United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS u	se only		
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See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

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historic	Swaim House				
and/or common	same			٩	
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	Main Street{Ti	⊥#wy. 11, U	.S. 3 1A)	s N/A	not for publication
city, town	Chapel Hill	Ŋ∕Ą vici	nity of		
state Tenne	essee co	de 047	county	Marshall	code 117
3. Clas	sification				
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition I/A in process being considered	Status _X_ occupie unoccuj work in Accessible _X_ yes: res yes: unr no	bied progress tricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park _X_ private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty			
name	Joy and Larry	/ Lewter			
street & number	P.O. Box 56				
city, town	Chapel Hill	N/A_ vici	nity of	state	Tennessee 37034
5. Loca	tion of Leg	al Desc	riptio	n	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. ()ffice of Ma	rshall Co	unty Registrar	
street & number		larshall Cou	nty Court	house	
city, town		ewisburg		state	Tennessee 37034
6. Repr	esentation	in Exis	ting S	Surveys	
title	N/A	h	as this prop	erty been determined e	ligible? yes no
date	N/A		N	/Afederalsta	te county local
depository for su	rvey records N/A				
city, town	N/A			state	N/A

7. Description

Condition

Condition		Check one
excellent _X_ good fair	<pre> deteriorated ruins unexposed</pre>	unaltered X_ altered

Check one _X_ original site _ moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Situated on the east side of Main Street just north of the small business district of the northern Marshall County town of Chapel Hill (pop. 752), the Swaim House is the oldest brick structure in Chapel Hill and one of the few such structures in the area. The onestory brick structure sits on a level lot of slightly more than two acres, some distance back from the street. This locally early house of the 1840's displays major characteristics of the Greek Revival style in its classically porticoed front entrance, corner pilasters and interior shouldered doorwavs.

The one-story house follows the central-passage plan quite common in this part of the Duck River valley. It is built of a light reddish-brown brick, roughly glazed, laid in stretcher bond; the soft mortar is pencilled for greater detail. The foundation is of ashlar-cut stone, rising to about three feet above ground level, and the building is topped with a composition roof. Corbeled brick interior chimneys are located at the two gable ends. A rear shed section was added in the 1940s, and a screen porch and garage were attached as an ell in 1982.

The front of the house faces west to Main Street; this elevation is three bays wide, with a parlor and dining room to the sides of a central hall. From the center extends a onestory pedimented portico supported by two square paneled antae columns with molded capitals. The heavy entablature of the porch, supported by small scroll brackets, is carried across the entire front of the house. At the center, recessed-panel double-leaf doors with oblong moldings are set in an elegant frame, with two operating sidelights over dado panels set off by pilasters and topped with corner lights, a transom, and a heavy molded architrave. At either side of the front, 1/1 sash windows are located in the original window frames, topped with a flat wooden beam lintel with corner blocks. The two front corners are framed by heavy molded corner pilasters.

The south side of the original 1840s section has two 1/1 sash windows in the original frames. The roof line is defined by a raking cornice and gable return. Repairs have been made to the brickwork at the loft level around the chimney, and the problems appear to have been stabilized. The north wall is quite plain but for the ghost of an original window.

A rear shed section was added to the house about 1945. It is constructed of a red brick similar in color to the original part of the house and is not obtrusive, nor is it visible from the front of the house. A triple 6/6 sash window opens on the south side, a double 1/1 window and a door are located on the rear, and a center-pivot window and a double 6/6 sash window face north. The same thin cornice that traces the eaves of the sides of the original 1840's section is continued around this shed addition.

To the rear of this shed section, a latticework porch connects with a modern barn-style weatherboarded garage added in 1982.

Although altered by two additions at the rear, the original front facade remains relatively unchanged. Most of the original interior features also survive; these include vertical-paneled doors set in shouldered architraves, matching interior window surrounds, and original mantels, the one in the south parlor being supported by scroll brackets matching those on the exterior of the house.

8. Significance

Period Areas of Significance-Check and justify below _ prehistoric ____ archeology-prehistoric ___ _ community planning landscape architecture _____ religion _ 1400-1499 _____ archeology-historic conservation law ____ science _ 1500-1599 ____ agriculture economics literature _____ sculpture _ 1600--1699 _X__ architecture education military social/ ___ 1700–1799 humanitarian _____ art engineering music <u>X 1800–1899</u> exploration/settlement _____ philosophy __ commerce theater ___ communications industry politics/government ____ transportation invention other (specify)

Specific dates 1840'S

Builder/Architect Unknown

V.

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Swaim House is nominated under National Register criterion C for its local architectural significance to Chapel Hill and Marshall County. According to local tradition the house was built in the 1840's for a doctor and served as his residence and office. In the late nine-teenth century, the building was purchased by J.M. Swaim, a prominent Chapel Hill citizen and blacksmith. The house is the oldest brick residence in the town and a rare example in Marshall County and the surrounding area of a brick Greek Revival cottage. The quality of its design and craftsmanship can be seen in its well proportioned and detailed entrance portico and corner pilasters as well as its interior shouldered window and door surrounds.

The original owner of the Swaim House has traditionally been thought to have been a doctor whose name has long been forgotten. Existing deeds show that early owners were James Fulton, E.G. Forrest, William Turner, and J.F. Brittain, all men who contributed to the history of Chapel Hill. In 1893 J.M. Swaim acquired the property, and it has remained in his family down to the present owner, Joy Lewter, his great-granddaughter. Swaim was a successful blacksmith in addition to owning a pork processing business.

The Swaim House is an important example in south central Tennessee of the Greek Revival style expressed in a small brick building. While frame Greek Revival cottages are not uncommon in the region, small brick residences in this style are rare. Exceptional architectural features of the Swaim House are its pedimented Doric portico with square pillars, its Doric corner pilasters, and interior woodwork.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet

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tate N/	A	code N/A	county	N/A		code	N/A
1. For	m Prepar	ed By					
	Joy Lewter		9				
ame/title	Lloyd Ostby,	<u>Coordinator</u> o	of Field Se	rvices			
rganization	N/A Tennessee Hist	torical Commi	ssion	date	May 1984	L	
	P.O. Box 56				615-364-722		
treet & number	701 Broadway			telephone	01,0=742=07		
ity or town	Chapel Hill Nashville			state	Tennessee Tennessee	37034 37203	
2. Sta	te Histori	c Prese	rvatio	n Offi			ation
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l <mark>e</mark> Executiv	ve Director, Ten	nessee Histo	orical Comm	<i>U</i> nission	date 6/	4/84	
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Continuation sheet

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Major Bibliographical References

Goodspeed, Weston A., et al. (eds.) <u>History of Tennessee</u>. Goodspeed Publishing Co., 1887 .

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Interviews with citizens of Chapel Hill and Marshall County, winter 1983/84: Ralph Whitsell (county historian), David Jeter, Jane Kerr, Doug Rogers, and Grace Hurt.

Item number

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Marshall County Deed Books

