 double hung sash toward the rear and two smaller 1/1 double hung windows in the center. An engaged sandstone chimney is located near the southwest corner of the house.

The rear (north) elevation is also finished with random coursed, roughly dressed sandstone. A small wood frame addition sheathed with asbestos is covered by a large shed roof with red tiles. There is an entrance in the northwest corner, a fixed single pane window on the first floor, and two coupled 1/1 double hung sashes on the second story.

A gable roofed, two car garage built ca. 1920 with coursed sandstone stands northwest of the house. It is a contributing element of the property.

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O

Page

Continuation sheet

Item number

The five tall, single pane fixed windows on the east and west walls are replacements for original double hung sashes which were removed at an undetermined date. The large picture window in the front replaced a cottage window with a stained glass header. The interior of the house has been extensively remodeled and contains an apartment in the basement.

8. Significance

1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community plan conservation economics education engineering exploration/sett		science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific dates	1900-1907	Builder/Architect	Michael Jacobs, builder	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Built between 1900-1907, the Jacobs House is architecturally significant in a local context as a good example of a Renaissance Revival style residence, and for its association with the builder and original owner, Michael Jacobs. The overall size and massing, and outstanding craftsmanship exhibited in the masonry work and stone carving of the Jacobs House contribute to its distinctive, stylistic appearance. Michael Jacobs was a talented and successful stone mason who used his skills to craft several masonry structures and decorative gravestones in Columbus. His quarrying and carving skills were widely recognized in the state and region. In addition, he was responsible for utilizing vast amounts of sandstone from the quarry he managed for public and private buildings in Wyoming and Montana, including the original State Capitol in Helena, federal buildings in Billings, Butte and Helena, hotels in Forsyth and Havre, high schools in Missoula and Havre and the Missoula Masonic Temple. Known locally as "Daddy Mike," he was, by his death in 1927, recognized as a patriarch, politician and entrepreneur.

The ornate stone Corinthian columns and carved decorations of the Jacobs House provide a sharp contrast to the rustication of the stone blocks. In an effort to present the most attractive facade to the public, the south and east walls of the Jacobs House—those clearly visible from 1st Ave. North and Quarry St.—were finished with finely cut, rock—faced ashlar stone that exhibits thin, precise mortar joints. The builder—architect's Renaissance influence can also be noted in the tall pavilion and carved stone decorations placed along the facade, as well as the hipped roof and rectangular shape, molded stringcourse dividing the first and second floors, and the windows and doors framed with sandstone.

Michael Jacobs was born in Vinchia Turo, Italy in 1862 as Michael Angelo Jacobucci (he changed his name to Jacobi after coming to America, and then to Jacobs when he settled in Montana). Serving originally as a stone cutter and mason, he apprenticed in the granite and marble quarries of the mountains near his home. Jacobs migrated to Chicago where he began work with a construction firm while studying architecture in night school. He served as an assistant in the design and construction of the Art Institute of Chicago, doing finishing work and carving the lions that grace the entrance of the Institute today. He arrived in Columbus with three other expert stone cutters in 1901 to manage the Montana Sandstone Co., a quarry located along the bluffs immediately north of Columbus. In 1907, Jacobs advertised with the company as a cut stone contractor, with "[A]ll work executed according to Plans and Details and Delivered to destination Crated and Numbered ready to go in the wall." By 1914, he had expanded his interests to become the owner of the Stillwater Monumental Works Co., with an "[A]rtistic line of monuments manufactured exclusively of Columbus Sand Stone." Jacobs built, owned and managed (with his son) the Atlas Building in Columbus, a combination bowling alley, billiard room, restaurant and saloon. Jacobs was also a successful politician, being elected as an alderman for the 2nd Ward in 1907,

9. Majo	r Bibliographic	al Referen	ces
Columbus Ne	<u>zette</u> Sunday Magazine, <u>ws</u> December 21, 1916 ar <u>They Gazed on the Bea</u>	d January 27, 1927	p.1. 7. right, vol. 1, 1964, pp.265-66.
10. Geo	graphical Data	a	
Acreage of nomina Quadrangle name UT M References	nted property <u>less than on</u> Columbus, Mont.	е	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
A 1 2 6 3 5 Zone Easting C	6 β ρ 5 10 5 15 3 10 10 Northing		Easting Northing
The boundary	SE 3 SW SE SE SW SE SW SE SW SE SW SE SW	l in the Myers & N ection 21, lownshi	Nice Addition, Columbus, MT 1p 2 S; Range 20 E ounty boundaries
tate None	code	county	code
	n Prepared By		code
ame/title		······································	onal Register Assistant
rganization	Montana SHPO	dat	te 10 October 1986
treet & number	225 N. Roberts	tel	lephone 406-444-7715
ity or town	Helena	sta	ate Montana 59620
12. Stat	e Historic Pre	servation (Officer Certification
The evaluated sign	ificance of this property within t	he state is:	
	national state	_X_ local	
i65), I hereby nomi	State Historic Preservation Office nate this property for inclusion iteria and procedures set forth the set for th	in the National Register a	ric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– and certify that it has been evaluated vice.
State Historic Pres	ervation Officer signature	maralle	Deep
ritle		8H9	0 date Dec 11, 198

For NPS use only
I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register

| Military | Market | 128/87 |
| Attest: date | Chief of Registration

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet

Item number

8

Page

immediately after Columbus was incorporated. He later served as mayor of Columbus in 1913-14.

Although some of its original windows have been replaced, the Jacobs House still retains an extremely high degree of historic architectural integrity. Through its ornamental facade and finely crafted ashlar walls, the Renaissance style residence illustrates the outstanding masonry skills and business and political prominence of its builder and original owner, Michael Jacobs.