569

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions.

1. Name of Property Historic name: Anshe Chesed Cemetery		JUL 2 5 2014
Other names/site number:		NAT REGISTER OF HISTORIC PL
Name of related multiple property listing:		NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
_Vicksburg, MS		
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple j	property listing	
2. Location Street & number: Grove Street		
	y: Warren	
Not For Publication: Vicinity: Vicinity:	y. <u>water</u>	
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		8
As the designated authority under the National Hi	istoric Preservation Ac	t, as amended,
I hereby certify that this X nomination required the documentation standards for registering proper Places and meets the procedural and professional	erties in the National R	egister of Historic
In my opinion, the property _X_ meets doe recommend that this property be considered signilevel(s) of significance:		
nationalstatewide	cal	
<u>X</u> A _B C _D		
, a		
Signature of certifying official/Title:		Date
Athotic,	7	122/10
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal C	Government	122/11
In my opinion, the property meets do	es not meet the Nation	al Register criteria.
Signature of commenting official:		Date
Title :	State or Federa or Tribal Gover	l agency/bureau rnment

Anshe Chesed Cemetery

Name of Property		County and State
	ervice Certification	
I hereby certify that		*
entered in the Na		
determined eligib	ole for the National Register	
determined not e	ligible for the National Register	
removed from th	e National Register	
other (explain:)		
Signature of the	en H. Ball Keeper	9.16-14 Date of Action
5. Classification		
Ownership of Prop	owtry	
(Check as many box		
Private:	x	
Public – Local		
Public - State		
Dublic Endand	Ħ	
Public – Federal		
Category of Proper	ty	
(Check only one box	.)	
Building(s)		
District		
Site	х	
Structure		
Object		

Warren, Mississippi

perty	Warren, Mississippi County and State
esources in the count)	
	buildings
	sites
	structures
-	objects
n/a	Total
.,	
.)	
.)	
.)	
	Noncontributing

Anshe Chesed Cemetery	Warren, Mississippi
Name of Property	County and State
7. Description	
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions.)	
n/a	
Materials: (enter categories from instructions.)	
Principal exterior materials of the property: marble, limestone, brick, stucco, concrete	
Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current physical appearance and condition contributing and noncontributing resources if applicable. Begin with briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as it method of construction, setting, size, and significant features. Indicat historic integrity.)	a summary paragraph that is location, type, style,
Summary Paragraph	
Anshe Chesed Cemetery is located on a hilly ten and a half acre site of National Military Park, bounded on the south by Clay Street and on the Avenue (park road). The entrance to the cemetery is from Grove Streapart from the National Park by large trees and shrubs. There are over the least forty-six unmarked graves which were moved from the old ce	he north by Confederate eet. The cemetery is set er 1100 marked graves and

United States Department of the Interior	
National Park Service / National Register	of Historic Places Registration Form
NPS Form 10-900	OMB No. 1024-0018

Anshe Chesed	Cemetery	
Name of Property		

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Narrative Description

Anshe Chesed Cemetery is located on a hilly ten and a half acre site within the Vicksburg National Military Park, bounded on the south by Clay Street and on the north and east by Confederate Avenue. The cemetery is set apart from the National Park by large trees, a number of cedars, and shrubs. There are no other significant plantings or trees. Access to the cemetery is from the end of Grove Street on the west side. The Anshe Chesed Temple, built in the 1960s, is on Grove Street near the cemetery. The entrance is enhanced with paired rusticated stone piers with concrete caps. The piers are joined by a small section of ornamental wrought iron fence. The double ornamental wrought iron gates are attached to the taller of the piers. These piers are further enhanced with large concrete balls. There is a short stretch of wrought iron fence on either side of the piers. Incised in a smooth panel in the left center pier is "ANSHE CHESED/CEMETERY" and on the right center pier is incised "1910." Once inside the gate, the drive, which is made of concrete wheel tracks, splits into two directions with the left drive essentially heading due east, dividing the north side of the cemetery in half. The right drive takes a right turn and then back east, dividing the south side in half. The roads converge at the cast end, but a short spur continues to the north to a summer house. The summer house is a square pavilion with a slate shingle hip roof supported with stuccoed brick columns. The right half is enclosed with plywood for storage.

There are over 1,100 marked graves and at least forty-six unmarked graves which were "removed from the old Jewish Cemetery to the present one." Early Jewish settlers arrived in Vicksburg in the early 1820s, but it is not known where they buried their dead prior to the establishment of this cemetery in 1864. A volume in the documents of Temple Anshe Chesed lists the names of the deceased and notes the forty-six who were reinterred in what is referred to as "The Old Section." ²

Graves in the Anshe Chesed Cemetery are identified with a variety of markers. The majority of the markers are headstones with flat or rounded tops or scrolls, but there are also a good number of footstones and ground tablets, and a significant number of pedestal obelisks, columns and bedsteads. There are a couple of plain stones which mark the graves of Confederate soldiers who died during the Civil War. Most markers are enhanced with sculpture, relief decoration, incised decorations and plaques. These adornments are generally traditional designs such as roses, oak leaves, garland, lilies, small angels, hands, a wheel, Woodmen of the World and Masonic symbols, etc. The majority of the markers include an inscription in Hebrew. There are also a few statues of angels, women, children, and a lamb; a large tree trunk; and a large number of urns, with and without drapes. There are at least four examples of the "Cohanim (Kohanim)" hands. These hands with thumbs and forefingers joined are a symbol of the members of the ancient priestly tribe of Aaron. The hands are arranged in order to form an opening, which directs the radiance of God to stream down on the person. The Cohanim hands usually mark the

¹ Riles, Charles. Anshe Chesed, Vicksburg's Jewish Cemetery. Vicksburg: privately printed, 2001, p. 36.

² Ibid., p. 46.

Anshe Chesed Cemetery

Warren, Mississippi County and State

Name of Property

graves of fallen Cohns, Cohens, Cahns, and Cowens.³ Examples at Anshe Chesed are markers for Samuel Kahn, Samuel Cahn, Solomon Cohen, and Alexander Kuhn.

The stones are in rows from east to west and face north. However, there are a number of stones with the family name on the south side of the marker, as well. Family plots are not delineated by fences, curbing, or walls as are often found in historic cemeteries. A family section is sometimes distinguished by a larger stone incised with the family name or a pair of smaller stones with the initial of the last name. There are quite a few foot stones, some of which are simple rectangular stones with "Momma," "Papa," or "Daughter," but many more are large bolsters with names incised. Incised in Hebrew on most of the tombstones are the words "here lies."

While the majority of the grave markers in this cemetery are simple, there are a few that are monumental in size and design. These are generally based on classical designs with a heavy pier, with or without columns on the corners, supporting a decorative entablature, some topped with urns. The Ruhman marker has a large stone box topped with two squatty columns, from which springs a tall arch capped with a draped urn.

The cemetery was enhanced in 1924 when Fannie Adler made a generous financial contribution in memory of her son A. A. "Bud" Adler. With her donation, fifty-three new lots were located on the southeast of the main entrance of the Vicksburg National Military Park, new concrete roadways and concrete wheel tracts were placed, and water lines were run throughout. 4

The majority of markers and other adornments are in good condition. However, there are some urns which have fallen from their positions, markers covered in mold, or markers where the inscription is worn and difficult to read. This is an active cemetery, however very few new burials occur given the small Jewish population remaining in Vicksburg.

¹ Keister, Douglas. Stories in Stone. Layton, Utah: Gibbs Smith, 2004, p. 157.

⁴ Riles, p.106.

Anshe Cr Name of Pr	nesed Cemetery	County and State
8. 5	Statement of Significance	
Appl	icable National Register Criteria k "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for	r National Register
х	A. Property is associated with events that have made a significant broad patterns of our history.	nt contribution to the
	B. Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in	our past.
	C. Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, per construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose conditioning individual distinction.	high artistic values,
	D. Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information import history.	ant in prehistory or
	eria Considerations k "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	
X	A. Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purpose	es
	B. Removed from its original location	
	C. A birthplace or grave	
Х	D. A cemetery	
	E. A reconstructed building, object, or structure	
	F. A commemorative property	
	G. Less than 50 years old or achieving significance within the pa	ist 50 years

nsl	he Chesed Cemetery
ame	of Property
	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions.) Ethnic Heritage: Jewish Exploration/Settlement
	Period of Significance
	Significant Dates
(Significant Person (Complete only if Criterion B is marked above n/a
-	Cultural Affiliation
-	Architect/Builder
-	

Warren, Mississippi County and State

Anshe (Chesed	Cemeter	y		
Name of I	Property				

Warren, Mississippi County and State

Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance, applicable criteria, justification for the period of significance, and any applicable criteria considerations.)

Anshe Chesed Cemetery in Vicksburg, Mississippi is eligible for National Register listing under Criteria A, within the themes of Ethnic Heritage and Exploration/Settlement. Jews were among the first settlers in Vicksburg and, through their participation in the commercial, political, and social activities, were active in the development of Vicksburg. Anshe Chesed Cemetery is the most significant remaining resource that is associated with the Jewish heritage of Vicksburg. There are only a few historic resources, residences and commercial buildings, affiliated with Jews in Vicksburg, and none of these can be used to interpret the vast influence that this population had on the development of Vicksburg.

Narrative Statement of Significance (Provide at least one paragraph for each area of significance.)

Anshe Chesed Cemetery in Vicksburg, Mississippi is eligible for National Register listing under Criteria A, within the themes of Ethnic Heritage and Exploration/Settlement. Jews were among the first settlers in Vicksburg and, through their participation in commercial, political, and social activities, were active in the development of Vicksburg. Anshe Chesed Cemetery is the most significant remaining resource that is associated with the Jewish heritage of Vicksburg. There are only a few historic resources, residences and commercial buildings, affiliated with Jews in Vicksburg, and none of these can be used to interpret the vast influence that this population had on the development of Vicksburg.

The story of the Jews in Vicksburg is an integral part of the story of the city itself. Jewish men and women were business owners, physicians, lawyers, and teachers. They served in the administrations and public institutions of Warren County and the City of Vicksburg and worked to promote the progress of their city. Evidence of their early commitment to public service was the election of M. A. Levy as a selectman of the City of Vicksburg in 1832. Levi Lowenberg was elected Justice of the Peace in 1863 and served until 1900. Abe Kiersky was the city's tax assessor from 1889 to 1937. Vicksburg Jews also served during the Civil War and in both world wars. A marker for Charles Beer Hirsch provides a reminder of the ultimate sacrifice during wartime, as it reads "Reportedly lost over Belle Isle, France 1943."

The majority of Jews in Vicksburg were engaged in retail and wholesale businesses, and as cotton brokers or factors. In the 1866 city directory, ninety Jewish families owned thirty-five stores. Some of the largest commercial concerns were owned by Jews and the monumental nature of their grave markers reveals their financial success. These merchants include the Blum family, Schwartz family, Leyens family, the Ehrman family and the Rice family. Vicksburg was the largest city in the state until 1910 and this success was due in part to its location on the

⁵ Philippsborn, Gertrude. The History of the Jewish Community of Vicksburg from 1820 to 1968. Vicksburg: privately printed, 1969, p. 11.

Anshe Chesed Cemetery

Name of Property

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Mississippi River and railroad lines, but it can also be attributed to the diligence of these entrepreneurs. An 1895 advertisement designated the Ehrmans as the "Largest Meat Dealer in the South." Charles Ehrman and his children owned a chain of nine meat markets and Charles served in the Mississippi State Legislature. Baer and Brothers Dry Goods Store was started in 1865 and by 1871 employed seventy clerks. Louis Bloom was associated with Baer and Brothers and when he died in 1926 left \$6,500 for a memorial fountain. This statue of Hebe (daughter of Zeus) stands today at the end of the memorial rose garden in downtown Vicksburg. The Cotton Exchange was founded in 1874 and incorporated in 1886. In 1890, there were twenty-two active members, nine were of the Jewish faith. Early in Vicksburg's history, Jews were also physicians, druggists, lawyers, members of the Board of Trade (later changed to Chamber of Commerce), bankers, and served as directors on bank boards.

They established benevolent organizations that provided support for all citizens, not just for Jews. In 1841, the Jewish people of Vicksburg established their first benevolent organization-the Men of Mercy, the beginnings of a congregation. ¹⁰ Their purpose was to help the needy, the sick, the newcomers, and the transient Jews. The oldest chartered ladies organization in Vicksburg is the Ladies Hebrew Benevolent Society founded on April 3, 1866. ¹¹ Represented in this cemetery, as evidenced by inscriptions on grave markers are members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Masons, and the B'nai B'rith Society. B. S. Dryfus's marker states "Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio IOOF/ Erected by the Grand Lodge of Ohio IOOF." The gravestones of Abe Meyer and Abe Ruhman are incised with the Masonic symbol. Jews were also active in other benevolent organizations such as the Shriners and Woodmen of the World. Abe Love's grave marker includes the emblem of the Shriners, a scimitar from which hangs a crescent, while the Woodmen of the World emblem can be found on Bernhardt Ulleddorff's tombstone.

This cemetery is also the final resting place for four men who spent their lives in service to the congregation. Rabbis Bernard Gotthelf, Herman Bien, Solomon Kory, and Adolf Philippsborn are buried in Anshe Chesed Cemetery. Katherine Kory, the wife of Rabbi Kory, is also buried here. She helped to establish the Civic League. Rabbi Kory was a leader in the Knights of Pythias, the Masonic Order, the Chamber of Commerce, and was vice president of the Rotary Club. 12

When Vicksburg was incorporated in 1825, with a population of 3,000, there were approximately twenty Jewish settlers. They had immigrated from Bavaria, Prussia and Alsace Lorraine. These families worshipped in private homes with various lay leaders conducting services. More Jews

⁶ Turitz, Leo and Evelyn Turitz. <u>Jews in Early Mississippi</u>. Jackson: University of Mississippi Press, 1983, p. 55.

^{&#}x27;Riles, p. 108.

^a Herscovici, Julius. "Bloom's Gift of Fountain Testament of Jewish Influence." *Vicksburg Evening Post*, November 10, 2001, page 9.

⁹ In and About Vicksburg. Vicksburg: Gibraltar Publishing Company, 1890, p. 129.

Philippsborn, p. 13.

¹¹ Ibid, p. 57.

¹² Ibid, p. 46.

Anshe Chesed Cemetery

Warren, Mississippi

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arrived in the next twenty years, including three Sartorius brothers who brought with them two Torahs. 13 It is not recorded where Jews were buried in these early years.

In 1862, fifty Jewish families formed the Hebrew Benevolent Congregation Anshe Chesed and they received a charter from the state of Mississippi. ¹⁴ Tradition holds that the leader of the congregation at this time was Bernard Yoste, a native of Charlesville, France. He provided the first public site of worship by erecting a hall over his business on Levce Street (not extant).

On August 23, 1864, the Anshe Chesed Cemetery was established. It was not the first final resting place for the Jewish people, however. According to Julius Herscovici, a Jewish historian, it was "customary with Jews, when they settle at a place, they acquire immediately a burial ground, so that their dear ones may rest in eternal sleep." The fact that there was a cemetery was mentioned in old newspaper articles, but the location was not. The Chevra Kadisha ledger records the names of bodies that were "removed from the Old Jewish Cemetery to the present one." According to Herscovici, the old cemetery may have been located on the corner of Zollinger's Hill and Jackson Road, on land owned by Bernard Yoste, the first president of Anshe Chesed Congregation. 16

The property on which Anshe Chesed Cemetery was established was owned by Harris and Elias Kiersky, brothers who were listed among the founders of the Anshe Chesed congregation. In 1864, they sold the land to the congregation for \$4,000, \$1,000 less than they bought it for two years prior because the land was in the middle of the siege lines during the Civil War. When they purchased the 30 acres, there were tenant houses, grazing land, and woods. By Vicksburg's surrender in 1863, the tenant houses had been destroyed, the grazing land was mud, the "ground was overrun with vermin," and part of the beautiful woods had been timbered for use by soldiers. ¹⁷ The first burial in the new cemetery was that of Meyer Meyer on May 16, 1865.

On July 29, 1868, the congregation bought a lot on the east side of Cherry Street, near the corner of Clay Street, for \$3,500. Here they erected the first synagogue to be constructed in the state. ¹⁸ The Gothic edifice was completed in 1870 and served the congregation until 1969 when a new temple was constructed near the cemetery. The historic temple was demolished in 1983 after numerous attempts to save it.

In 1900, the congregation sold nineteen and a half acres of the cemetery property to the federal government so that it could be included in the newly created Vicksburg National Military Park. In return, the government was to erect an iron fence with brick on the south side of the cemetery and bridge it with the existing fence in the front of the cemetery; this fence does not exist today. The cemetery was enhanced in 1924 when Fannie Adler made a generous financial contribution

¹³ Ibid, p. 10.

¹⁴ Ibid, p. 13.

¹⁵ Herscovici, Iuliu "Julius." The Jews of Vicksburg, Mississippi. Xlibris Corp.com, 2007, p. 156.

¹⁶ Ibid, p. 159.

¹⁷ Philippsborn, p. 86.

¹⁸ Herscovici, Julius. "Constructing the Temple." Vickshurg Evening Post, November 3, 2001, no page.

Anshe Chesed Cemetery

Name of Property

Warren, Mississippi County and State

in memory of her son A. A. "Bud" Adler. With her donation, fifty-three new lots were located on the southeast of the main entrance of the Vicksburg National Military Park, new concrete roadways and concrete wheel tracts were placed, and water lines were run throughout. 19

The Jewish population grew quickly from fifty families in 1862 to 520 individuals in 1878. Tragically, Temple Anshe Chesed buried 46 members during the Yellow Fever epidemic of 1878, including their rabbi who had attended the faithful since 1866. Because the Yellow Fever epidemic killed so many so quickly in 1878, the congregation provided a section of land where they buried the dead in rows with no regard to families. These dead were buried four or five at a time, and this area is referred to as the "Graveline." By 1905, there were 659 Jews, the largest percentage, 4.44% of the population of Vicksburg, before or since.²⁰ The number fell every year after and today (2014) there are about twenty members. The reason for the loss of members is due in part to the large percentage of mixed marriages, resulting in the loss to Judaism of many of the descendants of the early settlers and of those who settled in the 19th century.

Jewish cemeteries in Mississippi that are listed in the National Register include Beth Israel Cemetery in Meridian, established in 1870 (2.9 acres) and listed on March 22, 1989, and the Gemiluth Chassed Cemetery in Port Gibson, established in 1870 (150 square feet) and listed on July 22, 1979. The Natchez City Cemetery was listed on October 24, 1980 and includes Jewish Hill, a section dedicated to Jewish burials. Other Jewish cemeteries in Mississippi are the Beth Israel Cemetery in Jackson and the Hebrew Union Cemetery in Greenville.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form.)

Herscovici, Iuliu "Julius." The Jews of Vicksburg, Mississippi. Xlibris Corp.com, 2007.

Herscovici, Julius. "Bloom's Gift of Fountain Testament of Jewish Influence." Vicksburg Evening Post, November 10, 2001, page 9.

Herscovici, Julius. "Constructing the Temple." Vicksburg Evening Post, November 3, 2001, no page.

Herscovici, Julius. "Jewish Presence in Vicksburg." Vicksburg Evening Post, October 27, 2001, p. B3.

In and About Vicksburg. Vicksburg: Gibraltar Publishing Company, 1890.

Keister, Douglas. Stories in Stone. Layton, Utah: Gibbs Smith, 2004.

Riles, p.106.

Herscovici, Julius. "Jewish Presence in Vicksburg." Vicksburg Evening Post, October 27, 2001, p. B3.

Anshe Chesed Cemetery Name of Property Philippsborn, Gertrude. The History of the Jewish Community of Vicksbu 1968. Vicksburg: privately printed, 1969.	Warren, Mississippi County and State urg from 1820 to
Riles, Charles. <u>Anshe Chesed, Vicksburg's Jewish Cemetery</u> . Vicksburg: 2001.	privately printed,
Turitz, Leo and Evelyn Turitz. <u>Jews in Early Mississippi</u> . Jackson: Univer Press, 1983.	rsity of Mississippi
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has bee previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey # Primary location of additional data:	n requested
X State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University X Other Name of repository: Vicksburg Foundation for Historic Preservation	on
Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned): 149-VKS-4106	
10. Geographical Data	- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10
Acreage of Property 10 ½ acres	
Use either the UTM system or latitude/longitude coordinates	
Latitude/Longitude Coordinates Datum if other than WGS84:	

Anshe Chesed Cemetery	Warren, Mississippi
Name of Property (enter coordinates to 6 decimal places)	County and State
1. Latitude:	Longitude:
2. Latitude:	Longitude:
3. Latitude:	Longitude:
4. Latitude:	Longitude:
See continuation Sheet	
Or UTM References Datum (indicated on USGS map): Vicks NAD 1927 or NAD 1	
1. Zone: Easting:	Northing:
2. Zone: Easting:	Northing:
3. Zone: Easting:	Northing:
4. Zone: Easting:	Northing:
Verbal Boundary Description (Description (Description: PT SE 1/4 SW 1/4 Sect CC, Page, 611, Date 08/23/1864.	be the boundaries of the property.) tion 21, Township 16, Range 04, Recorded in Book
Boundary Justification (Explain why t	he boundaries were selected.)
This is the legal description of the prope Cemetery.	erty historically associated with the Anshe Chesed
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title: Nancy H. Bell organization: Vicksburg Foundation for street & number: 1107 Washington Street	

inshe Chesed Cemetery					Warren, Mississippi
ame of Property					County and State
city or town: Vicksburg	state:	MS	zip code:	39183	
e-mail vburgfoundation@aol.com					74
telephone: 601-636-5010					
date: 14 February 2014					

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

- Maps: A USGS map or equivalent (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.
- Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.
- Additional items: (Check with the SHPO, TPO, or FPO for any additional items.)

Anshe Chesed Cemetery

Name of Property

Photographs

Warren, Mississippi County and State

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels (minimum), 3000x2000 preferred, at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map. Each photograph must be numbered and that number must correspond to the photograph number on the photo log. For simplicity, the name of the photographer, photo date, etc. may be listed once on the photograph log and doesn't need to be labeled on every photograph.

Photo Log

Name of Property: Anshe Chesed Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Vicksburg

County: Warren

State: MS

Photographer: Nancy H. Bell

Date Photographed: February 2014

Description of Photograph(s) and number, include description of view indicating direction of camera:

- 1 of 31 Entrance, end of Grove Street, view to southeast.
- 2 of 31 View to west.
- 3 of 31 Rice Family stone, view to west.
- 4 of 31 Teller Family stone, view to west.
- 5 of 31 View to west.
- 6 of 31 Girl statue, view to west.
- 7 of 31 Herman stone, view to west.
- 8 of 31 Leyens, foot stone, view to southeast.
- 9 of 31 View to southeast.
- 10 of 31 Blum stone, Schwartz stone, view to northeast.
- 11 of 31 Brown stone, view to north.
- 12 of 31 Klaus foot stone, view to southwest.
- 13 of 31 Baer stone, view to east.
- 14 of 31 View to southwest.
- 15 of 31 View to southwest.
- 16 of 31 Summer house, view to northeast.
- 17 of 31 East end of cemetery, view to southwest.
- 18 of 31 View to southwest.
- 19 of 31 View to northwest.
- 20 of 31 Old Section, view to northwest.
- 21 of 31 Myers stone, view to southwest.
- 22 of 31 Levy and Bloom stones, view to southwest.

Anshe Ches	ed Cemetery
Name of Prope	rty
23 of 31	Cahn stone, view to southwest.
24 of 31	Dryfus stone, view to southwest.
25 of 31	Cohen stone, view to southwest.
26 of 31	Love stone, view to southwest.
27 of 31	Ullendorff stone, view to southwest.
28 of 31	View to north.
29 of 31	Lowenberg stone, view to southwest.
30 of 31	Hirsch stone, view to southwest.
31 of 31	Schwartz stone, view to southwest.
32 of 32	Ruhman stone, view to southwest.

Warren, Mississippi County and State

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 100 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

NPS Form 10-900-a (Rev. 8/2002)

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section	number	10	Page	_1_
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Anshe Chese	ed Cemetery
Name of Prop	erty
Warren Count	ty, Mississippi
County and S	tate
Name of multi	ple listing (if applicable)

Latitude/Longitude Coordinates

(Follow similar guidelines for entering these coordinates as for entering UTM references described on page 55, *How to Complete the National Register Registration Form.* For properties less than 10 acres, enter the lat/long coordinates for a point corresponding to the center of the property. For properties of 10 or more acres, enter three or more points that correspond to the vertices of a polygon drawn on the map. The polygon should approximately encompass the area to be registered. Add additional points below, if necessary.)

Datum: WG 84

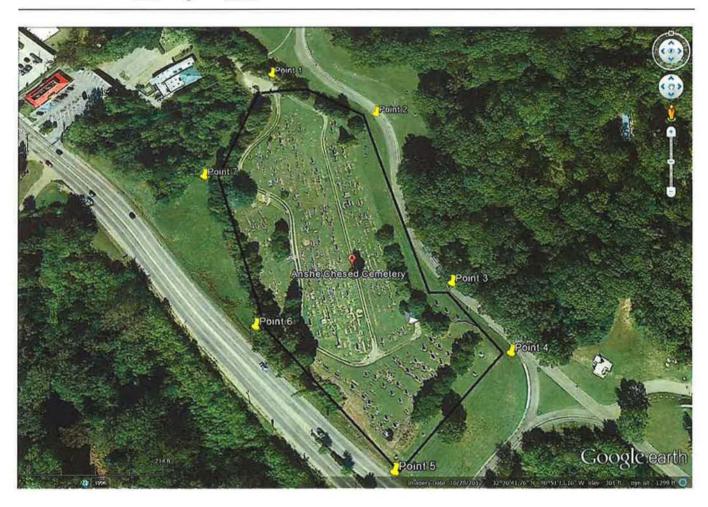
1. Latitude: 32.335556 Longitude: -90.856167 2. Latitude: 32.360556 Longitude: -90.868056 3. Latitude: 32.336944 Longitude: -90.851667 4. Latitude: 32.356111 Longitude: -90.876667 5. Latitude: 32.354444 Longitude: -90.852778 6. Latitude: 32.341944 Longitude: -90.857222 Longitude: 7. Latitude: 32.354278 -90.870000 United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

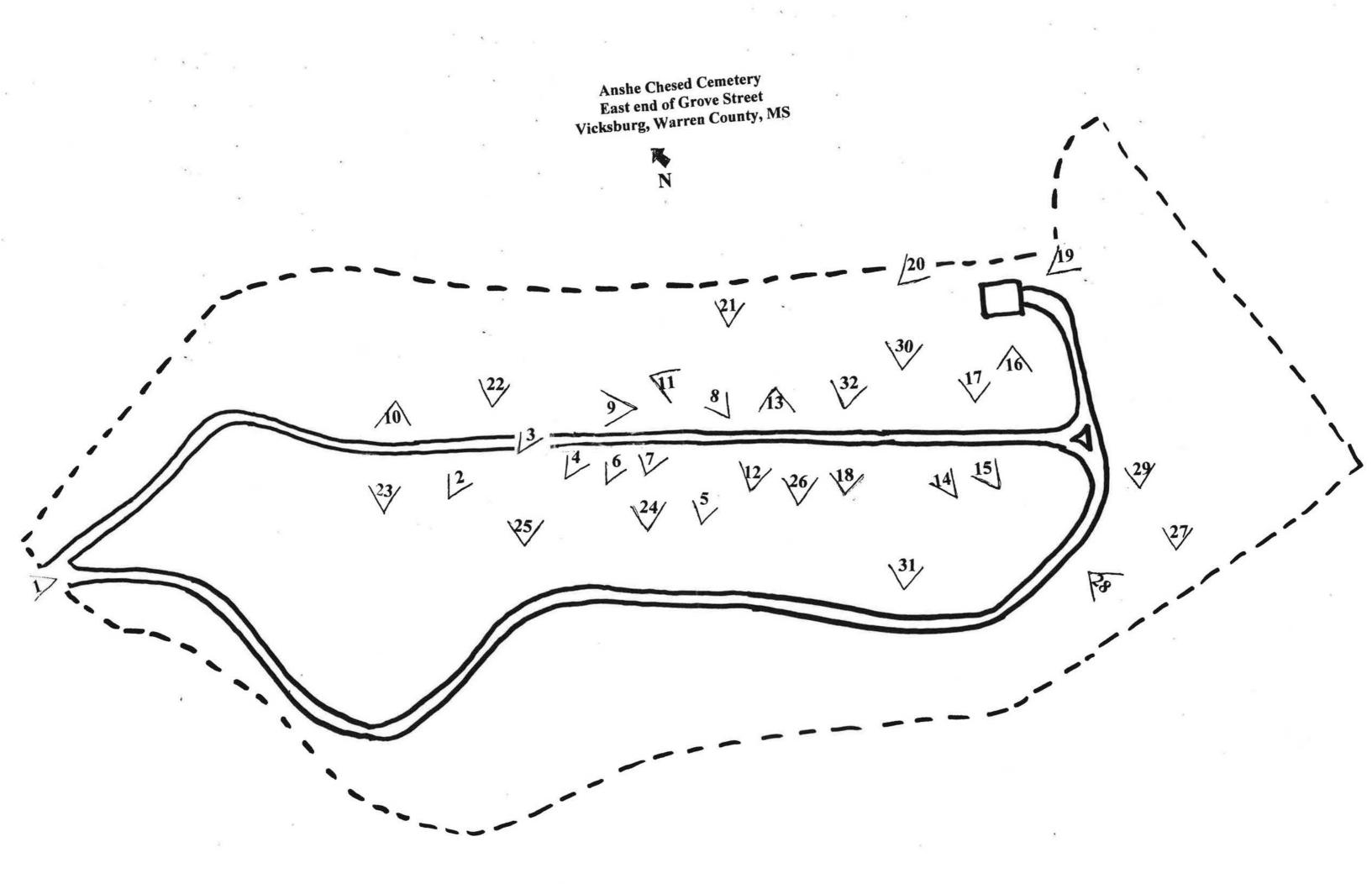
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 10 Page 2

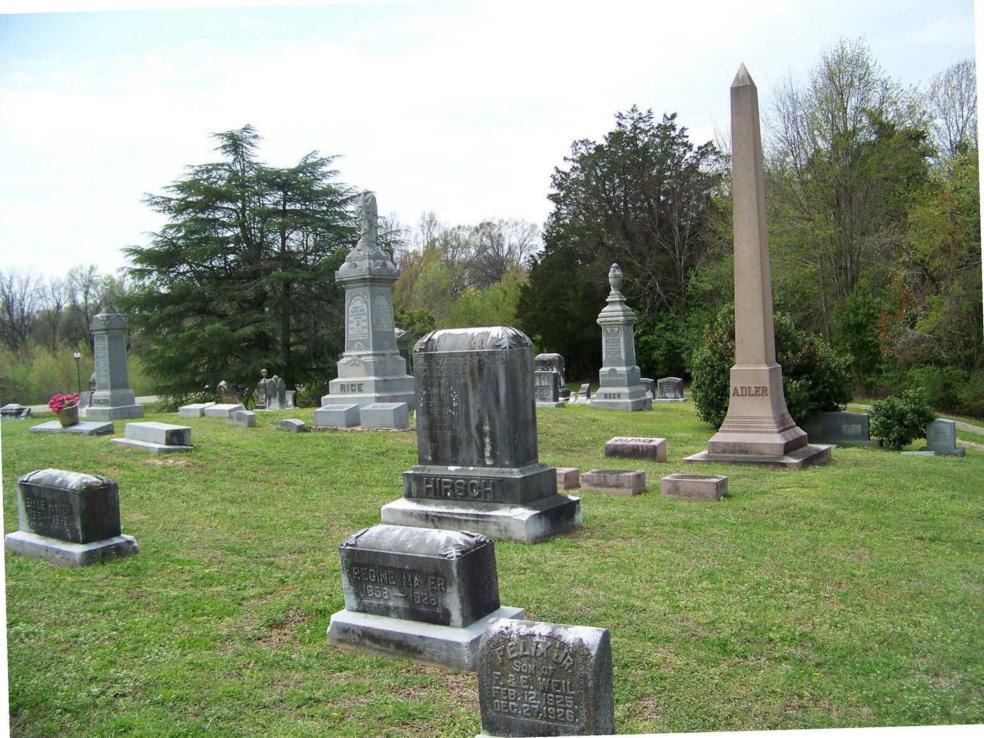
Anshe Chesed Cemetery
Name of Property
Warren County, Mississippi
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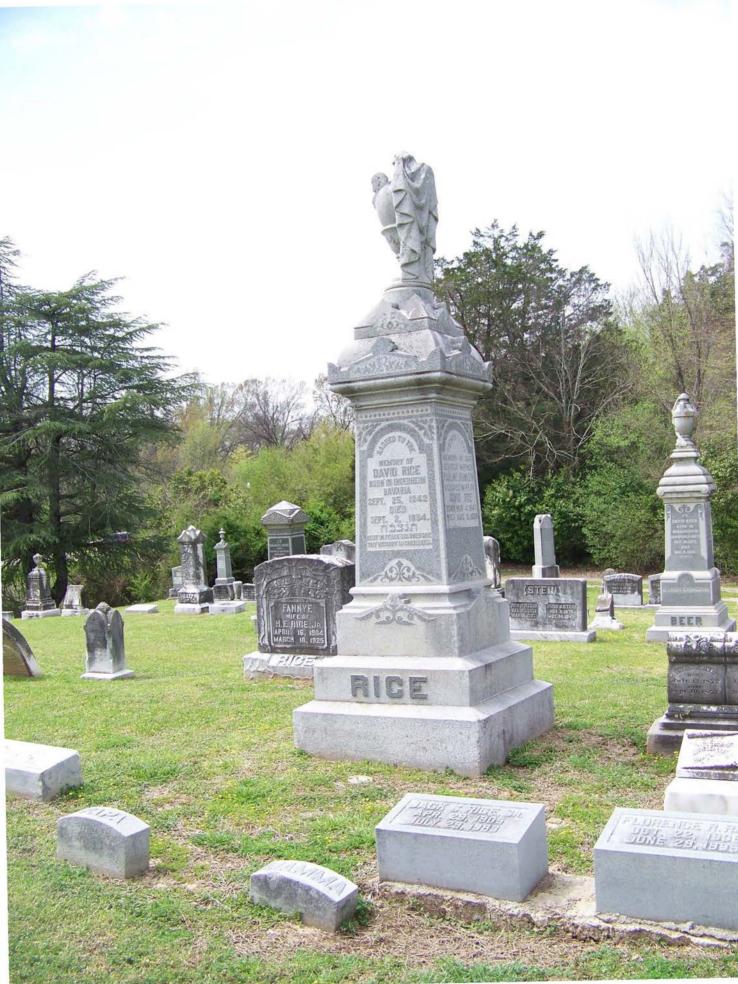
Name of multiple listing (if applicable)



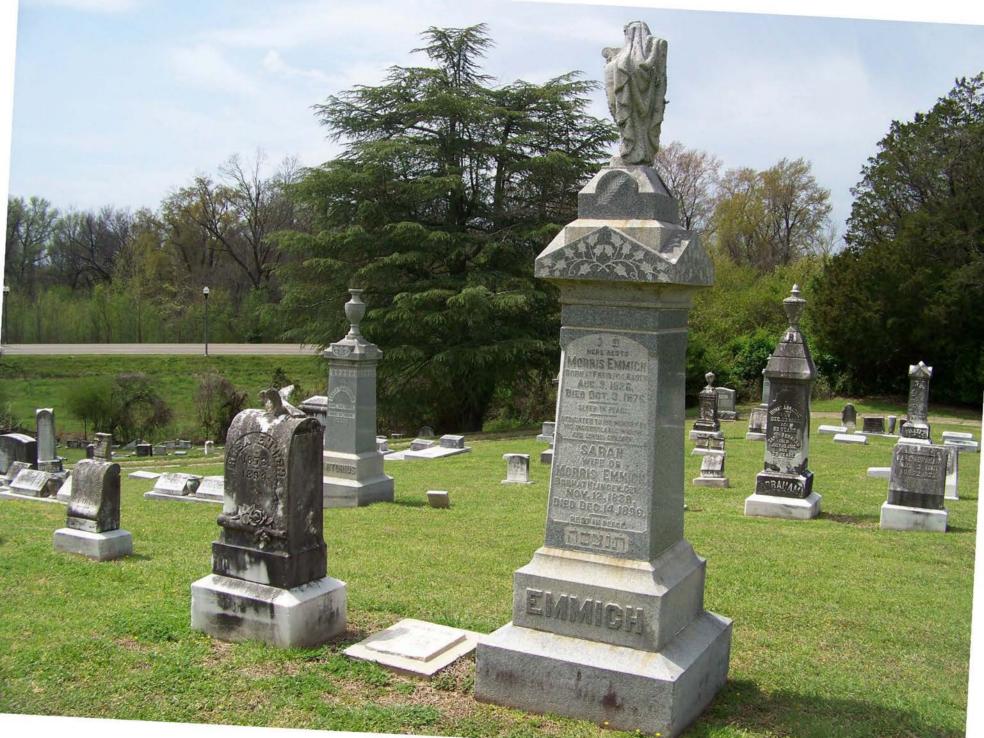








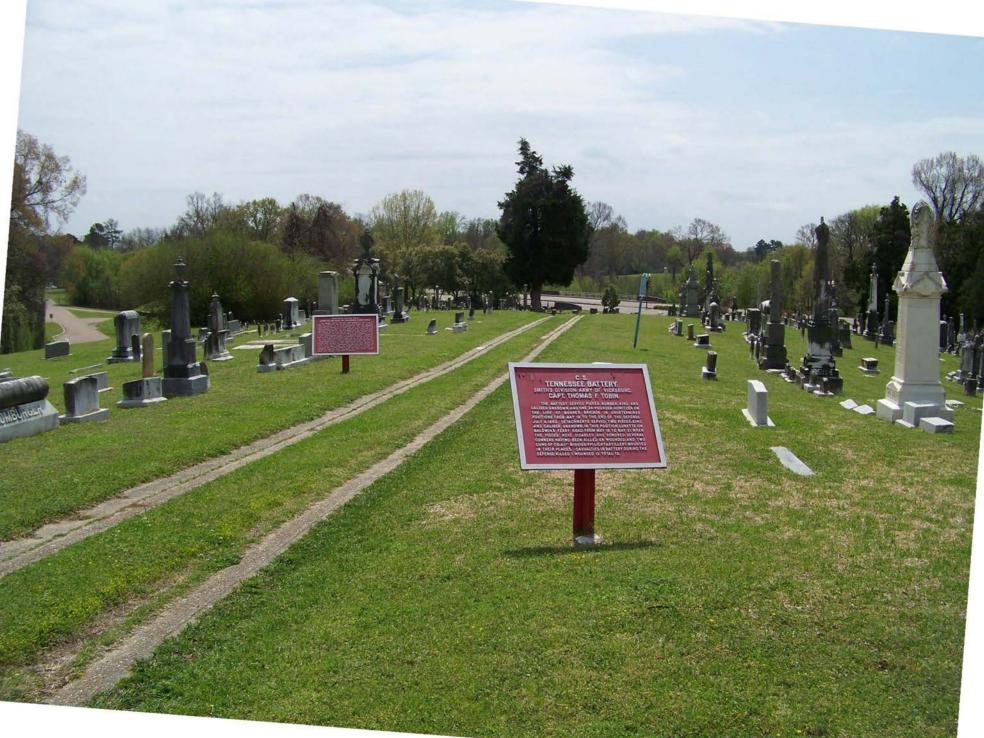




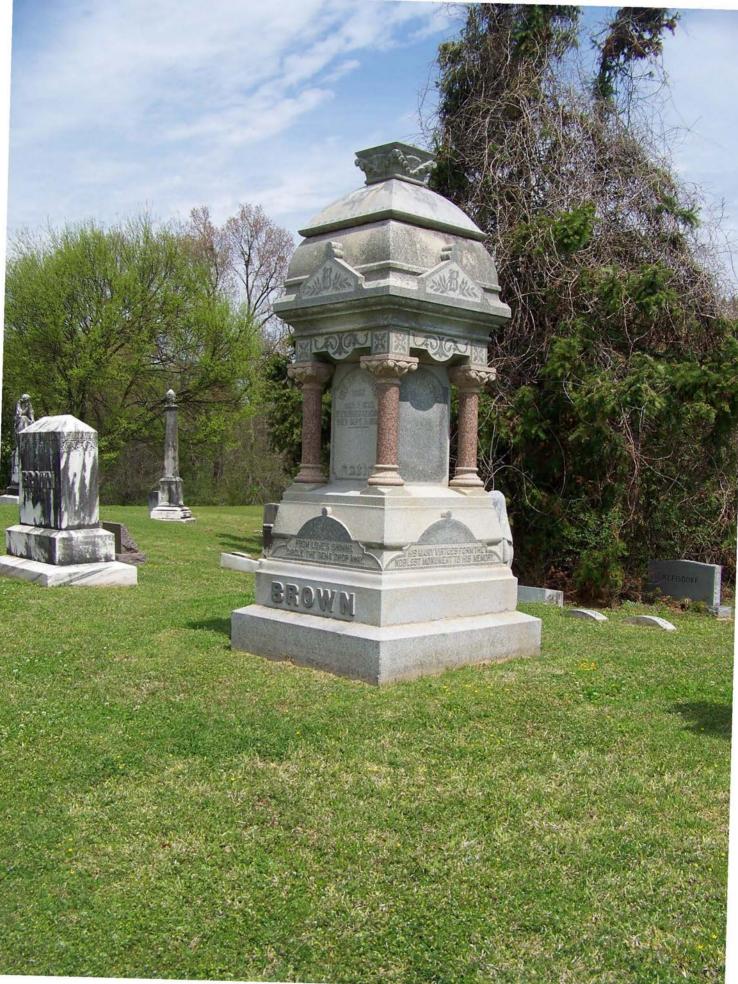


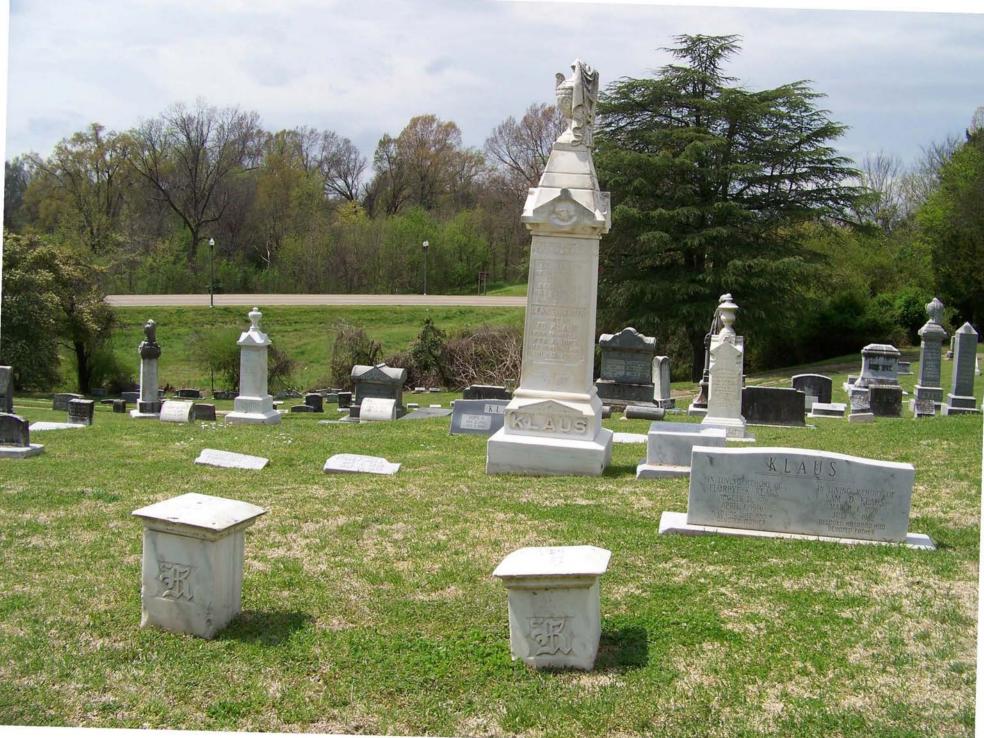






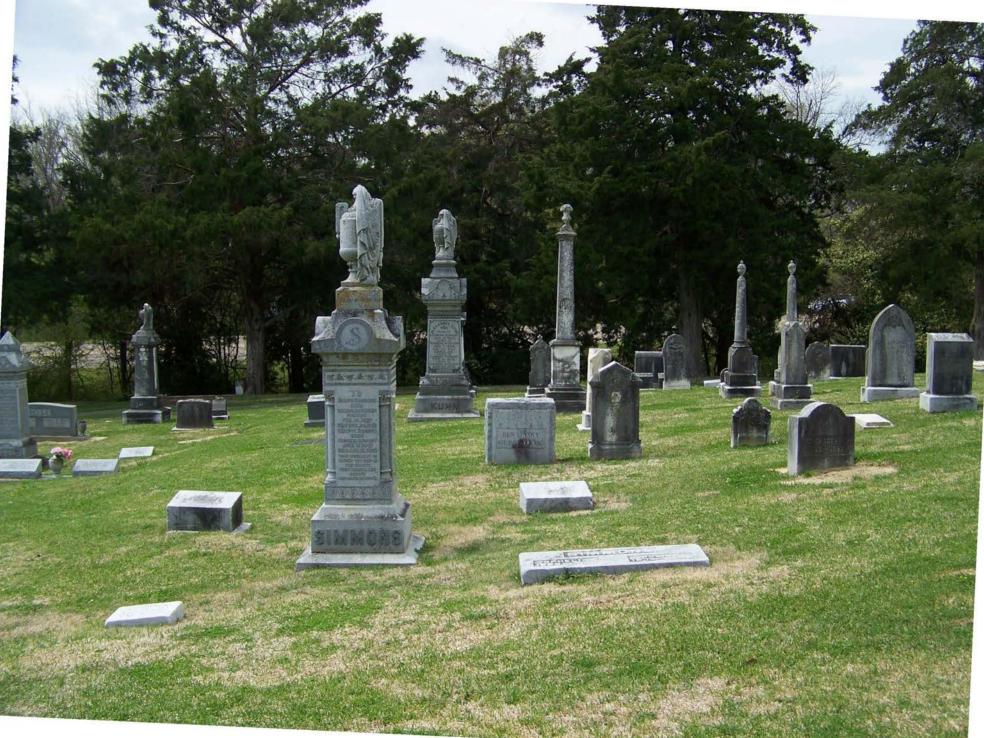








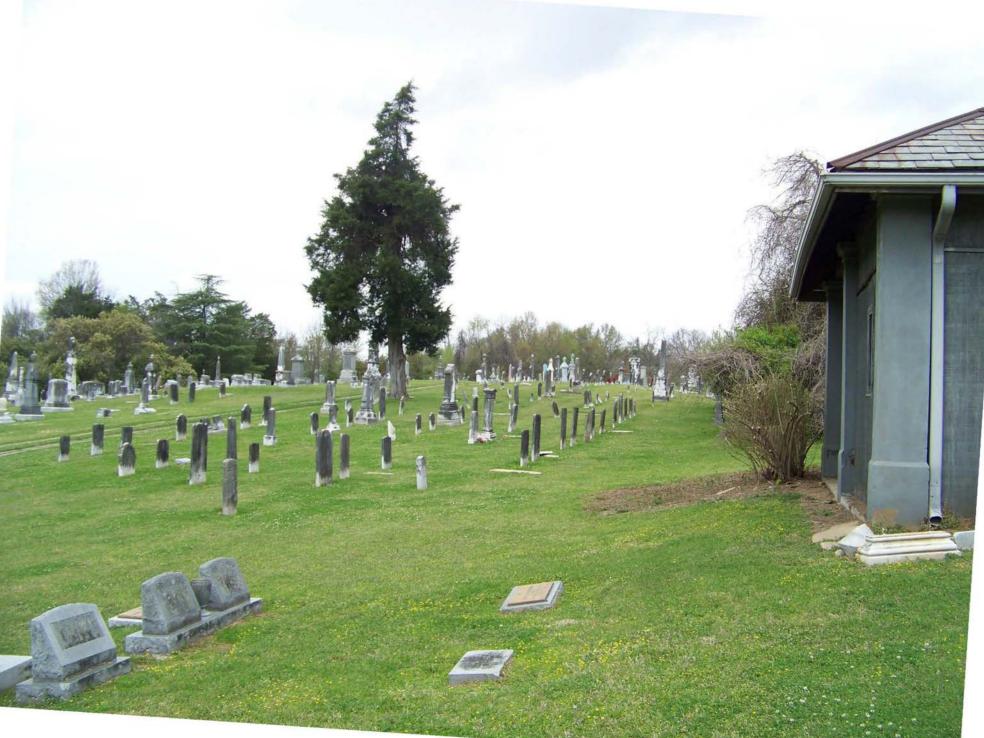


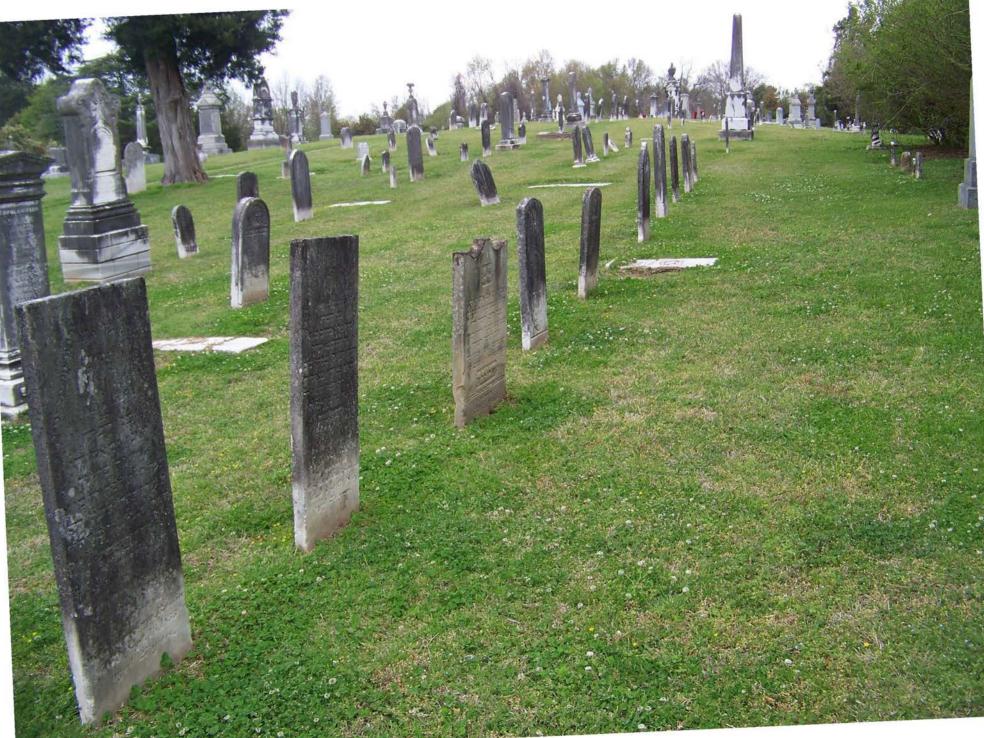






















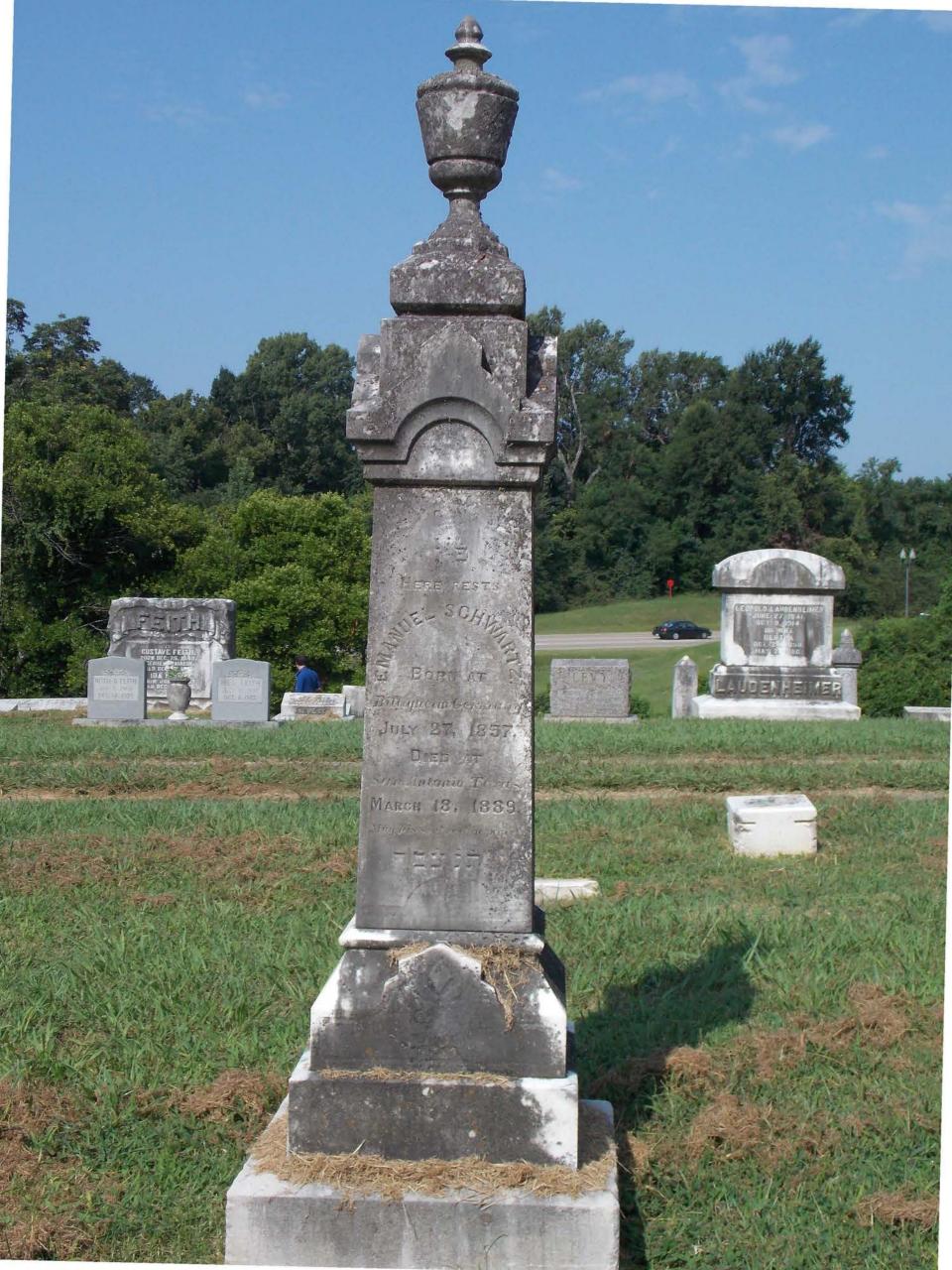














UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION
PROPERTY Anshe Chesed Cemetery NAME:
MULTIPLE NAME:
STATE & COUNTY: MISSISSIPPI, Warren
DATE RECEIVED: 7/25/14 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 8/22/14 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 9/08/14 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST: 8/22/14
REFERENCE NUMBER: 14000569
REASONS FOR REVIEW:
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N
COMMENT WAIVER: N
ACCEPT RETURN REJECT 9.10.14 DATE
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:
Entered in The National Register of Historic Places
RECOM./CRITERIA
REVIEWERDISCIPLINE
TELEPHONEDATE
DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N
If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.





HISTORIC PRESERVATION Jim Woodrick, director PO Box 571, Jackson, MS 39205-0571 601-576-6940 • Fax 601-576-6955 mdah.state.ms.us

July 23, 2014

Mr. Paul Loether Program Director, National Register of Historic Places National Park Service 1201 Eye Street, NW (2280) Washington, D.C. 20005

Dear Mr. Loether:

We are pleased to enclose the nomination form and supporting documents to nominate the following properties to the National Register of Historic Places:

Anshe Chesed Cemetery, Vicksburg, Warren County

The property was approved for nomination by the Mississippi National Register Review Board at its meeting on July 17, 2014.

We trust you will find the enclosed materials in order and will let us hear from you at you convenience.

Sincerely,

H.T. Holmes

State Historic Preservation Officer

By: William M. Gatlin

National Register Coordinator