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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Seattle

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## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

**DATE ENTERED** SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS 1 NAME Ballard Carnegie Library AND/OR COMMON Pandora's Castle **2 LOCATION** STREET & NUMBER 2026 North West Market Street NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN Seattle VICINITY OF lst - Joel Pritchard STATE CODE COUNTY CODE Washington <u>King</u> 53 033 CLASSIFICATION **CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS PRESENT USE** \_DISTRICT LOCCUPIED \_PUBLIC \_\_AGRICULTURE \_\_MUSEUM X\_BUILDING(S) XPRIVATE **XCOMMERCIAL** \_UNOCCUPIED \_\_PARK \_\_STRUCTURE вотн \_WORK IN PROGRESS \_\_EDUCATIONAL \_\_PRIVATE RESIDENCE \_\_SITE **PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE** \_\_ENTERTAINMENT \_\_RELIGIOUS \_\_OBJECT X\_YES: RESTRICTED \_IN PROCESS \_\_GOVERNMENT \_SCIENTIFIC BEING CONSIDERED \_\_YES: UNRESTRICTED \_\_INDUSTRIAL \_\_TRANSPORTATION \_\_NO \_\_MILITARY OTHER: 4 OWNER OF PROPERTY NAME Dennis and Karalyn Beals STREET & NUMBER 7618 Linden Avenue North STATE CITY, TOWN Washington Seattle 98104 VICINITY OF LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. King County Administration Building STREET & NUMBER 4th Avenue and James Street CITY, TOWN STATE Seattle Washington 98104 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS Seattle Landmarks Preservation Board DATE February 7, 1977 \_\_FEDERAL \_\_STATE \_\_COUNTY X\_LOCAL DEPOSITORY FOR Office of Urban Conservation - 400 Yesler Way SURVEY RECORDS STATE CITY, TOWN

#### CONDITION

#### **CHECK ONE**

**CHECK ONE** 

\_\_EXCELLENT

\_DETERIORATED

\_UNALTERED

X ORIGINAL SITE

\_\_GOOD \_\_\_RUINS

X\_FAIR \_\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Ballard Carnegie Library represents a typical small town Carnegie Library building. The two and one half storey building was designed with a compressed cruciform plan with a semi-circular apse to the rear of the building.

The main facade features a protruding enclosed pedimented portico with four colossal order pilasters with Corinthian capitals supporting the main entablature. The entablature, cornice and building soffit have pronounced modillions. The sheet metal frieze is floral ornamented and the architrave is plain masonry with raised letters stating "Carnegie Free Public Library". A stairway balcony interrupts the two central pilasters and is supported by two white marble columns with Ionic capitals. The sheetmetal balcony is slightly convex. Immediately behind the balcony and in the same plane as the pilasters is a stone voussoired round arch resting on a masonry respond with sheet metal imposts. Between the inner and outermost pair of pilasters on the first level are small round arched windows roughly half the size of the large arch. These arched windows are surmounted by a pair of elliptical "spider web" windows of leaded glass.

The walls are solid brick masonry. The entire exterior is surfaced with reddish brown gauged bricks set in running bond. The building rests on a rusticated stone foundation. The roof was originally metal tiled. The roof of the semi-circular wing remains as original but the main roof section has been covered with asphalt shingles.

The interior arrangement is an early version of what was to become typical of small town Carnegie libraries. The main floor had a circular main charge desk, radiating bookshelves in the apse and reading rooms in the side bays. An unusual feature of these reading rooms are fireplaces. A dual stairway in the main entry leads to a small mid storey balcony and continues to the second floor. The second floor has two small rooms off the stairway which were used as children's rooms and a large room which was first used as an auditorium and later as an expanded children's room. The interior of the library was finished in lath and plaster ceiling and walls, dark stained fir trim and suspended gas lights, later electrified.

Other than removal of radiating main stacks and installation of a main floor gas furnace, little change has occured to the building other than age associated deterioration.

## 8 SIGNIFICANCE

#### PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW \_\_PREHISTORIC \_\_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC \_\_COMMUNITY PLANNING \_\_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE \_\_RELIGION \_\_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC \_\_CONSERVATION \_\_1400-1499 \_LAW \_\_SCIENCE ECONOMICS EDUCATION \_AGRICULTURE \_\_1500-1599 \_\_LITERATURE \_\_SCULPTURE XARCHITECTURE \_\_1600-1699 \_\_MILITARY \_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN \_\_1700-1799 \_\_ART \_\_ENGINEERING \_\_MUSIC \_\_THEATER \_\_1800-1899 \_\_COMMERCE \_\_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT \_\_PHILOSOPHY \_TRANSPORTATION <u>X\_1900-</u> \_\_COMMUNICATIONS \_\_INDUSTRY \_\_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT \_OTHER (SPECIFY) \_\_INVENTION

SPECIFIC DATES 1904

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Henderson Ryan, Architect

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Ballard Carnegie Library is significant historically as a community cultural and education center for the Scandinavian immigrants who settled in the area. Architecturally the building exhibits an eclectic charm through its assemblage of roughly Italian classical details. The library also has the distinction of being Seattle's oldest library building, having narrowly escaped the wrecking ball at least twice.

Although not originating the free public library system in this country, Andrew Carnegie stimulated its development. There was a desperate need for library buildings in the United States during the late nineteenth century with many libraries housed in back rooms of stores and barber shops and the like. In the latter years of his life, Andrew Carnegie donated more than \$40,000,000. for the erection of 1,679 public libraries in 1,412 communities of the United States. The only stipulation in the grant was that the community applying must supply the site and authorize an annual maintenance of ten percent of the total amount contributed by Andrew Carnegie.

The independent city of Ballard privately raised \$2,500 for the purchase of a suitable site and recieved a grant of \$15,000 on March 27, 1903 for the erection of the library.

The Ballard Free Public Library served the community as a library from June 24, 1904 to its replacement by a new facility on June 7, 1963. Since Ballard's early population was predominately immigrant Scandinavians the library became a focus for attaining the communicative tools and cultural background necessary for the immigrant's successful adjustment to his new country. The library over the years was used for such ancillary functions as a classroom for English, naturalization and first aid classes. Since 1903 the building has become an accepted visual feature in the community. With the old Fire Station 18 across Market Street, a Seattle Landmark and National Register property, the old library represents an important sense of District continuity to Ballard residents.

The Architect, Henderson Ryan, came to Seattle around the turn of the century, beginning a prolific career in the area. He was born in Alabama and educated at the University of Kentucky. He designed or supervised construction on many early Seattle apartment buildings and residences. The Ballard Carnegie Library, the Waldorf Apartments on Pike Street and the Swedish Baptist Church (now the Baptist Tabernacle) also on Pike Street are among his buildings which are still in existence. He also designed the Liberty Theater (1914) on First Avenue, the Raleigh Hotel, the Moore Building, the Broadway Building, the Antonia Apartments, the Taylor Apartments and the Keen Apartments, all in Seattle; and the Telegraph Office in Nome, Alaska, which became a model for other offices across that Territory.

9 MAJOR BIBLIO	GRAPHICAL REFER	ENCES	
"Ballard Branch Library	y," Ballard News. Jun	ne 25. 1904	
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STREET & NUMBER	•		TELEPHONE
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Seattle	•	Was	shington 98103
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STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION	N OFFICER SIGNATURE June	m m u	Seleh 5/2/79
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To KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL	MEGISTER	•	V '/ '